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# St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

*Larger Loca[l] ... Greater Grow[th] ... and Real ... Than Any Sun[day] ... in St. Louis.*

VOL. 44, NO. 242. | ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 3, 1893. | PRIC[E] ... BY CARRIER, FIF[TEEN] ...

# THE SHOUTING

**All That's Left of This Mayoralty Campaign.**

**Party Leaders Now Calculating Ward Majorities.**

**MR. CARLISLE ISSUES UNUSUAL INSTRUCTIONS TO ELECTION OFFICERS.**

**Democrats and Republicans Each Claiming the Victory by Several Thousand Majority—Morning Showers and a Clear Afternoon—The Split Between the Wheelmen—Emil Thomas' Campaign—The Merchants' Exchange to Adjourn—Suggestions to Voters.**

Politicians working out in the wards all started when the first few drops of rain from the shower at noon to-day fell on them, and began to eye the sky anxiously. The leaders of both sides say that they want a full vote, and if to-morrow is a rainy day the vote will certainly be a light one. The Signal Service predicts light rains for the morning and a clear afternoon. In anticipation of bad weather, however, the ward managers have made extraordinary requisitions on the livery stables for all sorts of conveyances, and judging by their expressions at headquarters to-day, the registered voter who wants to stay away from the polls will either have to fight the workers sent after him or hide.

At both headquarters, the most unbounded confidence in the result is expressed. In the Republican headquarters, School Director Henry Bus, surrounded by a group of enthusiasts, told of a dream he had last night.

"I thought I saw a big black-board, a sort of bulletin board, I guess, and on it was written the whole Republican ticket elected Walbridge by 4,800 majority."

"What is that number, Mr. Bus?" asked a darkey, who had got up from his chair at the mention of a dream, and had been listening with all his ears.

"I thought it was 4,800," said the school director.

The darkey with much labor got out a huge pocket-book, took a little note-book from it and put down the number with stiff fingers in figures sprawling over all the page.

"What's that for?" asked the director.

"My dream may be a thousand or two too few."

"I'm goin' to play it," said the man, solemnly. "I'm goin' to play it on Louisiana this month."

Chairman Theodore Kalbfell said:

"It's a mere question of majority with us now. The Democrats can't win except by fraud, and we think we've got that blocked. We've got the votes."

DEMOCRATIC CONFIDENCE.

In the Bannerman headquarters to-day there were many fewer men than in the Republican headquarters. Most of the workers were out in the wards. Secretary E. W. Pocock said:

"We've got them on the vote. They need not talk about frauds, there's going to be none. We'll beat them on the straight vote."

The same feeling was in the air of the City Hall, which was surrounded all day by groups of politicians discussing the situation. In the Recorder's office, all the deputies were busy swearing in the judges and clerks of election and distributing to them the boxes and registration lists. There were 1,400 of these who came into the office during the day. They were let in one door and out another, and the line was kept moving all the time so there was no confusion. The Recorder gave to each judge a sheet of printed instruction, as follows:

INSTRUCTIONS TO JUDGES.

1. Attend the polls at 5:50 a. m., so that you will be able to open the polls promptly at 6 a. m. In case of the absence of any of the judges or clerks the law requires you to wait until 6:30 a. m. before the vacancies can be filled. It requires ten voters of the precinct to fill vacancies.

2. Instruct the police to allow no persons into the polling place except voters, and of them only one for each booth at the same time. If there be five booths, then admit only five voters at the same time. Each political party is entitled to a representative in the polls, only to witness the counting, with no power to challenge, and no right of interference. You will admit them only upon card from this office. Do not permit them to interfere with you in the performance of your duties. You must swear these representatives that they will not divulge to anyone the number of votes polled for any office or person.

3. You alone can instruct or help a voter prepare his tickets and only then when "he declares under oath to the judges having in charge the ballots that he cannot read or write, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot."

4. The Counting Judges must count the ballots every hour, and properly string and preserve them. All of the judges and clerks must sign the returns, which should be clearly written, so no mistakes can occur. The ballot boxes, with the ballots and returns, must be in this office by 11 p. m., else I will be compelled to send the proper officer after them.

5. Everything depends upon the faithful discharge of your duties. Do not leave the polls unless compelled, and only then for a short time. Do not allow party workers to solicit suffrage within 200 feet of the polling place. You will find full instructions in the pamphlet in the box. Should anything arise requiring the attention of this office, send one of the judges to the nearest telephone and call up 'Phone No. 723 and I will send a deputy immediately.

These instructions differ from those Recorder Carlisle has hitherto given his judges in one important respect it will be observed. If the boxes are not returned to the office by 11 o'clock, the Recorder will send a deputy after them. He will go in a carriage, bring back the judges and boxes and finish the count in the office.

THE POLLS AND THE RETURNS.

The polls will be open at 6 o'clock in the morning and will close at 7 in the evening. It is expected that the largest vote will be cast in the later hours of the afternoon, between 5 and 7 o'clock, and voters who can vote at any hour should go to the polls in the morning, between 8 o'clock and noon. Recorder Carlisle's office will be open all day. He has prepared cards to be issued to voters whom the judges refuse the right of voting on account of clerical errors. Any voter whose name has been misspelled, or whose residence is on the list incorrectly by error, ought to go to the Recorder's office, as soon as he learns of his plight at the polls, get a card and go back and vote.

The Republicans will get their returns from the election in Central Turner Hall. The Democrats will get theirs in the Mayor's office. Unusual vigilance will be exercised this time in the Chestnut Street Station, and nobody will be allowed inside except the newspaper representatives, copying the police returns.

**To Delegate Townsend's Credit.**

Mr. James H. Townsend, Democratic candidate for the House of Delegates from the Twentieth Ward, has received a very high indorsement from the voters in his ward, because of his firm and determined stand in the matter of shutting out the Bell telephone conduit franchise grab. Mr. Townsend did the proper thing under circumstances which would try the most experienced. Being a personal friend of Manager Durant, and bound by ties of friendship which date back to the time when he was a young telegraph operator under Mr. Durant, he had the courage to set duty above friendship and personal interest—a rare thing in the House—and vote against the Bell telephone bill, because he felt it was not a measure calculated to subserve the best interests of the city.

Mr. Townsend deserves the credit of having stopped this unfair measure at the home plate just as it was about to score a home run against the city. In the matter of closing up the North St. Louis wells Mr. Townsend was in favor of having it done, but there was such a strong majority in favor of leaving them open that he saw it was useless to try to do anything. The indorsement of the best element of the Twentieth Ward given Mr. Townsend speaks for itself and reads as follows:

*To the Voters of the Twentieth Ward:*

Your attention is earnestly called to the approaching election, April 4, when a member of the House of Delegates will be chosen to represent this ward for the ensuing two years.

We appreciate the urgent necessity for electing a conscientious, capable business man, and we ask your support, irrespective of party, for Mr. James H. Townsend, the present incumbent, who has been renominated for the position.

Mr. Townsend has made an honorable and praiseworthy record in the House, and if elected will continue to perform the duties of the office in an intelligent and conscientious manner. Dr. Wm. M. McPheeters, Jas. A. Seddon, Ben Eiseman, Theophile Papin, Jr., John I. Martin, Henry L. Edmunds, Edward S. Robert, Wm. Tope, Max Russack, A. Kohn, Robert H. Kern, P. C. Murphy, David Eiseman, Patrick M. Staed, Thomas J. Lonegan, J. D. Goldman, Max Judd, Edgar Skinner, Dr. A. V. L. Brokaw, H. A. Guinzburg, Jonathan Rice, John C. Hartnett, Thomas Halpin, D. A. Byrne, Jacob Meyer, John H. Overall, Thomas A. Russell, E. H. Newland, Robert Rutledge, Alfred Vandeventer.

**Jerry Coakley's Defense.**

Mr. Jeremiah Coakley, who is a candidate in the Twenty-fifth Ward on the independent ticket for the House of Delegates, sends the following card to this office concerning the accusations made against him by those opposed to him in the ward:

*To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:*

A local item in Sunday's POST-DISPATCH does me quite an injustice. Therefore I ask of you space that it may be corrected. In the first place, I was not an aspirant before the Democratic primary as a candidate for the House of Delegates, as your article alleged. My reasons for not being one are well known to the majority of the Democratic voters of the Twenty-fifth Ward, and particularly so to Louis P. Gray and John J. O'Neil, who were cheated out of a fair contest for the nomination by disreputable methods. I am a thoroughgoing Democrat on Democratic principles, but when it is necessary to be dishonest to be a Democrat, I must confess that I draw the line. I have always believed and understood that the POST-DISPATCH was a Democratic paper on a Democratic platform, namely an honest vote, fair count and justice to all contestants. This right is now and has been for several years, denied the honest Democrats of the Twenty-fifth Ward. I make this statement over my own signature and am prepared to prove it in a court of justice. I am perfectly responsible, being a large property holder in the ward, and if I have said anything that is not a fact the "political parasites" of the Twenty-fifth Ward, which this portion refers to, have their redress in the courts.

Secondly, The fact that I am compelled to work for a corporation in order to gain a livelihood should not depreciate my chances for election as against the man who makes his living off the public crib, and desires to give up a position in the City Hall paying $90 per month to accept one that pays $25 per month.

Will you, as an advocate of honest principles, explain to the voters the consistency of this move?

JEREMIAH J. COAKLEY.

1517 South Compton avenue.

**They Indorse No Candidate.**

At a called meeting of Local Union, No. 1, N. B. E. W. of A., the following resolutions were adopted and ordered published in the daily papers:

Whereas, Bro. M. A. Walsh has in his ardor to support a political candidate for Mayor of the city of St. Louis so far forgotten the regard due the integrity and intelligence of brother members of St. Louis Union, No. 1, N. B. E. W. of A., by allowing articles to appear in public print that reflect discredit on the members of Local No. 1; and

Whereas, He adds insult to injury by placing a card in the POST-DISPATCH over his own signature, which in no way can be deemed an explanation or apology for so gross an offense; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this body demand a public apology from Bro. M. A. Walsh; and be it further

Resolved, That we consider ourselves fully capable of choosing our own candidate, that no man or political party carry our vote in their pocket; and be it further

Resolved, That any brother so insulting our noble organization be reprimanded in the proper time and place; and be it further

Resolved, That Bro. M. A. Walsh be accorded the opportunity to explain and apologize, he failing to do so, that this union take steps to vindicate themselves regardless of any individual's feeling.

D. LAFFERTY,
President, St. Louis Union No. 1, N. B. E. W. of A.

M. L. PURKEY, Recording Secretary.

The members in publishing the resolutions state that they do not deny that M. A. Walsh was president of Local Union, No. 1, and that he filled the office with credit to himself and benefit to the union.

**Why the Boxes Were Withheld.**

Recorder of Voters Carlisle was up to his ears in business to-day. It was about the liveliest day he has experienced since the opening of the campaign. The judges and clerks had been notified to present themselves and be sworn and receive the boxes, poll-books, tally sheets and official ballots. The work progressed nicely for a while, but there finally came a hitch. The judges of the First, Second and Third Wards did not attend in a body as instructed, and the Recorder refused to give out the boxes and books. This decision started the report that Recorder Carlisle was actuated by the warnings of a morning paper to look out for frauds in these wards. Some of the judges from these wards who stood on the sidewalk and saw Sixth, Twelfth, Sixteenth and other ward boxes go out were not at all pleased.

James Cunningham, one of the Third Ward judges, said: "There is no reason for anybody to fear any tampering with the boxes so far as our ward is concerned, and I am surprised at Mr. Carlisle's decision."

Seen by a POST-DISPATCH representative Carlisle said: "The reason the boxes were not given," he said, "was because only one or two of the judges from each precinct put in an appearance. While they failed to come in obedience to the orders issued from his office, they will get the boxes before night, as steps have been taken to get all the judges here."

**Italians Misrepresented.**

Antonio Capestol, an Italian well-known in the city, writes to the POST-DISPATCH, saying:

"The story that the Italians are for Walbridge is false. The report of a meeting of the Italian club which appeared in a paper headed 'Italians Safely Republican' is not true. I was there and was one of the speakers for the Democrats. Nine of every ten Italian-Americans who can speak English are Democrats, and good ones, too. At that meeting only two or three spoke for the Republicans, and fifteen or twenty spoke for the Democrats. The President of the club, Mr. Priario, will testify to the truth of what I say."

The following statement sent to this office is pertinent to the above:

The statement in this morning's Globe-Democrat that the St. Louis Independent Italian Political Club had gone Republican is utterly false and we wish to deny it.

It was concocted by a dissatisfied, would-be leader who is not in our ranks.

You can rest assured that the club will vote the straight Democratic ticket from Bannerman down.

This statement is signed by Peter Zabarini, Louis Zoliozzi and John Fopiano.

**Theodore Ashcroft's Candidacy.**

James L. Blair, L. B. Ripley, Maj. Christensen and others residing in the Twentieth Ward have signed a petition calling attention to the candidacy of Theodore Ashcroft for the House of Delegates, commending him to their friends and voters. Mr. Ashcroft is the Republican nominee and stands committed to a policy of municipal reform.

**Sturgeon on Filley.**

Mr. Isaac H. Sturgeon, the Republican nominee for Comptroller, said to-day that there was not a shadow of foundation for the report that Filley and his lieutenants were going to knife Mr. Fishback and himself. "Mr. Filley," he said, "will, I know, support the entire ticket from Mayor down to the candidate for House of Delegates. Besides being a political friend, Mr. Filley and myself have been personal friends for years."

# BUT ONE HELD

**Seven Lake Shore Engineers Not in Contempt of Judge Ricks.**

**Men Who Really Quit the Company Cannot Be Punished for Boycotting,**

**BUT THE MAN WHO MADE A PRETENSE OF QUITTING MUST SUFFER.**

**The Injunction Prayed by the Ann Arbor Company Against Chief Arthur Granted—Text of Judges Ricks' and Taft's Decisions in the Several Cases—History of the Trouble Between the Company, Courts and Engineers.**

TOLEDO, O., April 3.—The United States court room was crowded this morning to hear the decisions of Judge Ricks in the cases growing out of the Ann Arbor strike. Judge Ricks' decision in the case of the engineers and fireman arraigned for contempt of court was first delivered, amid breathless attention. It was not as radical as the men feared and does not assume to compel men to work against their wills. Notice of appeal was at once given by Mr. Hurd.

Judge Ricks' decision is as follows:

"The suit was instituted by the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan Railroad Co., to compel the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Co., the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., and other defendants to receive from it and to deliver to it freight and cars destined from one State to another, commonly known as interstate freight. The bill was drawn to enforce the third section of the interstate commerce act, which provides

That it shall be unlawful for any common carrier subject to the provisions of this act to make or give any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to any particular person, company, firm, corporation or locality or any particular description of traffic in any respect whatsoever, or to subject any particular person, company, firm, corporation or locality or any particular description of traffic, to any undue and unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage in any respect whatsoever.

The common carriers subject to the provisions of that act are defined by the statute to be:

Any common carrier or carriers engaged in the transportation of passengers or property wholly by railroad or partly by railroad and partly by water when both are used under a common control, management or agreement, for a continuous carriage or shipment from one State or Territory of the United States or the District of Columbia to any other State or Territory of the United States.

"The subject matter of this litigation is therefore the construction and enforcement of an act of Congress, and the court acquires jurisdiction because of the Federal question involved. That such question is involved, I think, is too plain for serious controversy. It is sufficient to constitute a case or cognizance by a Federal Court if it involves but a single ingredient or question dependent upon the constitution or a law or a treaty of the United States, although it may at the same time involve any other questions that depend upon the general principles of law.

"Chief Justice Marshall in Osborn vs. United States Bank, 9 Wheaton, 738, considered this point and came to the following conclusion:

We think then, that when a question to which the judicial power of the Union is extended by the Constitution forms an ingredient of the original case, it is in the power of Congress to give Circuit Courts jurisdiction of that cause, although other questions of fact or law may be involved in it.

"Remedies of a similar nature might undoubtedly be invoked under statutes and the common law, but the act in question affords the broadest and most effective relief, and the jurisdiction is therefore safely grounded upon that law.

"Upon the filing of this bill on the 11th day of March, and upon application of the complainant to me at the Court Chambers in Cleveland, a mandatory injunction was allowed, directed to the defendants, their agents, officers, servants and employes, and it was therein ordered that

The said defendants, Albert G. Blair, Jacob S. Morris, the Pennsylvania company, the Wheeling & Lake Erie company, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern company; the Michigan Central Railroad Co.; the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad Co.; the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo Railroad Co.; the Toledo & Ohio Central Railway Co.; the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw Railway Co., and each of them and their officers, agents, servants and employes be and they are hereby enjoined and restrained from refusing to offer and extend to the said Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan R. R. Co. the same equal facilities for interchange of traffic in interstate business between said railroad companies as are enjoyed by other railroad companies, and from refusing from the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan company cars billed from points in one State to points in another State which may be offered to said defendant companies by said complainants, and from refusing to deliver in like manner to said complainants' line from points in one State to points in other States.

Ordered that a writ of injunction be issued out of and under the seal of this court as prayed for in the bill of complainant, to remain in force until the further order of court herein.

"The application for this order was made to me at Chambers, in Cleveland, late on Saturday night, March 11. The situation set out in the bill disclosed an emergency in which prompt action was necessary. I had granted a similar mandatory order in 1891, on a bill for an injunction filed in this court by the Wheeling & Lake Erie, and it was enforced with beneficent results as against its engineers, firemen and trainmen, who had refused to handle interstate commerce freight loaded on cars consigned to various ports on Lakes Superior and Michigan. The bill in this case clearly entitled the complainant to relief as against the defendants who were threatening to refuse to receive or deliver.

CHIEF ARTHUR RESTRAINED.

A BOYCOTT DECLARED A CRIMINAL CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE COUNTRY.

TOLEDO, April 3.—After Judge Ricks' decision was rendered in the case of the engineers and firemen, he proceeded to read the decision of the Circuit Court, composed of himself and Judge Taft, in the motion of the Ann Arbor Co., asking a temporary injunction against Chief Arthur restraining him from issuing an order which shall require or command any employe of any of the defendant railroad companies to receive, handle or deliver any cars of freight in course of transportation from one State to another from and to the Ann Arbor road and prohibiting him from in any way, directly or indirectly, endeavoring to persuade or induce any employes of the railroad companies whose lines connect with the Ann Arbor, not to extend to said company the same facilities for interchange of interstate traffic as are extended by said companes to other roads.

The decision, which was written by Judge Taft, grants the injunction prayed for and declares that if the members of the Brotherhood, in obedience to rule 12, boycott freight they "become guilty of criminal conspiracy against their country."

"A temporary restraining order was issued by me against Arthur. A hearing has since been had, and the question now is whether on the evidence produced the order shall be continued in force until the final decision of the case. The original bill was filed against eight railway companies. An amendment was afterwards filed making two new defendants, P. M. Arthur and F. P. Sargent. Sargent was subsequently discharged, as he was a non-resident of the district. As to Arthur, the amendment charges that he, as Chief of the Locomotive Brotherhood, exercises a controlling influence upon its members in all matters, and that one of its rules requires all its members in the employ of any railway company whenever an order to that effect shall be given by its said chief officer to refuse to handle or carry cars of freight from any other railroad company whose employes, members of said association, have engaged in a strike; that such a strike has been declared against the complainant by the members of the Brotherhood with Arthur's consent and approval; that Arthur now publicly announces that unless complainant shall submit to the demands of its striking employes, he will order the rule above stated enforced; that the rule is in direct contravention of the interstate commerce law, and is intended to induce the employes of the defendant companies to violate that law and the previous order of this court; and that Arthur with others is conspiring to that end.

"The jurisdiction of this court to hear and decide the case made by the bill cannot be maintained on the ground of the diverse citizenship of the parties. If it exists, it must arise from the subject matter of the suit. It invokes the chancery powers of this court to protect the complainant in rights which it claims under the act of Congress passed Feb. 4, 1887, known as the interstate commerce act, and an [act] amending it passed March 2, 1889. These laws were passed by Congress in the exercise of the power conferred on it by the Federal Constitution, 'to regulate commerce with foreign nations, among the several States and with the Indian tribes.'

"Counsel for defendant Arthur contend that the interstate commerce law and its amendments are only declaratory of the common law, which gave the same rights to complainant that it theretofore had, and this is not a case of Federal jurisdiction. The original jurisdiction of this court extends by act of Congress passed Aug. 13, 1888, to 'all suits of a civil nature, at common law or in equity where the matter in dispute exceeds, exclusive of interest and costs, the sum or value of $2,000 and arising under the constitution or laws of the United States.' The bill makes the necessary averment as to the amount in dispute. It is immaterial what rights the complainant would have had before the passage of the interstate commerce law. It is sufficient that Congress in the constitutional exercise of power has given the positive sanction of the Federal law to the rights secured in the statute and any case involving the enforcement of those rights is a case arising under the laws of the United States.

"The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is an association organized in 1863, whose members are locomotive engineers in active service in the United States, Mexico and the Dominion of Canada. Their number is 35,000. The engineers engaged with the defendant companies are most of them members of the Brotherhood. The purpose of the Brotherhood is declared in its constitution to be 'more effectually to combine the interests of locomotive engineers, to elevate their standing as such and their character as men.' These ends are sought to be obtained by requiring that every member shall be a man of good moral character, of temperate habits and a locomotive engineer in active service with a year's experience, and by imposing the penalty of expulsion upon any member guilty of disgraceful conduct or drunkenness, of neglect of duty, of injury to the property of the employer, or of endangering the lives of persons. A mutual insurance association is supported by the Brotherhood, in which every member is required to carry a policy, and there is an efficient employment bureau for the members. A strong and complete organization is maintained for the systematic government of the Brotherhood and its rules are well adapted to establishing and carrying out general and local plans with respect to the terms of employment of its members. Submission to these plans when once adopted by requisite vote is required of every member on penalty of expulsion. The management of controversies with employer companies is immediately with a chairman of a standing general adjustment committee for the particular railroad system involved and afterwards with the Grand Chief. The Grand Chief has large executive and judicial powers. He is the ultimate authority, always called on to adjust differences between members and their employer, and he is the one to whom appeals are made to settle disputes arising between members and subdivisions. He is also the head of the insurance company."

Judge Taft then runs over the happenings during the strike, stating that Arthur sent telegrams to eleven chairmen of the general adjustment committees on as many different roads notifying them that a legal strike was on and to obey the laws of the brotherhood.

"A legal strike in Brotherhood parlance means one consented to by the Grand Chief. His consent is necessary under the rules of the order to entitle the men thus out of employment to the three months' pay allowed to striking members. Arthur admits that the particular law to which he referred in this dispatch was one adopted by the Brotherhood at Denver three years ago, but which is not published in the printed copy of the constitution and by-laws. It is as follows:

Twelfth—That hereafter when an issue has been sustained by the Grand Chief and carried into effect by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers it shall be recognized as a violation of obligation for a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Association who may be employed on a road running in connection with, or adjacent to said road, to handle the property belonging to said railroad, or system, in any way that may be beneficial to the road with which the Brotherhood is at issue until the grievance, of whatever nature or kind, has been amicably settled.

"It is quite clear from the evidence that a violation of obligation is the highest offense of which a member can be guilty and merits expulsion."

Continuing, the decision dwells upon the action of the men in refusing to handle Ann Arbor freight, and the Judge says:

"Sec. 10 of the act provides that:

Any common carrier subject to the provisions of this act, or whenever such common carrier is a corporation, any director or officer thereof, or any receiver, trustee or lessee, agent or person acting for or employed by such corporation who, alone or with any other corporation, company, person or party, shall willfully omit or fail to do any act, matter or thing in this act required to be done, or shall cause or willfully suffer or permit any act, matter or thing so directed or required by this act to be done, not to be done, or shall aid or abet such omission or failure, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof in any district court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which such offense was committed, be subjected to a fine not to exceed $500.

"Under that section it will be seen that the engineers of the defendant companies refusing to handle interstate freight of complainant are guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to criminal prosecution.

"Sec. 10 in terms subjects to punishment only the common carrier company and its employes, but it is quite clear that any one, though neither a common carrier nor employe, failing or abetting in procuring the common carrier or its employes to violate the section would be punishable under it as a principle.

"All persons combining to carry out rule 12 of the brotherhood against the complainant company, if any one of them does an act in furtherance of the combination, are punishable under the foregoing section. This is true because, as already shown, the object of the conspiracy is to induce, procure and compel defendant company and their employes to refuse facilities to the complainant company for the exchange of interstate freight.

"In closing allusion should be made to that part of the original restraining order herein which compelled Arthur to rescind a direction he had already given for the enforcement of Rule 12. There was absolutely no way of maintaining the status quo between the parties (which is the proper office of a preliminary injunction), but by compelling at once a rescision of Arthur's act. The present was an extreme case. The injury threatened was willful, wrongful and criminal, and a mandate, though not a full equivalent remedy, was necessary and could by no possibility under the circumstances work any injury to anyone.

"The motion for a temporary injunction against defendant Arthur is allowed as prayed for."

ORIGIN OF THE FIGHT.

STORY OF THE STRIKE AND THE LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

The origin of the legal fight between the Lake Shore Railway and its employes may be stated briefly as follows: A strike of Brotherhood Engineers was in progress on the Ann Arbor road for increase of wages. Manager Ashley of the Lake Shore Line became apprised of a threatened boycott of his road, which was handling cars and freight of the Ann Arbor company. To checkmate this move on the part of the engineers he applied to Judge Ricks for an order restraining the employes from refusing to handle such cars and freight.

On the 17th inst., five engineers and three firemen of Lake Shore trains quit the service of the road, refusing to take their trains out because they contained boycotted Ann Arbor cars. E. D. Potter, counsel for the Lake Shore road, wired Judge Ricks of the United States District Court to come to Toledo and a Lake Shore special train brought him from Cleveland. He was rapidly driven to the Federal Building, where he issued orders that the eight men should be brought before him forthwith. They were found holding a meeting in the Brotherhood Hall. They were taken into custody by the Marshals, and were arraigned for contempt of the United States interstate commerce law.

JUDGE RICKS' FAMOUS ORDER.

Judge Ricks then read to the men his remarkable restraining order, which has attracted the attention of the whole country to this case. He said:

The order of the court was made in this case after due consideration, after full knowledge of its scope and possible consequences, and with the firm purpose to enforce it in its letter and spirit without unnecessary hardship, but with such promptness and vigor as might become necessary to give ample protection to all concerned. You are now before the court under an order based on affidavits to show cause why you should not be attached for contempt of court for refusing to obey the orders of the court, a copy of which has been duly brought to your attention, to suggest to you that you should not mistake the nature and importance of your employment. You are engaged in a service of public character, and the public is not only interested in the manner in which you perform your duties while you continue in the service, but is quite as much interested in the time and circumstances under which you quit that employment. You can't always choose your own time and place for terminating the relations. If you were permitted to do so you might quit your work at the time and the place and under circumstances which would involve irreparable damage to your employe, and jeopardize the lives of the traveling public. Your employers owe a high duty to the public which they are compelled to perform under severe penalty, and they have in turn a higher claim on you and your service than that due from the ordinary employe. The court does not assume the power to compel you to continue your service to your employers against your will, but it does undertake to compel you to perform your whole duty while such relations continue, and does further claim for the purpose of ascertaining whether its orders have been violated the right to determine when your relation to your employer legally terminated and when your obligations to observe this order ceased. It may in the meantime be important for you to reflect and consider whether you can safely proceed to continue in your employer's service with the purpose to quit at a moment when some duty may be required of you which is in violation of some supposed promise or obligation you owe another, not your employer."

**Harry Snyder's Remarkable Prediction.**

Said Mr. Harry M. Snyder, the well-known Democratic politician of the Nineteenth Ward, this morning:

"Last evening I celebrated my fifty-seven years in St. Louis, having a few friends as guests. The event recalled my celebration one year ago, when Gov. Stone was to have replied to the toast, 'Missouri Fifty-six Years Ago,' and John B. O'Meara to the 'Streets of St. Louis Fifty-six Years Ago,' and James Bannerman to the toast, the "Commercial Drummers a Commercial Benefactor.' On that occasion I predicted that I would see Stone, Governor; O'Meara, Lieutenant-Governor, and James Bannerman our next Mayor. The two former have been elected, and the 5th of the month will see James Bannerman Mayor of St Louis. Pretty good guessing. I now predict that four years from now will see Gov. W. J. Stone President of the United States."

**Religion and Politics Mixed.**

In the *Jewish Voice* of last week there appeared a card from a Mr. Rechintser calling upon all the patrons of the paper to vote for Walbridge for Mayor and setting forth reasons therefor. A great many of the leading Hebrews of the city take exceptions to this, not through any particular antagonism to Walbridge but upon the principle that the religious idea should not be brought into politics.

Mr. Jacob Furth, the commission man, said to-day, when approached on the subject:

"Yes, sir; I and a great many others are opposed to such a thing. Had they indicated that it was a paid advertisement we would not have said anything, but as it is we are very much opposed to such proceedings. We are free American citizens and claim our rights to freedom of political opinion entirely apart from religion. I and all other Hebrews are anxious for an absolute divorce between religion and politics, and do not want to have our religion used for political purposes."

**Emil Thomas' Peculiar Campaign.**

If City Marshal Emil Thomas is beaten it will not be because he has not been working for himself. From the day of his nomination he has been campaigning by himself. He has not gone to meetings with other candidates and never appeared on a platform by their side to make speeches. He chose to do this himself, but the Republican campaign managers did not exert themselves to make him change his mind. Barney Thorman, the Democratic opponent of Thomas, has been making much the same kind of a campaign, and has not appeared in the lists of Democratic speakers.

**Walbridge as an Opponent of Labor.**

The following card from a member of the Knights of Labor shows what laboring men think of the part taken by Col. Walbridge in the great Southwestern strike:

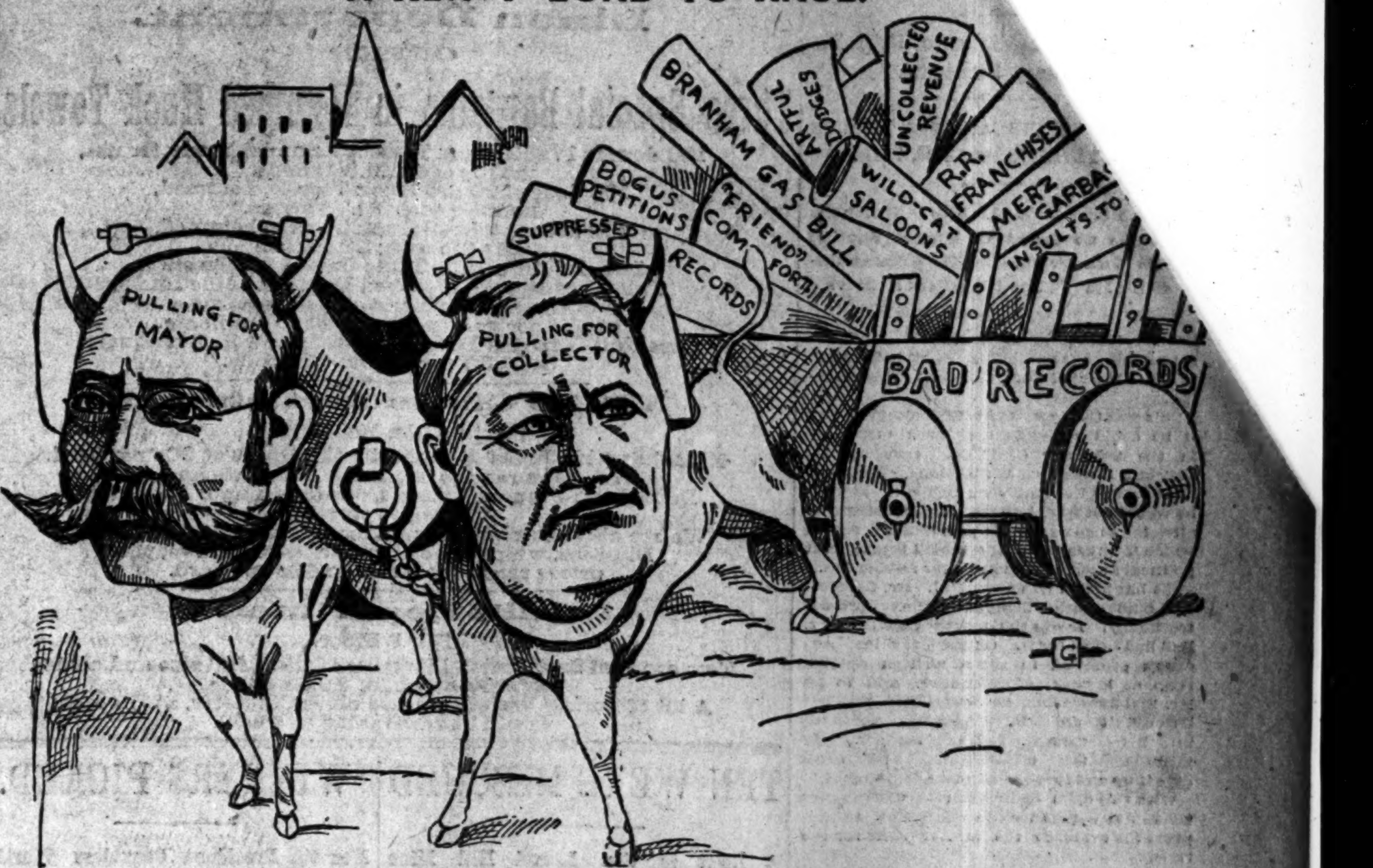
ST. LOUIS, April 3, '93.

*To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:*

DEAR SIR—In looking at this morning's Globe-Democrat my attention was attracted to a statement made by one J. J. McGarry, in which he says that the militia was not called out in the Southwestern strike of 1886. That is true. But does Mr. McGarry forget, or does he think for one minute that any one of the Southwestern strikers forgets that there was a strike on the Southwestern system in the spring of 1885, when Col. Walbridge did take his little band of dudes to Centerville, Mo., to shoot down the striking shopmen and road men then on a strike? Does he think the street car men who went on strike in 1881 will forget that Col. Walbridge did take his gun against them at the approach of the Eads Bridge? I think if all workingmen had as good memories as the Southwestern men of 1885 and 1886 (McGarry excepted), it would be a very bad day for Col. Walbridge to-morrow. Respectfully,

BERNARD McCOURT,
Charter member of L. A. 3,650, K. of L.

A HEAVY LOAD TO HAUL.




Official Acts Which the People Are Disposed to Criticise Harshly.

# PUT HER OUT.

**Mrs. Jennie Terrell's Husband Objected to Her Religion.**

**She Is a Catholic and He Has Joined the A. P. A.**

**THE WOMAN'S STORY ON MAKING APPLICATION FOR A WARRANT.**

**Her Husband, She Says, Joined the Catholic Church When He Married Her, but Afterwards Became Greatly Incensed Against the Romanists—His Statements About People Who Belong to That Church—A Family Disrupted by Religious Prejudice.**

Mrs. Jennie Terrell, whose husband, Daniel Terrell, keeps a stove and furnace store at 2943 Olive street, called at the Four Courts to-day and wanted to get a warrant against her husband, who she stated is a member of the A. P. A. and forced her to leave him because she would not give up her religion, she being a Catholic. She was compelled to leave her husband last Friday week, she stated, and he has their four children, the youngest of which is 8 months. She went back last Thursday, she said, but he refused to allow her even to nurse the baby, and she was compelled to leave again. She is stopping with a friend named Mrs. Aring, whose husband keeps a saloon at Tenth and Cass avenue. Mrs. Aring accompanied Mrs. Terrell to-day.

THE WIFE'S STORY.

"I married my husband in Canada," said Mrs. Terrell, "eight years ago. My people live at Drayton, Canada. My father was a farmer, but has given up his property to his children. My husband claims to be a Methodist, but does not go to any church. When we were married he became a Catholic. He was very nice and said that I could do whatever I wanted with him. He was baptized and went to confession and communion when we were married. He also said that I could bring up the children Catholics. For three years he lived as a Catholic and then began to change. When our first child was born he went with me to the church and had it baptized. He allowed the second child also to be baptized, but when the third child was born he would not allow it to be baptized, and I had it done without his knowing it. The baby is not baptized at all. I was afraid to have the ceremony performed. My husband don't know that the third child is baptized.

"When we were about three years married he began to talk about the Catholics and priests. The first demonstration he made was one day he came into the room and found me teaching my oldest little girl, Jennie, how to bless herself. She was about 2 years old at the time. My husband told me that if ever he caught me doing that again that he would kick me. He said that he would not allow any heathen practices in his house. He would never allow me to teach the children their prayers after that. We had a hired girl, who was a Catholic. One day my husband found her on her knees saying her prayers. He told her that if ever he caught her doing that again that he would throw her out of the window. He said that he would allow no Romans in his house.

"About two months ago he joined a lodge which I think is the A. P. A. from the way he talks. He carries a paper around with him and reads it and goes nearly wild. I heard him one day say to a man in the store that the A. P. A. was a great society. After coming home from a meeting of the lodge he sometimes gets out of bed and walks the floor, cursing and abusing the Catholics. He says terrible things. He talks vilely of relations existing between the priests and sisters. He also accused me of having improper relations with the priests. He has got to drinking, but he abuses the Catholics when he is sober. He says that we are going to have war, and that inside of a year the Catholics will all be driven out of the country, and the churches blown up with dynamite. One Sunday he said he wished he had a glass of beer, and I told him to go down to a certain saloon and get it, and he said that he had made a pledge not to spend a nickel with any Roman Catholic.

"I got one of the papers which he reads, and one night when he was at the lodge, I locked up the house and read it. It was terrible. The paper was called the *People's Union Mission*. The matter it contained is not fit to be mentioned. It was about the priests and Sisters and the House of the Good Shepherd. It said that the sisters keep young girls there for the priests.

"My husband insisted that our children should be brought up Protestants. I consented, but that did not satisfy him. He wanted me to give up my religion, too. That I could not do."

SHE BROKE DOWN.

At this point in her story Mrs. Terrell broke down and wept.

"When I told him that I would let the children be raised Protestants," she resumed, the tears streaming down her cheeks as she spoke, "I intended to try to get them back again when they grew up.

"I have not practiced my religion or gone to church since three years after our marriage, because my husband would not let me, but I can't give it up. My husband buried my scapulars and burned my prayer book."

NO REDRESS.

Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estep told Mrs. Terrell that he could do nothing for her, as it was she who had left her husband. Her only recourse was a suit for divorce or maintenance. She said that she went to her husband's house last night, and that it was closed up and dark. He had often threatened, she said, to take the children to his people, who live at Bellefontaine, O. She feared he had gone there with them. He had plenty of help she said, to take care of the children, as there were three women at the house. When she was there last Thursday, she said the baby cried to go to her, but her husband held it in his arms, she said, and would not let her have it.

She was asked if she had notified her people of her trouble, and she said that her sister knew of it but she had not written to her father. She has no relatives in this city. Her father, she said, was 70 years old, and she did not think that he would do anything for her. She married against his consent, and he told her, she said, that she would have to lie on the bed she made. She was born in Canada.

Her husband is in good circumstances, she said, now, but he had very little money when he married. She got $350 from her father. After they came to St. Louis her husband worked for the Brownell & Wight Car Co., she said, but had to leave she alleged on account of his peculiar views. Two of her children were boys, she said, and the other two girls. She left very much downcast at her inability to obtain any redress.

**EAST ST. LOUIS.**

**Great Interest Felt in To-Morrow's City Election.**

The election for city and township officers takes place to-morrow. Both the Citizens' and People's parties have full tickets in the field, and interest in the election runs high. These are the candidates on the Citizens' ticket: M. M. Stephens for Mayor, E. C. Schuetz for Clerk, Henry Roewe for Treasurer, C. B. Carroll for Attorney, T. J. Healey for Police Magistrate, Robert Cunningham for Alderman of the First Ward, C. C. Molla, Second Ward; R. A. Sullivan, Third Ward; G. H. Kemper, Fourth Ward; John Higgins, Fifth Ward; T. J. Daniels, Sixth Ward; T. H. White, Seventh Ward; John P. Enright for Assessor, Henry Maule, G. H. Trebbe and E. L. Owens for Assistant Supervisors, H. M. Wilson, S. A. Enloe, J. W. Williams, Frank Urban and Jesse Gray for Justices of the Peace; M. J. Lynch, J. J. Doyle, M. W. Conway, T. D. Slattery and Evan James for Contables. The People's candidates are: Chas. F. Hauss for Mayor, Jerry Kane for Clerk, Louis Cross for Treasurer, E. J. Eggman for Attorney, H. W. Davis for Police Magistrate, Martin Egan for Alderman of the First Ward, John Kickham, Second Ward; Louis Knauss, Third Ward; Joseph Geppert, Fourth Ward; James Donohue, Fifth Ward; Henry Lewis, Sixth Ward; W. H. Austin, Seventh Ward; Henry C. Boughan for Assessor, J. M. Boggeman, Charles Haeffle and C. J. Gorian for Assistant Supervisors; James White, P. B. Concannon, Moritz Oehler, Patrick McKane and J. D. Richards for Justices of the Peace; T. W. Kinsella, Robert Gray, James Lannigan, B. T. Blythe and J. H. Jacobs for constables. The independent candidates are: Frank Burke and Jerry Keane for Police Magistrate, M. F. Tissier and W. H. Wilson for Justices of the Peace, W. H. Duddleston and Joseph Jenger for Constables.

A verdict has been reached in the case of Mrs. Sarah E. Fellows against the Terminal Railway Association, the trial of which occupied three days in the City Court last week. Mrs. Fellows sued for $5,000 damages for the death of her son, who was killed by a train in the bridge yards. The jury gave her a judgment for the full amount.

**Belleville.**

Fire broke out about 3 o'clock this morning in a two-story building on the Market Square, between Illinois and High streets, owned by the Belleville Savings Bank. A man named Aug. Stoehr was burned to death and considerable financial loss was entailed by the fire. The building was occupied by Hans Schwarz, who publishes a small German daily paper called the Arbeiter-Zeitung. His office was in the lower story, and the rooms above were used as sleeping apartments. Stoehr, the man who was cremated, occupied one of the sleeping rooms. The fire originated in the second story, supposably in Stoehr's room, in some unknown way. It spread to Hucke's hardware store adjoining and did considerable damage to stock in the rear part of the upper story. It was discovered before it reached the lower floor of either building and was soon extinguished. As it was known that Stoehr occupied a room in the bank's building a search was made for him, and his dead body was found. Stoehr was a lone individual who was reputed to be a vender of lottery tickets. He was about 56 years old. Several months ago a dwelling in the West End in which he roomed was damaged by fire, and he was severely burned while rescuing a dog which had been his faithful companion for years. This animal perished with him last night. During the progress of the fire Police Captain Otto Kaysing met with an unfortunate accident. He was descending a stairway in the building, when he slipped and fell, and his left leg was fractured. The fire did no injury to the Arbeiter Zeitung office, but considerable damage was done by water. The total damage including the loss of the Savings Bank, Hans Schwarz and A. C. Hucke, was about $2,800, fully covered by insurance.

# ...PHS.

...n Succeeds in ...ourt Records.

...Aspiracy to Help His ...acy Successful.

...GIVEN AGAINST HIM IN ...SYLVESTER COAL CO. CASE.

...e Czar Used the Power Which the ...ople Conferred on Him to Further ...is Own Private Ends—Administration of 'a Public Office as a Private Snap.

Court Stenographer George K. Andrews sat nibbling the end of his pencil in his nook in the corner of Court-room N. 1 this morning.

This was the last day before election, and if he could withhold the Block testimony in the Sylvester Coal Co. case against Collector Ziegenhein a little longer he would have earned the Czar's gratitude, or at least he would not have incurred his displeasure by allowing to go out of his possession a record which if given publicity would injure that political autocrat's chances for re-election.

His happiness was disturbed. Mr. Leverett Bell made another demand for the suppressed testimony. It was the fourth time that Mr. Bell had asked for it. On Saturday last Andrews promised to get a written opinion from a lawyer of standing, and to let Mr. Bell know what he would then do. But he didn't do it. Andrews persisted in his refusal. He said: "My position is unchanged. I can't give it up and there is all there is about it."

With this calm determination to disregard the law in pursuance of a conspiracy to suppress the evidence the matter rests for the time.

The damaging evidence, according to report, was that Collector Zeigenhein, sued as a private individual, had threatened the Sylvester Coal Co. with officially pursuing them for back taxes if they did not desist in their effort to collect from him as a stockholder in a corporation.

Stenographer Andrews of Circuit Court No. 1 was in possession of the transcript of the testimony. Under instructions of Collector Ziegenhein and his attorney Andrews, an appointee of a Republican, refused to give out the transcript of this testimony though the law plainly says he must furnish any citizen with the testimony on the tender of the legally prescribed fee.

Of course he could be manhandled and compelled to give up the suppressed testimony, but this would take time. It cannot be done until after the election to-morrow, after which Ziegenhein's interest in suppressing the evidence will cease.

### Mr. Anderson and the Wheelmen.

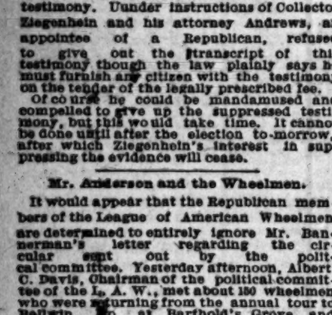
It would appear that the Republican members of the League of American Wheelmen are determined to entirely ignore Mr. Bannerman's letter regarding the circular sent out by the political committee. Yesterday afternoon, Albert C. Davis, Chairman of the political committee of the L. A. W., met about 150 wheelmen who were returning from the annual tour to Ballwin, Mo., at Barthold's Grove, and ...ced announcing Mr. T. Anderson for making public Mr. Bannerman's letter, urged that all members of the league vote for Mr. Walbridge. Mr. Anderson was not present when Chairman Davis addressed the wheelmen, but when he was informed of the character of Mr. Davis' remarks, he sent the POST-DISPATCH this afternoon the following card addressed to the members of the League of American Wheelmen:

"I appeal to you as fellow Democrats of the L. A. W. not to swerve from your principles on the 4th. Read Mr. Bannerman's letter in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH and you will find that he promises to do everything within his power, if elected Mayor, to maintain good streets. His letter was suppressed by the campaign committee of the L. A. W. in order to further the interests of the Republican candidate. Vote your principles and let your motto be "Bannerman and good streets.


## In the Spring

Many people are troubled with dizziness, dullness, unpleasant taste in the morning, and that "tired feeling." Pimples, boils and other manifestations of impure blood also appear, annoying and depressing.

To all such sufferers we earnestly urge a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla. No preparation ever received such unanimous praise for its success as a **Spring Medicine.** It cures scrofula, salt rheum and every other evidence of impure blood. It overcomes that "tired feeling" and all other debility.



*Mr. Geo. W. Twist*
Coloma, Wis.

## All Run Down

### A Puzzling Case—How Health was Restored

**Gained from 138 to 176 Pounds.**

"A few years ago my health failed me, and I consulted several physicians. Not one could clearly diagnose my case and their medicine failed to give relief. After much persuasion I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken several bottles and am much improved. From an all run down condition I have been restored to good health. Formerly I weighed 138 pounds, now

**HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES**

I balance the scales at 176 pounds. Hood's Sarsaparilla has been a great benefit to me, and I have recommended it to friends, who realize good results by its use."
GEO. W. TWIST, Coloma, Waushara Co., Wis.

**Hood's Pills** cure liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, indigestion. Try a box. 25c.



## Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS CO.

THIS WEEK.

**Linen Department.**

OFFER

**Three Special Bargains in Hemmed Huck Towels.**

100 dozens 17x32 Huck Towels, hemmed, ready for use,
At 10c each; $1.50 goods.
100 dozens 20x36 Huck Towels, hemmed,
At 12½c each; $1.75 goods.
100 dozens 24x42 Huck Towels, hemmed,
At 21c each; $3 goods.
Lot of 6-4 Chenille Table Covers at 98c each.
Full 2 yards wide Bleached Damask Table Linen,
extra soft finish and choice patterns,
at 87c per yard; will cost $1 to duplicate.
Case Full Bleached Damask Napkins, 19 inches square,
at $1.50 per dozen; $2 goods.

**White Goods Department,**

South Aisle, Main Floor.

42 inches wide Jones' Manchester Cambrics at 20c per yard.
We are in receipt of a most complete line of
Dotted and Figured Swisses, our own importation, and
the prices correct.
We are also showing a magnificent line of Printed Indian
Dimities, which we call special attention to; the
prices range from 30c to 40c per yard.

**Quilt Department,**

Third Floor.

Two cases of Soft Finish Marseilles Quilts, full size and choice patterns, at $1.75; $2.25 goods.
A lot of Spring Weight Cheese-cloth Comforts, at $2 each; would be reasonable at $2.50.


# TEN WERE RESCUED

### A Blast in the Laurel Hill Mine Causes Disaster.

### WATER POURS INTO THE DRIFT, IMPRISONING THE MEN.

### Volunteer Crews Go to Their Rescue and All But Two Are Saved—Terrible Excitement in Hazelton—Explosion of a Locomotive Boiler Fatally Scalds Three Brakemen—Struck by Lightning.

HAZLETON, Pa., April 3.—At 9:30 o'clock this morning another mine horror occurred just on the outskirts of this city. The mine is known as the Laurel Hill, and is operated by Pardee Bros. The nature of the accident was almost a repetition of the Jeanesville disaster of two years ago, when eighteen men were drowned.

The report that the water now standing in the Sugar Loaf Mine had burst into the Laurel Hill and that a cave-in had occurred was first circulated. About 800 men are employed in this mine. The effect produced by the report of the accident was electrifying. In less than five minutes 10,000 persons were hurrying to the scene of the disaster. Among the first to arrive was Frank Pardee, one of the operators. His intention of descending the ill-fated mine was barely announced when twenty miners stepped forward to accompany him. They were at once lowered into the pit, and when the carriage returned Mine Superintendent Durkin headed ten more rescuers, boarded it and were immediately dropped into the fateful mine.

The mine is now working the sixth lift with the seventh in progress of sinking. The fifth lift is the one in which the accident occurred and is over 600 yards below the surface. Although the engines were taxed to their greatest running velocity, the movement of the mine cage seemed like hours to the thousands of anxious friends and relatives who had congregated about the mouth of the slope.

#### A PARTY RESCUED.

Supt. Durkin and his band of rescuers had barely reached the bottom when the signal to hoist again was given. It had on board a crowd of three grimy, excited miners. These three men had been caught by the tremendous rush of the water and were carried by it to the foot of the slope. The three sustained serious injuries, caused by being knocked against timbers. They were speedily conveyed to their homes.

The first authentic information of the disaster was then made known and proved a source of great relief to the throng of persons assembled. The story of the flood so far as can be ascertained at this writing is as follows:

#### DROWNED IN PONTCHATRAIN.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 3.—Thos. B. Kelly and his wife, W. B. Knops, a stenographer; Thomas Smith, an engineer; Ed Smythe; Miss Mamie Macue, aged 16; Mary Flynn, 18; Agnes Flynn, 15; Maggie Shepard and Ettie Kelly were yesterday enjoying a sail on Lake Pontchatrain. When a mile and a half out the sloop capsized, drowning Miss Kelly, Mary and Agnes Flynn. The father of the drowned sisters swears he will kill Kelly on sight, as he was to blame for the accident.

#### A NATURAL GAS EXPLOSION.

DETROIT, Mich., April 3.—A terrific explosion, caused by the leakage of natural gas, resulted in the almost total destruction of the new six-story Cleland Building, 39 State street. The total loss is estimated at $20,000. Strange to say no one was injured by the explosion.

#### POISONED BY HEMLOCK ROOT.

THREE RIVERS, Mich., April 3.—Saturday afternoon four children of Fred Horn ate of the roots of water hemlock. Yesterday morning the 10-year-old daughter died from the effects of the poison. The three other children, ranging in age from 4 to 12 years, are not expected to live.

#### STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

SEDALIA, Mo., April 3.—Mrs. Matilda Fryer of Denver, Colo., was struck by lightning at 6 o'clock this morning while standing in the farm yard of her brother-in-law, John Stotts, who lives five miles southeast of Sedalia. She is in a comatose condition and is not expected to recover.

#### The Goddard Divorce Case.

In the Goddard divorce case pending in Judge Harrison's Court, in which alimony pendente lite was granted the wife, the Scarratt Furniture company garnisheed the wages of Goddard for a furniture bill contracted by the wife. Goddard cited the company to appear for contempt. Judge Harrison this morning dismissed the proceeding stating that the company's garnishment could not hold, but at the same time there was no contempt of court in the proceedings.

#### Matrimonial.

From Texas Siftings.

Mrs. Candid Talker, a fashionable lady living on Madison Square, New York, called on a lady friend and found her petting one of those pug dogs.

"Where did you get that animal?" asked Mrs. Candid.

"My husband gave it to me to remember him by when he was away traveling."

"What a horrid, nasty-looking brute he is."

# WINNERS PICKED.

### Men the President Considers Worthy of Public Trusts.

### A LIST OF NOMINATIONS SENT TO THE SENATE BY HIM TO-DAY.

### Treasury Places and Post-Offices Filled by Faithful Party Men—Axman Maxwell Continues the Reign of Terror—A Court That Begins Its Life on the Record To-Day in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate:

William Ed Curtis of New York to be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, vice Genio M. Lambertson, resigned.

Charles S. Hamlin of Massachusetts to be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, vice John H. Gear, resigned.

James H. Eckels, of Illinois, to be Comptroller of the Currency.

James F. Meline, of the District of Columbia, to be Assistant Treasurer of the United States.

T. Stobo Farrow, of South Carolina, to be Second Auditor of the Treasury.

John B. Brawley, of Pennsylvania, to be Auditor of the Treasury.

Dudley O. Watson, of Michigan, to be Collector of Customs of the District of Michigan.

#### POSTMASTERS.

Iowa—Francis A. Glass, Cresco.

Illinois—Stephen Oliver, Griggsville; Miss Rebecca Snahe, Petersburg.

Indiana—Orris T. Dickerson, Spencer; Albert A. May, Cannelton.

Kansas—Frank Mapes, Kansas City.

Kentucky—Horace C. Ashton, Flemingsburg.

New Mexico—Charles Bull, White Oakes.

Ohio—Wm. Dairymple, Nelsonville.

Tennessee—John W. Clark, Ripley.

Texas—D. W. Nash, Cuero.

#### A COURT'S BIRTH.

IT HAS NO JUDGES AND NO HABITATION, BUT IT HAS JURISDICTION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—This is the birthday by act of Congress of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia. The court has no judges, bar nor habitation yet. The lawyers of the city are hoping that President Cleveland will nominate the judges to-day, but it is reported that he intends to delay a week or more before sending the names of the Senate.

The entire appellate jurisdiction of the court in general term is given to the Court of Appeals, and the new court has an additional appellate power besides; that is, the hearing of patent interference cases appealed from the decision of the Commissioner of Patents. The general term had to do only with ex parte patent cases, the refusal to issue patents by the Commissioner being the most frequent ground of appeal. When Congress vested the power of decision in patent interference cases in the Court of Appeals it may have been imposing a greater burden than it reckoned on.

Heretofore the Commissioner of Patents has been the highest resort for litigants over interference. From the decision of the examiner of interferences an appeal lies to the Board of Examines in Chief and thence to the Commissioner in person. There are about fifty interference contests decided every month. About one-quarter of these cases have been appealed to the Commissioner. It is estimated that no less than seven of these cases will be taken to the Court of Appeals each month. Intricate questions of machinery, chemistry and the arts, as well as inspection of the patent laws and rules, as well as the inventions are involved. Before appeal could be had from the Commissioner under the old arrangements of the courts there was another method of getting these cases into court. Either party to a case has a right under sec. 4915 of the revised statutes to file a bill in equity to contest de novo. The difficulties and expense of this proceeding were so great that it was used only in a small proportion of cases. The whole ground of the controversy, which generally involves expert testimony, has to be retraveled.

There is a widespread opinion among legal men that it is a mistake to give the jurisdiction of patent cases to any but a special court. The questions involved are almost entirely technical ones, requiring for their intelligent solution branches of knowledge in which the average jurist is not versed. It is but a question of time, say the lawyers, when a special court for this work will be established.

Although the appellate power is taken away from the court in general term, some authority is still left to it. It still regulates the rules of the Supreme Court of the District, grants admission to the bar and appoints examiners in chancery and constables. For those who do not understand the past workings of the Supreme Court of the district it may be explained that it consists of six judges. Three of these have held special terms, the circuit, equity and criminal courts, and the other three have sat in general term as an appellate court deciding cases appealed from the special terms.

For the future, or at least for a time, until the dockets are cleared of their accumulations, the six judges will hold special terms. There will be two criminal courts, two circuit courts and two equity courts. Only occasionally will there be any business requiring the judges to meet in general terms. One peculiar result of the new law is that the police court is made co-equal with the Supreme Court of the United States. This arises from the fact that while the act establishing the appellate court abrogates the right of the police court to appeal to the court in general term it fails to make any provision for an appeal to the Court of Appeals. Hence the decision of the police court in all matters coming within its jurisdiction is final. It is not likely, however, that the police court will make any effort to encroach upon the jurisdiction of the supreme court, having already too much business on its hands to spend any time in helping the Supreme Court out in its work.

The police court is not the only court, however, that is made absolute in its power, the circumstances in its case applying to all of the justices of the peace courts in the city. It is, of course, possible in important cases to get the decision of the higher court in a case that would naturally go first to the police court by carrying the papers after filing to the higher court on the ground of concurrent jurisdiction.

#### SENATOR POWER ON THE NEW SENATORS.

NEW YORK, April 3.—"I think the sentiment among Senators is growing in favor of seating the three men appointed by the Governors of Montana, Washington and Wyoming," said T. C. Power of Montana to a reporter at the Fifth avenue Hotel. "What changes their opinions?" he was asked.

"Various things," he replied. "The lawyers, or some of them at any rate, say the law in this case gives the Governor power to appoint whenever a vacancy occurs and whether or not the Legislature is in session at the time makes no difference. I am not a lawyer, but I look at the question as a business proposition."

"You think they should be seated?"

"Yes; it seems to me those States should have their full quota in the Senate. It is the right of the State to have Senators. Now, how is this to be brought about unless the appointees are seated? I think some other Senators take the same view of the case. Mr. Washburn, who has been quoted as opposed to the adoption of the report giving these men their seats is not a lawyer. He will come around to favor the report."

"What will come of the proposed investigation of Senator Roach of North Dakota?"

"Nothing, I think. Since he went to Dakota Mr. Roach has been an exemplary citizen. He stands high among the business men in his State and among politicians. Western men generally hold him in high repute and the Western Senators do not like to hear a word spoken against him. They are averse to making any allusion to the charges."

"What about the charges recently made of corruption in your own election years ago?"

"There is nothing in those charges. I should be glad of an investigation. In fact it was by resolution in the Senate which asked for an investigation."

#### A CONTRACT-LABOR RULING.

SUSPENSION BRIDGE, N. Y., April 3.—A decision rendered by Collector J. J. Blow, of this city, bids fair to terminate the bitter rivalry that has existed for years between the laborers on the American side of the river and those on the Canadian side. It costs much less to live in Canada than in the United States; consequently the workmen across the border have had an advantage over the Americans. Finally an adjustment has been brought about by Maj or Low's interpretation of the contract labor law as advised by Secretary Carlisle, which he thinks relates to contracts made in a foreign country only. According to this reading of the law, a contract made in the United States, although made with a foreigner, is not prohibited by any existing law. The collector says he has no authority to close the gates against foreign laborers, hence the laborers on this side will have to retire with their complaints. The customs collectors have only lately been invested with the power to adjust immigration and alien labor troubles and Collector Low is now ordering the disposition of scores of complaints that have been entered by domestic laborers.

#### VETOED ONE.

### Gov. Stone Will Not Permit Kansas City Bonds to Become State Securities.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 3.—The Governor this morning sent to the Secretary of State, with his approval, the following bills:

Senate bill 102, exempting cities and towns from road-tax.

Senate bill 124, appropriating money for topographical survey of Southeast Missouri.

Senate bill 186, authorizing construction of electric railways in counties county seats.

Senate bill 257, providing for the establishing and maintaining parks and boulevards in cities.

The Governor vetoed House bill 822, permitting Kansas City registered bonds to be accepted as security for State deposits.

# WALBRIDGE'S

## VOTES, METHODS AND ASSOCIATES DENOUNCED BY THE GLOBE-DEMOCRAT.

The *Globe-Democrat*, which is now daily urging St. Louisans to vote for Walbridge as a fit man for Mayor, held quite a different view a year ago and theretofore. Its opinion then was based upon disgraceful and sensational facts, which facts have not been altered by the lapse of time.

On Dec. 16, 1890, after a junketing trip over a large part of the United States as guest of the Mers Corporation, Mr. C. P. Walbridge, present candidate for Mayor, reported favorably on the Garbage Bill, which the *Globe-Democrat* denounced thereafter as:

"The most Gigantic Swindling Scheme ever Fastened on the City, knocking $100,000 annually out of the City Treasury."

The following extracts from the *Globe-Democrat's* report of the Council meeting, at which the bill passed, are pertinent:

The *Globe-Democrat* of Friday morning, Dec. 19, 1890, said, editorially:

"The Mers contract swindle will probably go through the Council to-night. Its passage will emphasize the necessity for an independent ticket in the spring."

In its report of the final passage of the bill, the *Globe-Democrat*, Wednesday morning, Dec. 24, said: * * * * * The contract of the St. Louis Reduction Co. was then taken up for discussion.

"Mr. Nelson objected to the passage of the bill. * * * * *

"The question was finally put to a vote, and the contract was approved by a vote of 9 to 4. The vote was as follows:

"Yeas—Bensiek, Comfort, Rohan, Hoolan, Meier, Metcalf, Sloan, Vogel, WALBRIDGE. Noes—Cole, Ganahal, Horton, Nelson.

The *Globe-Democrat*, on Wednesday morning, Dec., 24, 1890, said, editorially: "The Mers contract passed the Council last night. It would be well for the City Hall gang to push their jobs through to a finish before the 1st of April. After that time there will be a set of men in charge of affairs who will not be friendly to such schemes."

The garbage job, which has been engineered by the *Globe-Democrat's* present mayoralty candidate, Mr. Walbridge and his present friend, Mr. Comfort, rankled in the bosom of the *Globe-Democrat* for many months, and on March 4, 1891, it said, by way of warning to the Republican Convention, which was then to ensue:

"Mr. C. D. Comfort, if nominated for the Council on the Republican ticket, will not only be defeated, but will defeat the ticket that has the cheek to carry him as a candidate. This is confidential."

Ten days later the convention met and the *Globe-Democrat*, on March 15, 1891, published the following concerning Comfort and his friend Walbridge:

"The Republican City Convention, called to nominate six candidates for the City Council, met yesterday afternoon at Central Turner Hall * * * Col. C. D. Comfort was the personification of ubiquity about the hall before the convention met, and Col. CYRUS P. WALBRIDGE, President of the City Council, was also conspicuously visible about the hall and was particularly zealous in converting delegates to his theory of Col. Comfort's great usefulness in the Council."

With the Walbridge-Comfort Garbage Contract still fresh in mind, the *Globe-Democrat* on Monday, March 16, 1891, said, editorially:

"St. Louis enjoys the distinction abroad of having the most corrupt city government in the United States. It is notorious on Wall street that almost any franchise granted by the Municipal Assembly can be duplicated for less than $2,000."

On Friday, March 27th, 1891, the same paper, referring to the ticket which Mr. Walbridge worked so zealously to nominate, said:

"One term in the Council at the prevailing rates for franchises and things ought to be enough for any boodler.

"The Blear-Eyed Goddess of Boodle is weeping earnest and onionless tears over the prospects of defeat that stare three of her friends in the face.

"There are three men on the Republican ticket who might, if elected, hypnotize the funds set apart for the construction of the new City Hall."

Finally, on Sept. 8, 1892, eighteen months later, the *Globe-Democrat* made use of the garbage contract as a means of assault on Mayor Noonan, the purpose being to show that the Mayor was an interested party, who worked with the Council combine for the passage of the bill.

Concerning this measure, which Mr. Walbridge junketed over ten States to advance, the *Globe-Democrat* said:

"In casting about for corruption and crookedness in our city affairs the investigators can hardly overlook the St. Louis Sanitary Co., which, through the efforts of Mayor Edward A. Noonan, has certainly secured the capital prize of municipal favoritism. Through the "liberality" and "generosity" of the City Council this corporation with an investment not exceeding $150,000 is enabled to reap a harvest of nearly 100 per cent. Of this immense profit, in the neighborhood of 75 per cent is a clean rake-off from the municipal treasury, and the balance is cleared on the product from raw material furnished by the city. Not only is the raw material furnished by the city, but the company is paid $27,500 per year for collecting it and hauling it to its own plant. * * * * *

The ordinance was bitterly opposed, and has gone on record as one of the most hotly contested measures that ever came before the Municipal Assembly. N. O. Nelson and Councilman Nelson Cole led the opposition, and the ordinance was characterized as a fraud and a swindle in numerous instances. The scheme smacked so loudly of jobbery that it came near failing to pass, but through the "influence" of the Mayor and certain of his political advisors, the ordinance was passed and the St. Louis Sanitary Co., with its odoriferous plant, was saddled upon the city for a period of ten years.

#### A FAT CONTRACT.

In summing up it may be said that the city pays $60,000 per annum as a bonus to the company for "reducing" its entire amount of garbage and offal, while not more than 60 per cent at best goes through the process and the remainder is dumped into the river contrary to law. In addition the city pays an inspector $1,200 and two weighers $1,000 yearly, while the company furnishes but one plant, and there is really nothing for one of the weighers to do. Thus $63,200 is paid out of the City Treasury, for which the city derives absolutely no benefit. Over and above this $27,300 a year is paid out for hauling the garbage and dead animals, out of which the company realizes a snug profit. In return the city has Secretary Blakeley's admission that the work is not half done.

Referring to the odious Branham Gas Bill, for which Mr. Walbridge rendered valuable service, the *Globe-Democrat*, on Thursday, Feb. 19th, 1891, said:

"The new gas bill in the Municipal Assembly means more boodle for the boys."

Discussing the same gas bill, for which Mr. Walbridge voted, the *Globe-Democrat* of Monday, March 16, 1891, said editorially:

"The new gas bill has lots of money in it for the Municipal Assembly, and its passage will bring boodle to to the boys. Of course, the consumers will get no benefit from it. The idea that gas bills are introduced and passed for the benefit of consumers is one of the unique fictions of local legislation."

#### FLORENCE BURNED.

### A South Carolina Town Looses a Quarter of a Million.

FLORENCE, S. C., April 3.—Fire broke out this morning in the grocery store of D. F. Parker by the explosion of a kerosine lamp. At least a score of buildings have been destroyed. Among them are the Central Hotel, Bank of the Carolinas, City Hall and Knights of Pythias and the hall in which was located all the paraphernalia of the various secret societies in town and the derrick building. Several firemen were injured by falling walls. The estimated loss at noon is $250,000.

#### SMOKED A CIGARETTE FACTORY.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The seven-story brick building, 709 and 711 Second avenue, with a frontage of 50 feet on East Thirty-eighth street, which was formerly occupied by the firm of W. Duke & Sons as a cigarette factory, but more recently by the American Tobacco Co. as a manufactory of smoking and chewing tobacco, was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. James B. Duke places the loss at $400,000. This loss is wholly covered by insurance. Between 500 and 600 girls were employed in the building. The news of the disaster had scarcely reached the managers of the company when arrangements were made to send them all to Baltimore, where they will find temporary work in the factory of Gail, Ax & Co. The employes will leave for Baltimore to-day.

#### FOUR BLOCKS DESTROYED.

CLARKSVILLE, Va., April 3.—Four blocks of buildings in the business part of the city have been destroyed by fire and two negroes lost their lives trying to save some tobacco. The fire apparatus would not work, so the citizens were practically helpless. The total loss is about $80,000 on buildings and about $60,000 on tobacco and stock in the stores. Many families are left homeless and destitute by the fire.

#### CAR HOUSE BURNED.

NEWARK, N. J., April 3.—The car house of the Newark & Orange Electric railway at Roseville was burned to the ground at 2:20 o'clock this morning. The loss will reach $150,000.

#### BIG FIRE AT MONTROSE, PA.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 3.—Lyman's confectionery establishment, Sayer & Schaefer's hardware store and three other buildings at Montrose were burned this morning. Loss, $60,000; covered by insurance.

#### WOMEN IN POLITICS.

### Mrs. Anna Potter the Suffragists' Candidate in Kansas City, Kan.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., April 3.—The women are taking the town by storm in the election contest that is to take place here next Tuesday. The registration is large and the women are taking an interest in their own candidate, Mrs. Anna Potter. A new law in Kansas provides that liquors, cigars and carriages cannot be used to secure votes and this will keep a large loafer element out of the contest. Women are openly seen electioneering, and all three candidates are working hard for their votes, the majority of which, however, will go to Mrs. Potter. The law provides that foreign born women whose husbands are naturalized may vote if registered. This in itself has been an issue for bitter strife.

#### WOMEN ARE INTERESTED.

DETROIT, Mich., April 3.—Reports from all portions of the State show that the elections to-day are passing off quietly, and that a large vote for a spring election is being polled. The people are voting for a Justice of the Supreme Court and two regents of the State University at Ann Arbor. There are also amendments to the state constitution to be voted on. One is relative to the increase of salaries of State officers, and another is to give the Legislature authority to create county and township boards of highway commissioners with a view of making good roads. In Detroit the women are taking an active part in the election for school inspectors, over 5,000 of them registered and the indications are that nearly all will vote.

#### The Merchants' Exchange to Adjourn.

In order to allow the members of the Merchants' Exchange to participate in the election it was this morning voted to adjourn until Wednesday. There will be no session of the Exchange to-morrow.

#### CHLOROFORM OR PLEURISY.

### "Gen." A. L. Pearse Found Dead in His Room on Olive Street.

Arthur L. Pearse, who is supposed to have been connected in an official capacity with the army at one time, was found dead in his room at 2634 Olive street with an empty vial which had contained chloroform clenched between his cramped fingers. The deceased was called "Gen." Pearse and seemed to have no regular occupation. He was taken to the house at 2634 Olive street, which is conducted by William Steinkuehler by Mr. J. G. Calkins, a real estate man, who was for some time connected with an East St. Louis realty enterprise. Mr. Calkins introduced him there and he was assigned a room on the second floor. Pearse dressed well and his conversation convinced everybody in the house that he was a gentleman of education and refinement. He was taken ill about four days ago and seemed to suffer greatly with pains in the side. He told Mr. Steinkuehler that it was an attack of pleurisy but he expressed the belief that he would recover without the help of a doctor.

#### Make Up Your Mind to Go.

A special excursion for North Galveston, Tex., will leave St. Louis, Mo., April 11, 1893. Remarkable inducements are offered. For particulars apply to W. T. Dixon, 601 Wainwright Building, Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

#### Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued today:

| | |
|---|---|
| Christopher Marugg | 319 S. Broadway |
| Annie Arabein | 216 Clark av |
| John Merz | 2920 Pennsylvania av |
| Matilda Altmeyer | 1451 S. Broadway |
| Thomas J. Compton | Sonoma Co., Cal |
| Prisca H. Vogel | 2634 Lafayette av |
| George H. McWhorter | Girard, Ill |
| Elizabeth Davis | St. Louis, Mo |
| Joseph Bisch | 2909 Lemp av |
| Teresa Metzger | 217 Geyer av |
| Frank Hinehan | 1200 S. 10th st |
| Katherine Bajer | 1200 S. 10th st |
| Basset Myers | 3133 Lucas av |
| Margaret Bodan | 2707 Bernard st |
| Robert E. Gregg | Columbia, Mo |
| Mollie A. Loring | 3331 Morgan st |
| Charles Schwaderer | Waukee, Io |
| Selma Weimers | 908 Dock st |
| Ferdinand Bergov | 1411 S. 8th st |
| Mary Wegmann | 520 New Manchester rd |
| Alfred L. Sage | 1720 Franklin av |
| Clara L. Calvert | 7511 S. 9th st |
| Arthur Lewis | 3726 Rutger st |
| Bella Vaughn | 3901 Papin st |


PURE 18-KT GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.


#### Deaths.

BASCOM—April 2, ARTHUR MILTON BASCOM, youngest son of W. S. and Jennie Bascom, aged 4 years and 6 months, of diphtheria.

Funeral private.

BURKE—On Monday, April 3, at 3 a. m., MARY BURKE.

Funeral from the family residence, 1442 O'Fallon street, Tuesday, April 4, at 2 p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

KROEGER—HENRY KROEGER died suddenly this day at 3 a. m.

Funeral from his late residence, 3857 Gratiot avenue. Due notice of time will be given.

PETERSEN—At residence, 1101 Biddle street, on Monday, April 3, at 11:15 a. m., ANNIE PETERSEN, daughter of Mrs. Mary A. and the late John Petersen, sister of Joseph W. Petersen, aged 25 years and 4 months.

Due notice of funeral will be given.


Forced Sale at the Globe.

Fine Baltimore Tailor-made Cassimers and Worsted Suits and Spring Overcoats from $4.50 to $13, fully worth double the money. GLOBE, 701-713 Franklin avenue.


#### A Narrow Escape.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

A farmer in Camden County last week fell asleep under a tree. While slumbering, with his head against the tree, his dog got after a large gray squirrel which, in its haste to reach a place of safety, jumped in the farmer's mouth, using it for a knot-hole. The farmer, not being used to such games, disgorged the squirrel with an effort and it is said has not fully recovered yet.

#### Political Notes.

There will be a big Democratic meeting in the Sixteenth Ward at Teutoner Hall, Twenty-second and Montgomery streets, this evening. Addresses will be made by James Bannerman, Mayor Noonan, Alex De Menil, David R. Francis, Henry C. Brockman, W. P. Macklin and Christ Brokate.

T. E. S. Albright, the Republican candidate for the House of Delegates in the Sixteenth Ward, claims that the circulars asking people to vote for him, which were distributed at the doors of the Catholic Churches in the ward yesterday, were not gotten up and handed out by him or his friends, but by his enemies to injure him.

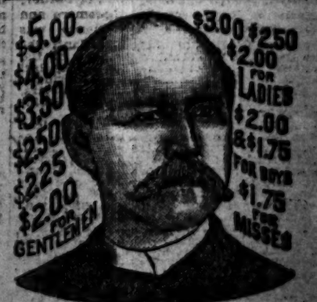
The Democrats of the Fourth Ward will have an open air meeting this evening at the corner of Seventh and Cass avenue. The following speakers will address the meeting: James Bannerman, David R. Francis, Richard Dalton, Robert Campbell, James McCaffery, Andy Haley, Patrick Kern Patrick Carmody, David Donovan and others. All Democrats are invited to be present.


**PILES. POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT.**

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles*, however severe.

Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

$5.00. $4.00. $3.50. $2.50. $2.25 $2.00 FOR GENTLEMEN



$3.00 $2.50 $2.00 FOR LADIES $2.00 & $1.75 FOR BOYS $1.75 FOR MISSES

**W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE** NOT MFR.

Best Calf Shoe in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold everywhere. Everybody should wear them. It is a duty you owe yourself to see that you realize for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised above, as thousands can testify.

Take No Substitute. Beware of Fraud. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by Angermuller & Co., 18 S. 4th st. J. Kabel, 2735 Cass av. F. Ahlers, 1304 Cass av. J. Bisser, 3030 S. Broadway. F. Weber, 2306 Easton av. John Schweiter, 2132-34 Franklin av. W. E. Schroeder, 1108 Franklin av. Francis Heckeman, 3626 S. 14th st. Henry Von Bohren, 2021 Salisbury st., 2128 N. 14th st. William Lonergan, No. 1023 Market st.



AMUSEMENTS

St. Louis Exposition Music Hall,
ONLY 2 THOMAS CONCERTS,
April 6th and April 7th.
Dress Circle and Parquette $1. Balcony 75 cents and 50 cents. Tickets on sale at Ludwig & Weber's, 310 N. 6th st.

# VOTE FOR BANNERMAN

AND THE

# ENTIRE DEMOCRATIC TICKET

If you want PURE GOVERNMENT and BUSINESS LEGISLATION.

Be Sure Your Ballot Is Marked Thus:

| DEMOCRATIC. | REPUBLICAN. | Municipal Party. | SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY. | Prohibition Party. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| For Mayor. JAMES BANNERMAN. | For Mayor. CYRUS P. WALBRIDGE. | For Mayor. JAMES BANNERMAN. | For Mayor. ALBERT E. SANDERSON. | For Mayor, JOHN T. FIELD. |
| For Comptroller. ROBERT A. CAMPBELL. | For Comptroller. ISAAC H. STURGEON. | For Comptroller. ROBERT A. CAMPBELL. | For Comptroller. CHARLES F. BECKFELD. | For Comptroller, WILLIAM D. PHILLIPS. |
| For Auditor. JOSEPH BROWN. | For Auditor. GEORGE W. BAUMBACK. | For Auditor. JOSEPH BROWN. | For Auditor. JAMES A. RENDALL. | For Auditor, EDGAR H. KELLAR. |
| For Treasurer. GARRARD STRODE. | For Treasurer. CHARLES SCUDDER. | For Treasurer. CHARLES SCUDDER. | For Treasurer AUGUST PRIESTER. | For Treasurer, SAMUEL T. JAMISON. |
| For Register. CHRISTIAN BROKATE. | For Register. HENRY J. POCOCK. | For Register. HENRY J. POCOCK. | For Register. HERMAN HERMINGHAUS. | For Register, JAMES M. HAMLIN. |
| For Collector. JAMES M'CAFFERY. | For Collector. HENRY ZIEGENHEIN. | For Collector. JAMES McCAFFERY. | For Collector. WILLIAM SCHILLO. | For Collector, JOHN M. WILSON. |
| For City Marshal. B. THORMAN. | For City Marshal. EMILE THOMAS. | For City Marshal. | For City Marshal GOTTFRIED SEILL. | For City Marshal, HENRY M. BROCKSTEDT. |
| For President Board of Public Improvements. GEORGE BURNET. | For President Board of Public Improvements. ROBERT E. McMATH. | For President Board of Public Improvements. ROBERT E. McMATH. | For President Board of Public Improvements. JOHN O. SCHUH. | For President of Board of Public Improvements, JAY F. COLE. |
| For President of Board of Assessors. JOHN J. O'BRIEN. | For President Board of Assessors. AUGUST H. FERRICK. | For President of Board of Assessors. JOHN J. O'BRIEN. | For President of Board of Assessors. MAX STOEHR. | For President of Board of Assessors, JOHN O. ROLFE. |
| For Inspector of Weights and Measures. ANDREW HALEY. | For Inspector Weights and Measures. JOHN C. LYONS. | For Inspector of Weights and Measures. ANDREW HALEY. | For Inspector of Weights and Measurers. GUSTAVE ECKHOFF. | For Inspector of Weights and Measures, ANDREW GRASSLEY. |
| For President of Council. THOMAS J. WARD. | For President of Council. CHARLES NAGEL. | For President of Council. CHARLES NAGEL. | For President of Council. G. A. HOEHN. | For President of Council, WILLIAM L. REED. |
| For Council. WILLIAM G. FRYE. | For Council. FRANKLIN FERRIS. | For Council. FRANKLIN FERRIS. | For Council. HENRY KALLEN. | For Council, JOHN D. REID. |
| DANIEL HATTON. | ALFRED VALLAT. | ALFRED VALLAT. | HENRY WERDES. | CHARLES F. BOND. |
| JOSEPH L. HORNSBY. | MAX KOTANY. | MAX KOTANY. | GERARD BARRICKELL. | GEORGE PARKER. |
| DANIEL C. DONOVAN. | PAULUS GAST. | PAULUS GAST. | THOMAS J. MALBOEUF. | EARL PADGETT. |
| PATRICK J. CARMODY. | SYLVESTER P. KEYES. | SYLVESTER P. KEYES. | JOHN M. KOPP. | EBEN B. HILL. |
| PHILIP ROHAN. | PATRICK H. CLARK. | JOSEPH L. HORNSBY. | FREDERICK W. STEINMANN. | THOMAS HOSTETTER. |
| For House of Delegates — Ward. | For House of Delegates — Ward. | For House of Delegates—.....Ward. | For House of Delegates—.....Ward. | For House of Delegates—.....Ward. |
| FOR a one-fifth of a mill tax for a Free Public Library. | FOR a one-fifth of a mill tax for a Free Public Library. | FOR a one-fifth of a mill tax for a free Public Library. | FOR a one-fifth of a mill tax for a Free Public Library. | FOR a one-fifth of mill tax for a Free Public Library. |
| AGAINST a one-fifth of a mill tax for a Free Public Library. | AGAINST a one-fifth of a mill tax for a Free Public Library. | AGAINST a one-fifth of a mill tax for a free Public Library. | AGAINST a one-fifth of a mill tax for a Free Public Library. | AGAINST a one-fifth of mill tax for a Free Public Library. |

Should you desire to scratch your ballot, scratch the name of party you do not wish to vote for and insert name of party you prefer, thus:

For Council,

~~JOHN SMITH.~~

William Jones.


## Rheumatism And Neuralgia Not Dangerous?

## Read Consider What Follows:

EX-PRESIDENT HAYES, stricken with Rheumatism of the Heart, Cleveland, Ohio, early in January, 1893, taken to Fremont, his home, January 14, died January 17.

WM. VAN MARTER, ex-State Republican Committee-man, New York, died on a New York Central R. R. train, from Neuralgia of the Heart, Oct. 14, 1892.

ALFRED OAKLEY, ex-Mayor of Rutherford, New Jersey, died from Rheumatism of the Heart, while walking home from church in Rutherford, Oct. 19, 1892.

U. S. SENATOR R. L. GIBSON, of Louisiana, died from Rheumatic Gout at Hot Springs, Ark., Dec. 15, 1892.

PROF. THEO. W. DWIGHT, of the New York Law School, died from Rheumatism of the Heart, in Clinton, N. Y., June 29, 1892.

EX-U. S. SENATOR FRANCIS KERNAN, of New York, died suddenly, after suffering from Rheumatism for three months, at Utica, New York, Sept. 7, 1892.

These cases are of distinguished men whose deaths the world has heard of.

During the six months covered by these cases how many of the average mass of men and women died from similar causes?

How many hundreds of thousands are at this moment afflicted with Rheumatism and Neuralgia?

How many of this multitude have any assurance that their disease may not strike at the heart in a moment?

Cure it now—without a day's delay!

The one standard specific is Ath-lo-pho-ros. Sold by all Druggists at $1 per bottle.

Plain, Common-sense Treatise on Rheumatism, Neuralgia, etc., to any address for 5 cents in stamps.

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO., New Haven, Conn.


POLITICAL.

## To the Public:

The undersigned would call your attention to the importance of the Municipal Election that takes place April 4 next. Of all offices to be filled, none are more important than that of President of the Board of Assessors. The present incumbent, Mr. John J. O'Brien, has filled the place with singular ability and efficiency. At all times courteous and willing, he has always endeavored to render all taxpayers their just dues. We recognize his peculiar fitness for the position and feel safe in asking your hearty support for his re-election at the polls April 4:

(Signed)

Henry C. Haarstick, Wm. J. Lemp, Wallace Delafield, J. W. Kauffman, E. J. Lesthland, Wm. H. Thomson, Wm. L. Huse, Jerome Hill, E. C. Simmons, Richard Mc K. Jones, Jules Desloge, Alex. H. Smith, Geo. H. Small, J. F. Imbs, C. W. Isaacs, Christian Peper, F. W. Biebinger, Ferd Diehm, M. P. O'Reilly, Chas. Schmiedeling, Henry Grone, C. L. Buschman, Louis J. Holthaus, Wm. B. Archer, Luke Sells, Chas. A. Cox, Jos. W. Steele, Geo. A. Baker, Joseph M. Hayes, David R. Powell, E. A. Forman, Wm. H. Little, L. G. Baker, W. H. Graham, John G. Prather, W. B. Loudermann, H. B. Slaughter, Wm. L. Hill, G. R. Myerson, Edward Devoy, H. W. Chandler, T. Arandes, P. J. Doerr, Herman Hess, Jos. W. Baker, G. Bruegeman, Louis Matte, Theo Sandmann, Julius Petersen, Charles Hezel, Nicholas Bockius, G. L. Goetz, Peter Wm. Berg, Peter J. Pauley, Sr., Julius S. Walsh, Brock Jones, D. A. Spellen, Michael McKanis, Thos. Griffin, Phil C. Taylor, J. R. Crandall, W. J. O'Connor, Roger F. Annan, Miles Sells, Christ Hilke, F. E. Ryan, James Kinsella, H. W. Boon, Harry Wehlmaker, Wm. M. Anderson, Chas. Riehl, John M. Doyle, Thos. F. McKelligot, August Gehner, Claus Viethe, Martin Lammert, John C. Lullman, Wm. Pickel, Wm. F. Nolker, Chas. E. Kircher, Gus. W. Niemann, David Nicholson, P. M. Stead, Thos. F. Farrelly, Gus. V. R. McKim, Nicholas M. Bell, H. Burnet, Henry Seyers, John Ring, Henry Arnold, John D. Winn, Jas. F. Newell, J. C. Harnsell, P. McGrath, Jos. L. Guedry, C. C. Jackson, P. Rowan, Geo. H. Simon, M. J. Stern, Wm. H. Murphy, Chas. H. Bailey, F. C. Mattis, L. M. Rumsey, Edw. R. Feuerborn, J. H. Aug. Meyer, A. W. Straub, Adolph Hernhel, D. K. Ferguson, F. F. Connor, F. W. Carter, James Meagher, John McAllister, Web M. Samuel, E. W. Colson, Louis Fuss, John Mullally, Redmond Cleary, Sol J. Quinlivan, M. Backer, H. F. Langenberg, F. Langaller, L. L. Fish, J. C. Newberry, M. B. Carpenter, Albert G. Blanke, J. H. Lohmeyer, Newman Wright, Wm. Hillebrand, A. Niemeyer, Wm. Steffen, H. Wagner, Herman Schnelker, John Davis, L. Hanneken, A. Halmbacher, Roger Leiendecker, August Ahrens, Hy. J. Spannhorst, Chas. B. Seuever, Chas. J. Behrens, Geo. C. Hutchinson, Dan'l Garin, Wm. Hartman, Mark Hudson, Stephen O'Connor,

POLITICAL.

## Regular Democratic Candidate.

Don't Forget to Vote for

## JOSEPH BROWN,

The Present Incumbent,

For City Auditor.

Election Tuesday, April 4.

### CARD FROM AUDITOR JOSEPH BROWN.

The following Card from AUDITOR JOSEPH BROWN explains his position in regard to CERTAIN INDORSEMENTS:

*To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:*

There is an effort being made by some two or three sore-heads, that were refused a position in the Auditor's office on account of their unfitness, to try to mix me up with some of the societies that are antagonistic to each other.

Now I desire to emphatically state here that I do not and never have belonged to any secret society, club or organization of any kind, and for the reason that I did not consider their platform broad enough to suit me, as nothing short of including all humanity in its folds and the motto, "The greatest good to the greatest number," would satisfy me. Nor have I asked any organization or society to indorse me other than the Democratic party, but some others having done so, as I understand, solely on the grounds of honesty and fitness for the position to which I aspire, viz., City Auditor, of course, on such grounds I am glad to have their support. Very respectfully. JOSEPH BROWN.

VOTE FOR

## JAMES McCAFFERY,

The Democratic Nominee for

CITY COLLECTOR.

## S. P. KEYES,

CANDIDATE FOR

CITY COUNCIL.

VOTE FOR

## P. H. CLARK,

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR

CITY COUNCIL.

## JAS. BANNERMAN

—FOR—

## MAYOR.

VOTE FOR

## Daniel L. Hatton

Regular Democratic Nominee for

CITY COUNCIL.

ELECTION TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1893.

## MAX KOTANY,

Republican Candidate for

Member of the City Council.

VOTE FOR

## Robt. A. Campbell,

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

—FOR—

City Comptroller.

VOTE FOR

## P. J. CARMODY,

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR

CITY COUNCIL.

VOTE FOR

## JOHN J. O'BRIEN,

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR

PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF ASSESSORS.

Election: Tuesday, April 4, 1893.

VOTE FOR

## THOMAS J. WARD,

Regular Democratic Nominee for

PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL.

Election Tuesday, April 4, 1893.

### FEDERAL COURT NOTES.

**Suit Against Anheuser-Busch—Other Proceedings.**

The United States Circuit Court was in session this morning, Judge Hallett presiding. In the case of the United States against Louis Neubauer, Joseph L. Davis, Anna C. Forder, Caroline B. Hunt, John B. Loosmore and Peter Breckenridge, a continuance was granted an application of the defendant. The answers of the defendant in the case of the Madison Car Co. against the New Albany Rail Mill Co. was filed by consent. The hearing of the plea as to jurisdiction in the case of Mrs. L. F. Barker against the Northern Pacific Railway Co., was set for April 10.

A suit was filed by the German-American Filter Co. of New Jersey against the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association for alleged infringement of patent. The plaintiff alleged that Heinrich Stockheim of Mannheim, Germany, was the inventor of a beer filter. The defendant in July, 1888, had purchased three of these filters, but since that time caused others to be manufactured on substantially the same principle, and was now using them. This greatly damaged the plaintiff, which had purchased the patent right of Stockheim, and therefore an injunction and damages were asked.

Abe Moore, alias Abe Miller, a medical student, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Crawford on the charge of sending obscene matter through the mails. It was charged that he had written an indecent letter to a lady, signing his name Abe Moore, but it is believed that his true name is Abe Miller. At the request of the defendant the case was continued to April 6.

To-morrow the Grand-jury will meet.

**Are You With Us?**

A special excursion for North Galveston, Tex., will leave St. Louis, Mo., April 11, 1893. Remarkable inducements are offered. For particulars apply to W. T. Dixon, 801 Wainwright Building, Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

**An April Day.**

Politicians who desire rain to-morrow, and those who wish fair weather, will probably both be gratified. The Weather Bureau forecast is for showers in the morning, with clearing and colder weather in the afternoon.

**Forced Shirt Sale at the Globe.**

500 dozen laundered white shirts 48c. 75 dozen, regular $1.25 laundered negligee shirts at 79c. GLOBE, 701-713 Franklin av.

**Senator Vilas' Daughter Dying.**

MADISON, Wis., April 3.—Nellie Vilas, the daughter of United States Senator Vilas, is dangerously ill with malignant quinsy. The operation of tracheotomy has been performed as a last resort without improvement. The Senator cannot be reached, he is on a carp fishing in some out-of-the-way place in Florida.

### ARMISTICE AT ANTLERS.

**Militia and Locke Forces Awaiting Developments Under Arms.**

PARIS, Tex., April 3.—Everything is quiet at Antlers to-day. The militia is still loafing around Goodland, drawing salary and being fed. Indian Agent Bennet left for home last night and the militia agreed to disband until he could make a full statement of the situation to the Interior Department. Locke is still at his fort, and will not disband until the militia does. Gov. Jones went home yesterday. Capt. Durant was brought here this morning for taking whisky into the Territory.

**Forced Hat Sale at the Globe.**

The latest "Fedora," regular $2.50 hats at $1.50; $3 Derbys, new spring styles, $2; the finest made $2.50 and $3. Latest silk hats $3. Newest designs in boys' hats and caps, 25c to $1.25. GLOBE, 701-713 Franklin avenue.

**A Teamster Injured.**

At 11:55 o'clock this morning, James Gogay, a teamster about 55 years of age, while attempting to cross Washington avenue on Seventh street in a one-horse wagon, was struck by a Washington avenue car going east and thrown out of his wagon on to the track. Electric car No. 309, Page avenue, going west, with J. A. Bonham as motorman, struck the wagon, demolishing the wagon, and the front end of the car and seriously injuring Mr. Gogay who was sent to the Dispensary. He is injured internally and at the time of the accident could not state where he resided.


## Short Breath Chest Pains

Palpitation, weak and sore lungs, pleurisy, coughs, colds, asthma and bronchitis relieved in ONE MINUTE by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER, the first and only instantaneous pain-killing, strengthening plaster. For weak, painful kidneys, back ache, uterine pains and weakness it is simply wonderful. It *vitalizes* the nervous forces, and hence is unrivalled for nervous pains, weakness, numbness, and paralysis. Beyond question the surest, safest, sweetest and best plaster in the world.

Price: 25c; five, $1.00. At all druggists or by mail POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Boston.


### A BLACK BRUTE.

**Herman Harris Heavily Fined for Cruelty to His Wife—A Bad Boy.**

Herman Harris, colored, drew the capital prize of $500 in Judge Paxson's court this morning. Last Saturday night Harris went to his mother-in-law's house at Twelfth and Carr streets, where his wife was visiting, and beat the wife about her head with a chair for leaving his house without his permission. The injured woman went to the Third District Station to be conveyed to the Dispensary, and on her way there her husband, who had followed her, hit her on the head with a brick. Harris escaped at the time but was arrested yesterday by Officer McGraw at his home, where he was chasing his wife with a club. The woman appeared in court this morning, and after removing several yards of bandages showed the court a number of ugly scalp wounds. Harris was also assessed $10 for resisting the officer who arrested him.

John Bree, the 17-year-old son of Officer Bree, was up before Judge Paxson this morning on charges of disturbing the peace and carrying concealed weapons. Officer McMahon stated that yesterday afternoon he ordered Bree away from the corner of Compton and Belle avenues, Bree, he said, called him vile names and threatened him violence. The boy went to his home near by, where he secured a carving-knife, McMahon stated, and returned and assaulted him again with filthy epithets, and threatened to cut him if his arrest was attempted.

Sergt. Woodlock arrested the boy and locked him up in the Third District Sub-station. Judge Paxson fined Bree $15 for disturbing the peace and $10 for carrying concealed weapons.

Lester Atkins and Alexander Malley, two sable denizens of the notorious Eighth street yard, were fined $10 each for engaging in a rough-and-tumble fight last evening. The men claimed that they had taken no part in any fight, but that they had been merely witnesses to a duel with knives between a man known as "Red Horse Babe" and Willie Banks. Witnesses testified that Babe and Bangs had both been seriously cut, but denied that Atkins or Malley had been engaged in a fight. However, both were fined.

Joe Whalen and Frank Flowers, two 13-year old youngsters, were each fined $5 for canning beer at Fifteenth and Chambers streets last night. It was also alleged that the boys pushed down and fired a lumber pile at Sixteenth and Howard streets, but there was not enough evidence to convict them, and the case was not prosecuted.

Walter Dreshen and John Patton, two young toughs, amused themselves last evening by boarding Bellefontaine street cars passing in the vicinity of Linden street and rushing through them, cursing and jostling the passengers. Each was fined $10.

Mike Hanley attempted to break up a ball at Twenty-seventh and Montgomery streets last night and fought the officers who arrested him. Judge Paxson accorded him several minutes during which Mike made a grammitic defense. He was fined $10.

### THE WIDOW'S JOURNEY.

**Mrs. J. Howard Mason Starts for St. Louis With Her Husband's Body.**

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 3.—Mrs. J. Howard Mason, wife of the St. Louis publisher, who lost his life in the elevator accident here Saturday afternoon, reached Louisville from Atlanta, where she had been visiting, last night. A telegram informed her that her husband was fatally injured and she first learned that he was dead by reading the newspaper on the train Sunday morning. Mason was originally from Ashland, O., and had lived in St. Louis a number of years. He had a horror of a country graveyard and his wife took the remains to St. Louis to-day, where they will be interred. Two gold watches and $1,400 will be turned over to the widow by the Coroner. Mr. Mason was the father of three sons two of whom were killed in an accident.


**Make Haste to Defend Yourself**

If you live in a locality where malaria is prevalent, with a preventive that experience indicates as the most reliable of safe-guards—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Entirely free from the objections—and they are valid ones—which attach to the mineral alkaloid quinine, it is far more effective, and its effects are not evanescent, but lasting, unlike those of the drug. There our portions of our land—and none more beautiful and more fertile—which at no seasons of the year are entirely exempt from the malarial scourge. In such regions Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has undergone a continuous test for the past forty years, with results which have established its reputation beyond all cavil as a special defense against every form of malarial disease. For biliousness, also, it is an acknowledged specific, and it is a potent remedy for constipation, dyspepsia, rheumatism and an impoverished condition of the blood.



## SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

POSITIVELY CURED BY THESE LITTLE PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side.

They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Beware of Imitations and Ask for CARTER'S and see you get C-A-R-T-E-R-'S.


### MAY RESUME OPERATIONS.

**Election of the Missouri Pan-Electric Telephone Co.**

There was an election of directors of the Missouri Pan-Electric Telephone Co. held today at the office of Judge John H. Terry, No. 621 Chestnut street. The directors elected were Chas. H. Peck, J. H. Terry, D. E. Morgan, John P. Keyser, S. M. Kennard, Daniel Catlin, D. R. Francis, A. Moll, John A. Delaney, James Black, F. W. Mott, Peter Nicholson and S. T. Ramsdell.

Judge Terry was seen at his office and was asked if any plans were being formulated for reviving the company into active operation here. He said: "That I cannot say positively until the new officers are elected, which will be to-morrow, and the new board comes to some decision. The indications point in the direction of a resumption of active operations however. There is a recent decision of the Supreme Court which weakens the Bell company considerably, but I cannot say positively what will be done."

The Pan company tried for a while to operate here, but failed, owing to suits of the Bell company.

### THE RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, April 3, 1893.

| STATIONS. | Gauge reading. | Change in 24 hours. | STATIONS. | Gauge reading. | Change in 24 hours. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg | 6.0 | †1.4 | Alton | 13.8 | †0.1 |
| Parkersburg | 15.0 | †0.7 | Kansas City | 13.6 | †0.7 |
| Cincinnati | 19.8 | †1.2 | Boonville | 7.0 | †0.2 |
| Louisville | 8.2 | †0.6 | Hannibal | 9.1 | †0.3 |
| Chattanooga | 6.2 | †0.4 | Arlington | 6.9 | †0.1 |
| Nashville | 9.5 | †1.1 | Hermann | 20.9 | 0.0 |
| Florence | | | St. Louis | 16.1 | †0.6 |
| Decatur | 5.8 | †0.2 | Chester | | |
| St. Paul | 5.6 | †1.8 | Girardeau | 17.5 | |
| La Crosse | 7.6 | | Cairo | 21.0 | †0.5 |
| Dubuque | 5.5 | †0.3 | Memphis | 22.0 | †0.4 |
| Davenport | 5.7 | †0.1 | Ft. Smith | 4.2 | †1.8 |
| Keokuk | 7.2 | †0.4 | Little Rock | 6.4 | †0.1 |
| Keokuk Rapid | 4.9 | †0.7 | Vicksburg | 20.4 | †0.9 |
| Louisiana | 7.5 | †0.5 | Shreveport | 13.7 | †0.1 |
| Peoria | 14.6 | †0.6 | New Orleans | 4.1 | †0.1 |
| Quincy | 9.0 | | | | |

†Rise. ‡Fall.

**A Louisianian Dead.**

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 3.—The death of D. L. Kilgore, member of the House from Columbia County, which occurred at his home at Magnolia, was announced this morning, and at noon both houses adjourned until to-morrow.

**Same Way in St. Louis.**

From the Philadelphia Times.

Some Councilmen complain that their motives and actions are misconstrued. Others think it's rather the people who are misrepresented.

## INDEPENDENT MUNICIPAL TICKET.

ELECTION APRIL 4, 1893.

For Mayor, JAMES BANNERMAN.

For Comptroller, ROBERT A. CAMPBELL.

For Treasurer, CHAS. SCUDDER.

For Auditor, JOSEPH BROWN.

For Collector, JAMES J. McCAFFERY.

For Register, HENRY J. POCOCK.

For Marshal,

For Inspector Weights and Measures, ANDREW HALEY.

For President Board of Assessors, JOHN J. O'BRIEN.

For President Board of Public Improvements, R. E. McMATH.

For President of the City Council, CHARLES NAGEL.

For Members of the City Council, FRANKLIN FERRIS. ALFRED VALLAT. MAX KOTANY. PAULUS GAST. S. P. KEYES. JOSEPH L. HORNSBY.

Voters will find this ticket on the official ballot. See that your ballot corresponds with it.

## CHARLES NAGEL.

CANDIDATE FOR

## PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL.

ELECTION, April 4, 1893.

...ispatch,
...UBLISHING CO.
...ER, President.
...THE DAILY.
...every afternoon and
...$10 00
...5 00
...2 50
...delivered by carrier)... 15
...(delivered by carrier.... 65
...by mail, per year.... 3 00
...who fail to receive their paper regu-...ers favor upon us by reporting the ...its office by postal card.
...ness or news letters or telegrams should be ...ed
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513 Olive st.

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Business Office.....4084

London Office, 32 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross. New York Bureau, Room 86, Pulitzer Building, Max H. Fischer, Manager.

MONDAY, APRIL 3, 1893.

## AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Francis Wilson.
OLYMPIC—"Old Homestead."
THE HAGAN—"McFree of Dublin."
POPE'S—"Eight Bells."
HAVLIN'S—"The Cannon Ball Express."
STANDARD—Ross Hill's English Folly company.
GERMANIA—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.
SIVALL'S WONDERLAND—Hourly shows.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.
STANDARD—Ross Hill's English Folly company.

BLUE

Weather forecast for thirty-six hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day—For Missouri: Generally fair, westerly winds; cooler.

A storm is apparently developing in the Northwest. This is causing cloudy weather in the upper Mississippi Valley and occasional showers have occurred in Missouri, Wisconsin and Michigan, which condition is likely to continue till to-morrow; warmer weather is reported from the entire central valleys.

St. Louis forecast: Showers; cooler by Tuesday afternoon.

THE unvoted vote is the bulwark of the bad candidate.

ST. LOUIS must not change All Fool's Day from April 1 to April 4.

IN to-morrow's election the scratched ticket will be the only good ticket.

BISMARCK, on his birthday, toasted the Emperor when he would much rather have roasted him.

CZAR ZIEGENHEIN'S workers realize that the only hope of their candidate lies in the "push" vote and trickery.

FRENCH Cabinet timber is so scarce that exceptional exes have to be resorted to in Paris, as well as in Washington.

WITH Hub Smith's banjo boom-de-aying for the Behring Sea arbitrators, how can the decision possibly go against us?

IF the thousands of votes in this city which have been uncast in past elections are cast to-morrow the best possible result will be gained.

THE Kaiser, on Bismarck's birthday, sent the old man no message whatever. There appears to be no hypocrisy, at least, in young William.

BE sure that your vote will be counted for a free library by scratching the line "Against the one-fifth mill tax, etc.," at the bottom of the ballot.

EX-SECRETARY OF STATE FOSTER seems to be a thrifty person. He proceeds upon the assumption that he who does not provide for his own is worse than an infidel.

THE efforts of the "push" will be concentrated upon the worst candidates, and if the better element of voters do not concentrate upon the best men the worst will win.

MORE buildings, larger buildings, better buildings are promised for St. Louis this year. The growth of the city has taken a fresh start with the opening of spring.

THE name Cyrus means "as miserable." Should Mr. Walbridge be made Mayor and not change his course the tax-payers of the city will be quite as miserable as he could wish them.

ONE significant point in the Republican campaign has been the silence which the best men on the party ticket have preserved with regard to its bad nominations. The records of Walbridge and Ziegenhein have made honest defense of them as candidates impossible.

GEN. SHERMAN believed the devil to be a Democrat, but he boasted that he had never read a political platform and knew no politics but the star spangled banner and the Lord's Prayer. Hence his failure to discover that his Satanic majesty has quite a Republican pull.

THE only way in which the House of Delegates can be redeemed from the hands of the boodlers is for the honest citizens in every ward to select the best candidate, regardless of party affiliations. The bad men depend on the "push" vote to pull them through with the help of the blind party vote.

It is a huge joke on John Bull if the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Commons can muzzle the British press. J. B. imagines that he has more freedom than can be found anywhere outside his dominions, but if a petty official can sit on him in this manner he will have to cease to warble about free Britons.

MR. WALBRIDGE'S vote in the matter of limiting the working hours of the Missouri Street Railway employes was not any more a proof of his indifference to the interests of laboring men than it was additional evidence of his subserviency to corporation influence which has been the distinguishing characteristic of his official career.

THE Russian treaty has not been withdrawn. But it is not too late to abrogate it, and meanwhile, if under its provisions a demand for extradition should be made it ought to be refused. The highest considerations of honor require that its extraordinary extradition provisions be repudiated in the most emphatic manner possible.

MR. SARGENT of the Brotherhood of Firemen thinks that Judge Ricks will decide against the men. It needs no grand master to tell us that. The Judge has babbled his sentiments and talked about the case so openly and emphatically that there is no room for doubt as to his course. He seems to be qualifying for a corporation counselorship.

THERE are several points at which there is a fair stand-off between the Democratic and Republican nominees, both being fairly good or both bad. The POST-DISPATCH says to the voter in all such cases, use your own best judgment, vote for the one you consider the best man, and if you distrust both the best thing you can do is to vote against the worst man regardless of the ticket his name is on.

SECRETARY HOKE SMITH threatens to resign if Bob Barry is appointed United States Marshal in Georgia, and Senator Gordon threatens to resign if Mr. Smith's exceptional ex, Col. Ranfro, is made Marshal. As neither Secretary Smith nor Senator Gordon can be spared it looks as if Mr. Cleveland will have to end this goober-grabbler war by choosing some good man whom both the Secretary and the Senator can love.

SCUDDER and Strode are both trustworthy and well qualified for the office of City Treasurer. Mr. Strode has not so many large estates and large private interests to look after as Mr. Scudder has. Mr. Strode is a young man who will devote his entire time and thought to the administration of the Treasurer's office. The opportunity to make an exceptionally good record therein will be worth everything to him, while it cannot be so important a thing to Mr. Scudder.

### A CRAFTY SCHEME.

How craftily the political end of the A. P. A. has been worked for the especial benefit of Czar Ziegenhein was clearly indicated by the revelations in yesterday's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH of the part it is playing in the local election.

The only real opponent of Ziegenhein is James McCaffrey, the Democratic nominee for the Collectorship. The indorsement of Ziegenhein by his political catspaws in the A. P. A. is accompanied by the condemnation of McCaffrey. The men who are playing this underground scheme do not expect to get citizens who have suffered from the oppression of Czar Ziegenhein and who condemn his violation of law and abuse of official power to indorse his course by voting for him, but they hope to divert votes from McCaffrey by the appeal to religious prejudice. They know that every opponent of Ziegenhein who can be induced to refrain from voting on the Collectorship or to vote for some other candidate besides McCaffery gives a half vote to Ziegenhein. The aim is to nullify the opposition of reputable citizens, which they fear will overcome his solid "push" vote.

We do not believe that he will gain substantial results from this palpable trick, because we cannot believe that there is a corporal's guard of citizens so narrow and stupid as to be entrapped into defeating their convictions and purposes by appeals to their religious prejudices. It requires little intelligence to perceive that the only opposition to Ziegenhein as a candidate that is not practical support must be in the form of a vote for his strongest opponent.

### AN INDEFENSIBLE RECORD.

Citizens cannot fail to have noticed one feature of the local campaign which under ordinary circumstances would be remarkable. Although the gravest charges have been made against the Republican candidate for the Mayoralty Mr. Walbridge has not attempted to answer one of them.

Careful examination of the nature of the charges preferred against Mr. Walbridge shows, however, that his extraordinary course is not only natural, but is the only course he could have pursued without increasing the force of the charges. Every charge that has been brought against Walbridge has been based upon and is fully sustained by his record as an official. He stood condemned and dumbfounded by the record of his own acts.

It would be hard to find a more striking illustration of the fact that a man cannot get away from his past than in the case of Mr. Walbridge. He was nominated and his nomination was accepted at the beginning of the campaign as a recognition of respectability in local politics. But the examination of his record has proved that when he could not evasively trim his course so as to dodge responsibility for jobbery and corporation grabbing he has supported them. His aid has been given to and his vote cast for the worst jobs and the biggest grabs accomplished during his term of office. He is even condemned from the file of the party organ which is blusteringly supporting his candidacy.

Having nothing to say in his defense, Mr. Walbridge has said nothing. He has acted wisely in this, but would it be wise for the people of St. Louis to put a man into the Mayor's office whose record in the Council is so bad that no word of defense can be found for it?

### COMPTROLLER CAMPBELL'S RECORD.

While Gov. Campbell was Comptroller from April, 1885, to April, 1889, he managed the bond transaction by which the city's interest-bearing debt was reduced $1,237,731. The city was relieved of an annual interest charge of $237,482, and the amount of premium received on new bonds sold was $90,524. The rate of taxation was reduced 25 cents on the $100, saving taxpayers $500,000 per annum, and the amount of interest received on the city's deposits was increased during his term to $172,000 from $31,000 received during the four year term of his predecessor.

There were no treasury irregularities or scandals while he was Comptroller, and we are indebted to his efforts and suggestions for the charter amendment requiring each bank to give a bond covering the full amount of deposits, instead of permitting banks to have two or three millions of deposits, as formerly, secured by a bond of only $500,000.

For such really valuable services, for his close attention to financial measures before the Municipal Assembly, for his work in securing the biennial State appropriation of $75,000 for the City Insane Asylum, and for devising the scheme by which we are expending $5,000,000 for water-works extension without issuing bonds or increasing taxes, our taxpayers owe him not only a re-election to the office he filled so well, but they owe it to themselves to poll for him a non-partisan vote of the most complimentary character.

THE friends of honest government should remember that a municipality is a business concern in which all the people are interested and that a careful business-like administration is needed there as in private enterprise. Hence those candidates should be selected who in their characters and records promise the most faithful regard for the public interests. Millions in revenue have been surrendered by grants of franchises within the last four years. Hundreds of thousands of the people's money have been given away by the city officers elected to guard the people's interest. This practice should be stopped. Boodling is not the worst evil we suffer, bad as it is. Respectable men who fail to use ordinary prudence in the administration of public business cost the people more than the boodlers. The street car franchises granted a few days ago are illustrations of this fact. Let us elect those men who are most likely to keep the people's money for the people.

IT is not fair to Mr. Charles Nagel or any other candidate to hold him up as a friend of the truck store system merely because he refused to vote in the Legislature for an anti-truck store bill, which he believed the Supreme Court would declare unconstitutional and which the Supreme Court has declared unconstitutional. Many a corporation tool poses as a friend of labor only to betray it by cheating it into the support of bills that, when enacted as laws, turn to ashes on the workingman's lips. Mr. Nagel is an opponent of the truck-store system, but he does not believe in a mere "make believe" fight against it.

DANIEL LAMONT may look for a call for troops from North Dakota, where the leading ladies of Rolla, while in quest of evidence against a "blind pig" saloon, were attacked by the saloon-keeper and his crowd, beaten, torn and hustled into the street. The ladies have vowed vengeance, and their ire has been aggravated by the release of their assailants, for whom they had sworn out warrants. What the next breeze that sweeps from the Northwest will bring to our ears none can say, but happy is the man who has no "blind pig" in North Dakota and happy is the woman who is not a leading lady of that State. When the "blind-pig" killing begins again there will be blood on the moon.

EVERY Chicago husband who is suspicious should provide himself with a steel-rodded umbrella. All Lotharios do not leave their parachutes in the homes they invade, and some of them wear macintoshes. The steel-rodded umbrella blows rained upon beautiful actor Kent by husband Keep were heard around the world, and the umbrella industry in Chicago has received a stimulus that no mere Columbian Exposition could have given it.

THE Mexican newspaper that says Mr. Cleveland received a $3,000,000 legacy from a friend, that he regularly attends St. Patrick's Cathedral and that he began his career as Police Inspector in New Hampshire must have got its biography from some veracious American commercial traveler. The commercial traveler is never backward in giving information to foreigners when asked for it.

IN the case of the feminine doctor of West Virginia, accused of alienating the affections of Mrs. Brewer's husband, it appears that the husband visited the doctor, not the doctor the husband. Possibly his object was to lighten the bills by going to the doctor's office for treatment.

IT is true, as MAX JUDD says, that it is nothing new for foreign-born people to Americanize their names. And it is right that they should do so. Any name that causes inconvenience or frequent mistakes ought to be changed, whether it is American or foreign.

THE degenerate Republican son of a Candaligua Democrat is running against his father for the office of Mayor. None but a father so placed can realize how sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a son whose politics have gone wrong.

PRINCE ROLAND BONAPARTE, now making a tour of the United States, has written twenty-four books. His enemies ought to be pretty well satisfied by this time.

WHEN women nominate a bachelor for Mayor, as they have just done at Great Bend, Kan., is not woman suffrage a failure?

THE dudes in the State Department will do well to get the creases ironed out of their breeches without a moment's delay.

IT must have been a great vexation to Mrs. Langtry to learn that Squire Abingdon had left $250,000 a year to his mother.

WHAT would St. Paul say if he were to hear that two girls are the joint pastors of a church in Ohio?

PERHAPS it is the corruption in the Weather Bureau that has given the country so much foul weather.

CENSUS SUPERINTENDENT PORTER has resigned, but we still have his census on our hands.

### Elective Postmasters.

From the New York WORLD.

The point of greatest difficulty in efforts to get rid of the spoils system is the Post-office. That branch of administration extends to all parts of the country, and into every village and hamlet. It has spoils for distribution everywhere, and is a machine that may be made peculiarly potent in politics, though properly it should have nothing whatever to do with politics, its legitimate work being of as purely a business character as that of an express company.

Something has been done for reform, so far as postal clerkships are concerned. But why should we not eliminate the great multitude of postmasterships also from the lists of spoils offices? Why should not the people of every town elect their own postmaster as they elect their own local servants? They are much more interested than anybody at Washington can be in securing a capable man for postmaster. They know better than any President can find out, the respective qualifications of the various aspirants. Why should not they select their postmaster, re-electing him if he gives good services and turning him out if he fails to do so?

Would not this give us a better postal service? Would it not put an end to a quadrennial scandal? Would it not relieve the President of a serious burden and a danger that is not to be lightly regarded?

### The People and the Spoilsman.

From the New York Evening Post.

The great mass of the people have no sympathy with the spoilsmen who crowd into Washington and beg for office as a method of living at the public expense. They do not thrill with joy and bubble over with enthusiasm whenever the President puts a "worker" into the Post-office or the Custom-house. There is no enthusiasm anywhere except among the few followers who hope to obtain personal advantage. But when a first-rate appointment is made the whole country is enthusiastic over it, has genuine pride in the President who makes it, and the result is an incalculable gain in strength for the party to which the President belongs.

### A Movement of Kansas City Real Estate.

From the Kansas City Times.

There was quite a movement in Kansas City real estate yesterday. Some of it went as high as the New York Life Building and some of it got in the eyes of those who were bold enough to venture on the streets. With Kansas zephyrs for a month this town would be a paradise for oculists.

### Just Where He Tried to Kiss Her.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Megonigle encircled her waist with his arm and endeavored to kiss her in the locality of Sixteenth and Diamond streets.

## THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[Matter written on both sides of the paper will not be published in this column.]

### A Free Public Library.

*To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:*

The Board of President and Directors of the St. Louis Public Schools are unanimously in favor of a free public library. At a regularly called meeting a committee of citizens was appointed to bring the matter before the public at the election to be held next Thursday, April 4; and at this election the question will be submitted to the voters by the regularly constituted authorities. Its friends believe it has the united support of the entire press of the city and, of practically, every citizen in the city. Its feasibility and advantage are not questioned, and it is unnecessary to comment upon them. I write only to call attention to one clause of the law under which the new free library must be constituted and by which this great institution for the benefit of the public may fail to be established.

Sec. 1779 of the Revised Statutes of 1889 provides, among other requisites, for the establishing of free libraries as follows: "If the majority of all the votes cast in such a corporated city shall be for the tax of a free public library, the tax specified in such notice shall be levied and collected in like manner with other general taxes of said incorporated city and shall be known as the Library Fund."

From this it will be observed that it requires a majority of all the votes actually cast at the election on Tuesday to carry and establish the free library in St. Louis. Many voters are thoughtless and inattentive or are not informed concerning the library, and any one neglecting to vote on the question at the election on Tuesday will, it is believed, count a vote against the free library, in accordance with this law, as quoted. Friends of the library have done a great deal of work and are now hopeful of success, and the free library is more than likely to be secured if people are informed on the subject.

GIST BLAIR.

### Hundred Votes Wanted.

*To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:*

If I had a hundred votes instead of only one, I would give them all—and beg or borrow more—for a free library. In the little town where my earlier years were passed there was then no public library, and few private ones of any consequence. How hungry I was for books in those days! I had no money to buy them, and had to depend upon friends for such supply as their own scanty stock would afford. I shall never forget those friends, for I owe them a debt I can never repay. They fed my mind when it was starving for food. A free library will make such starvation forever impossible in St. Louis. T. D.

## ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

GENT.—Flies are found in Ireland.

E. AND C.—The conduct you describe would be very uncomplimentary.

L.—Questions in reference to private persons are not answered in this column.

A. W. B.—As the time for redeeming the revenue stamps referred to has expired, they are of no value.

SCHOOL BOY.—An Ambassador is of higher rank than a Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary.

FRENCH-AMERICAN.—1. Your question is not clear. 2. An Ambassador, under the old rules, could represent only a sovereign, and not a republic. His rank is higher than that of a Minister Plenipotentiary.

### Vaccination in Scotland.

From the Dundee News.

At a school in Glasgow the other day during the Bible lesson, which was about Moses, the teacher asked a little boy the following question: "Why was Moses hidden by his mother among the bullrushes?"

Little boy, thinking of small-pox scare in Glasgow, replied: "Because she did not want him vaccinated."

# QUICK DEATH.

## A Single Electric Shock Kills a New York Wife Murderer.

### No Burning Nor Steaming as in Other Electrocutions.

### ELECTRICIAN DAVIS GRATIFIED OVER THE NEATNESS OF THE AFFAIR.

**The Victim Was a Colored Man of Massive Frame, But the Current Was Powerful—Story of the Condemned's Crime—Whitecapping in Arkansas Checked by Cold Lead—A Thieving Minister Given the Cold Shoulder by Former Parishioners.**

SING SING, N. Y., April 3.—James W. Hamilton, the colored ex-preacher and convicted wife-murderer, died in the electric chair at 11:12 o'clock this morning. The death warrant was read by Warden Brown in the condemned man's cell at 10:30 o'clock last night. Hamilton sat on the bed and showed some signs of emotion when the document was read.

Carlisle W. Harris, who occupies cell No. 8, which is the second cell from Hamilton's, was able to hear the reading of the warrant. He showed no signs of being affected by what was going on so near him and what may be repeated in his case a few weeks later. Hamilton shook hands with Warden Brown when the reading was finished and said good-by. He talked with Father Credan until 11 o'clock and then went to bed. Dr. Irvine, the prison physician, who saw him at that time, said that he showed no signs of breaking down and that it was evident that his religious enthusiasm would keep him up until the fatal moment. Hamilton slept until 6 o'clock this morning. He was visited by the Rev. Frs. Wallace and Credan and they remained with him all the morning. The witnesses who had been invited by Warden Brown arrived before 10 a. m. Electrician E. F. Davis made a careful test of the apparatus. The same chair, electrodes and switching mechanism which was used in the case of Fred McGuire last December were employed to-day.

It was 10:30 a. m. when Warden Brown led the witnesses down to the execution chamber. There was some delay in getting the dynamo in working order, but at 11:12½ all the connections were made and Warden Brown gave the signal. The current was left on for sixty seconds and then turned off. The physicians stepped forward, listened for the heart beats and felt for the pulse. They declared the man dead at 11:18.11. The electrocution differed from all its predecessors in that only one shock was given. There was no scorching or steaming at the electrodes, and while the man was above the medium height and of massive build, it was evident that death was instantaneous. Electrician Davis said that it was the most skillful at which he had officiated. He gave the voltage at 1,740 and the amperes at 7 5-10.

The crime for which the colored preacher died in the electric chair was the cutting of his wife's throat at Winfield, Long Island, one night in May, 1892. Three years ago Hamilton was obliged to marry Annie Brooks, a pretty colored woman whom he had betrayed and who was in the employ of Druggist John Hepburn of Flushing. They did not live together and the husband had tried to obtain a divorce without success. He had expressed his determination to get rid of her. One morning her body was found in a pond with her throat cut from ear to ear. Hamilton was at once arrested on suspicion. It was proved that he had decoyed her from her home in Flushing to Winfield to look at a house in that town he proposed to buy for a home. She told her employer on the evening mentioned that she was going to meet her husband. Both of them took the train to Winfield and Mrs. Hamilton was seen to leave the train with a man identified as Hamilton. A razor and a cuff-button, which proved to be the property of Hamilton, were found on the banks of the pond and Hamilton made two different explanations of how they came to be there. A feature of the case was that no blood stains were found on the clothing of either of them, which was accounted for by the assumption that the throat was cut while both were in the water. Evidence was produced that Hamilton had been meditating the crime for some time.

### A MISSING WITNESS.

DES MOINES, Io., April 3.—The principal witness in the case against William Mawhor, the man accused of having poisoned five of his wives, has been spirited away. This will make the conviction of Mawhor a hard matter. When the late Mrs. Mawhor married the husband she was a widow, having two children, a boy and a girl. It is the boy that has so mysteriously disappeared. After the sudden death of their mother the girl was taken to Alton, Ill., while the boy was sent to Kansas to live with George Mawhor, a brother of the man charged with murder. A few days ago the boy's uncle, A. F. Erbeck of Alton, came to visit the boy. It was then known for the first time that he could not be found. Friends of the family had seen him at Sidney, but the most careful search by his uncle failed to reveal his whereabouts. Mr. Erbeck filed a petition with the County Clerk asking that a guardian be appointed for him, and that Sheriff Pate be named. This was done, but the Sheriff was unsuccessful in his search for him. Upon a motion filed before Judge Thornhill a writ of habeas corpus has been granted and served upon George Mawhor. The boy is in possession of valuable information, it is claimed, which will make a strong case against his step-father if he is allowed to appear in court. Those who are well acquainted with the Mawhor family fear that he will never be seen again.

### A WHITECAPPER FILLED WITH LEAD.

JONESBORO, Ark., April 3.—Yesterday morning a band of colored whitecaps went to the house of George Black a colored tenant on the Krewsen fruit farm, one and one-half miles from town, to whip him for settling in the neighborhood. Demanding admittance and failing to get in, they broke in the door, when Black fired on the foremost man with an old army musket, literally filling him with buckshot. Black then ran and one of the band shot him with a Winchester rifle, the ball going through his body. Both men were brought to town by their friends, where they received medical attention. The man whom Black shot proved to be William Metcalf, a well-to-do contracting carpenter, who is well known and has many friends in Craighead County. Both men died to-day.

Up to noon to-day the following arrests have been made: Al and George Counts of this place; Kel Payne, Bara Ray, George Burrow, Jim Ballantine, and Chas. Henson, the latter having made a confession implicating the others. Great consternation was created in this city at 9 o'clock this morning when the eighth man, Les J. Ware, a prominent attorney and once Mayor of Jonesboro, was arrested for complicity in the affair and locked up in jail. Ware stands well in the esteem of the people.

### THE BODY FOUND.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 3.—A dispatch received from Fort Grant says the body of young Harry L. Mornton of San Francisco, who disappeared last November, has been found near the San Pedro River. He had evidently been assassinated as there was a rifle shot through the back of the skull. The motive was robbery, as his clothes were rifled. The Sheriff is said to have a clew. Young Mornton belonged to a prominent Southern family here and had recently sold out his herd of cattle.

### CAUGHT AT MANITOU.

DENVER, Colo., April 3.—Charles Norton and Stella Jones, both colored, were arrested at Manitou yesterday for stealing $3,880 from J. A. Petri of Phillipsburg, N. J. They went from Phillipsburg to Chicago where they remained until two weeks ago. A negro named Dobbs learned of their crime and got Norton to draw $1,000 out of a bank on the pretense that the police knew where it was. Norton gave the $1,000 to Dobbs for safe keeping and the latter bought him two tickets to Denver. While walking on State street a man claiming to be a detective stepped up to arrest Norton. Dobbs told him to run and he would fight the detective. Norton ran and the two grappled till he got around a corner. Then they went off together.

### THE MURDERER IS DEAD.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 3.—Ross Smith, the murderer of Effie Clark, died last night from his wounds. He never recovered consciousness after saying he had killed the girl because she would not marry him. The body of Miss Clark will be sent to her parents at Spokane Falls.

### PENITENTIARY SENTENCES FOR MURDER.

CANTON, Ill., April 3.—Hugh Fouch and James Traynor were convicted of the murder of Henry Cole, Traynor getting fifteen years and Foutch two years in the penitentiary. Cole was found one day by his brother with his head mashed, as a result of a quarrel with the two men just convicted.

### WAIVED EXAMINATION.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Albert A. Cadwallader, once President of the National Bank of West Superior, Wis., and who was indicted on the charge of embezzling $40,000 of the bank's money, forfeited his bail and fled to Brazil, only to be arrested by Detective Henry and brought back, was arraigned before Commissioner Shields this morning. He waived examination, and will be sent back to West Superior in custody of A. L. Drummond, Chief of the Secret Service of Wisconsin.

### A CASHIER SHORT.

BATH, Me., April 3.—William B. Shaw, cashier of the Lincoln National Bank, is a defaulter to the amount of $50,000.

### THEY KNEW HIM NOT.

**A REVEREND THIEF'S VAIN SEARCH FOR A FRIEND IN LITTLE ROCK.**

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 3.—One of the most pathetic scenes ever witnessed in the Sheriff's office occurred there yesterday morning a few minutes before 11 o'clock. Saturday night Sheriff M. Mills telegraphed to the Sheriff of Johnson County, J. H. Powers, to arrest Rev. S. H. Buchanan, the defaulting ex-Treasurer of the Arkansas Insane Asylum, who had been indicted by the Grand Jury on Thursday, with instructions to bring him to Little Rock at once. Sheriff Powers arrived with the prisoner from Clarksville at 10 o'clock, and a half hour later delivered him to the custody of the authorities of Pulaski County.

The warrant was served on Buchanan early yesterday morning and the reverend gentleman telegraphed immediately to Mr. Oscar Davis, cashier of the German-National Bank of this city, to make his bond, which was fixed at $10,000, and have it ready by 10 o'clock. Mr. Davis saw a number of Mr. Buchanan's friends, all of whom refused to become his sureties. When this information was imparted to the prisoner he gave way completely and wept like a child. Finally, when the Sheriff informed him that he would be compelled to place him in jail he regained his composure and said:

"Wait a few moments, Col. Mills, and I'll make the bond myself, and will do so without leaving my seat."

He drew his chair to the open window facing Second street, and watched intently every person walking up Spring street on their way to attend service at a little church not far distant from the Court-house. It was in this church that Rev. Dr. Buchanan had preached many sermons and to the very persons, dressed in their Easter suits, who were now slowly wending their way to the House of God to listen to services appropriate to the day, and which were conducted a year ago by a pastor now arrested for committing a felony.

"I'll see some one I know pretty soon who will sign my bond," said Dr. Buchanan. "Just wait a few minutes, Colonel."

Several prominent citizens, some accompanied by their wives, others by their daughters, passed along. Whenever Dr. Buchanan spied a friend crossing the street a deputy sheriff was sent to intercept him. The reverend gentleman's predicament was explained to each, who was requested to assist in making his bond. All had some excuse to offer, and passed on to the other side of the street and continued their journey to the little Cumberland Presbyterian church.

Buchanan was looking for the good Samaritan, but he failed to appear.

He was much surprised and greatly chagrined over his failure to make his bond from among the members of his former flock. "I raised nearly $70,000 for the Cumberland Presbyterian College at Clarksville, and much of that money was contributed by those good people you saw passing by on their way to church, and yet not one of them will put their name on a piece of paper that will prevent their old pastor from going to jail," was the remark he made, and which was addressed more to himself than to any one in the room. At the suggestion of the Sheriff a number of friends in the city were telephoned to, but none would agree to become a surety on his bond. He remained in the office until 12:30 o'clock, and while the people were returning from church Deputy Sheriff Heard conducted the prisoner down Spring street at the foot of which the jail is located, and locked him up. On their way to the jail they passed a number of person who had been members of Dr. Buchanan's congregation. No one spoke to him. The deputy held the embezzler's arm, whose other hand held a handkerchief with which he was trying to stop the flow of tears that were streaming from his eyes.

Dr. Buchanan was the Secretary and Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of the Arkansas Insane Asylum for a number of years. He speculated in real estate and spent considerable money in improving a small stock farm he owned in this county. In all his business transactions he lost money. He acknowledged his defalcation, which amounts to about $13,000, and says if the authorities will not prosecute him he will go to work and try to make enough money to pay the State what he owes it. His case will be tried in the Pulaski Circuit Court sometime during the present month.

### HAS A MOTHER-IN-LAW.

**Why Charles F. Robinson Wants to Be Divorced From His Wife:—Court News.**

Charles F. Robinson in his suit for divorce filed to-day, states that he married his wife, Lulu E. Robinson, in New Haven, Conn., in June, 1882. For eight years he alleges that he lived with her at her mother's house, when the strain on his nervous system became too great and he informed her that they must make a change in their domicile. This, he avers, she refused to do, so he packed up and went West, settling first in Minnesota, where he wrote to her to come and join him. Instead of complying with this request, he claims, she wrote him a very abusive letter. In 1891 he came to St. Louis, where, he says, he again wrote her and sent the letter by registered mail, which she received but which she has as yet failed to answer. He thinks his mother-in-law is at the bottom of the whole affair and states that he dare not undertake the task of again living in the same house with her. There was one child born of the marriage, which is at present in the custody of the mother.

### Judge Harrison's Decisions.

Judge Harrison this morning overruled motions for a new trial in the following cases: Phoenix Planing Mill vs. Clements et al., Fleischer vs. Tiesselman et al., Waters vs. Duffy et al., Killoney vs. Meehan et al., Barrett vs. Nolte, Madden vs. Feehan; Fuhs, Swab & Co. vs. Collins, Dunn & Co.

Decisions in other cases were: Goddard vs. Goddard, proceeding dismissed; First National Bank of Montgomery vs. Wm. Barry et al. Judgment for plaintiff.

### Judge Fisher's Decisions.

Judge Fisher this morning overruled motions for a new trial in the following cases: Kelley & Reardon vs. Henry Bischoff et al.; Enterprise Soap Works vs. Henry Sayers et al.; Edison Building and Loan Association vs. F. J. Gesterberg et al., W. E. Bell vs. H. West; Knapp, Stout & Co. vs. St. Louis Transfer Co.; James Boland vs. Glendale Quarry Co.

Decisions in other cases were as follows: Moses Sargent vs. John J. Byrne, Ganahl Lumber Co. vs. Fehlhammer Planing-Mill Co.; motion to set aside order overruled. A. E. Barns vs. J. S. Andrews; demurrer to answer overruled. Charles F. Orthwein vs. Henry Reinstadler; demurrer overruled. Frank P. Archer vs. A. S. Blackford et al.; judgment for defendant for $170 and $1 damages. Charles Green vs. Dougherty et al., judgment for plaintiff for $400 penalty of bond and $350 damages.

### Mrs. Bentrup Wants a Divorce.

Anna Bentrup brought suit for divorce to-day against Gustav F. Bentrup, whom she alleges she married in 1886, and left on the 18th of March last, because of his failure to support her and their children.

### Court Notes.

The trustees of the German Memorial Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church were granted a pro forma decree of incorporation to-day in Judge Klein's court.

Judge Klein adjourned court to-day until Saturday next in order to dispose of a large number of cases he has under advisement. The time for pleading in his court has therefore been extended to and including Monday, April 12, next.

The Maple Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church filed a petition for a pro forma decree of incorporation to-day in Judge Fisher's court.

## M. MELINE FAILS.

**President Carnot Summons Deville to Form a Cabinet.**

PARIS, April 3.—M. Meline has failed in his efforts to form a complete cabinet and President Carnot, it is stated, proposes to send for M. Deville, late minister of foreign affairs, to form a cabinet.

### ABINGDON'S WILL.

LONDON, April 3.—The new paper, the *Morning*, states that on the eve of his departure for America, Abingdon Baird wrote to Mrs. Langtry:

"Dear Lillie: I made a will yesterday and left you everything." Baird's wealth has been variously estimated at from £30,000 to £50,000 pounds a year, and he inherited vast accumulations.

## IN BRIGHT COLORS.

**PRESIDENT DIAZ DESCRIBES MEXICO'S CONDITION IN A MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.**

CITY OF MEXICO, April 3.—At the convening of the second session of the Sixteenth Congress President Diaz read his message, which was replied to by the President of the Chamber of Deputies. The message sets forth the country's present condition and announces that its relations with all foreign powers are friendly. Referring to the recent settlement of the question of the limits of Nuevo Leon and Coahuila, President Diaz says the United States has been apprised that Nuevo Leon is the border State, so that the authorities of that State may be recognized in the extradition of criminals.

Negotiations with China for a treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation have been resumed.

Every possible precaution has been taken against the danger of the invasion of the country by European cholera, which the President thinks is remote.

After referring to Mexico's triumphs at the Exposition at Madrid Presidents Diaz states that the preparations for a suitable exhibit at Chicago have been happily terminated and that all the States, the Federal District and private individuals will be represented by objects and products that will give a good idea of the nation's progress and wealth.

The mining law, which went into effect on July 1, has given an impulse to the mining industry, the growth of which is shown by the increased production and exportation of not only precious ores but lead, copper, tin and zinc.

Telegraphic lines are constantly being extended, and there are now 28,600 miles of wire. During the past six months 250 miles of railway have been constructed. The total length is now nearly 6,831 miles. There is every reason to believe that the interoceanic railroad of Tehuantepec will now be completed.

Mexico has continued to discharge her pecuniary obligations, notwithstanding the failure of the most important cereal crop. The new tax laws will increase revenues and lessen the nation's financial difficulties.

### BALFOUR IN IRELAND.

BELFAST, April 3.—A. J. Balfour, Conservative leader in the House of Commons, and formerly Chief Secretary for Ireland, arrived in Belfast to-day to deliver addresses in support of the opposition of the Ulster Unionists to home rule. A vast concourse greeted Mr. Balfour on his arrivals, and the thousands of Unionists cheered loudly as he made his appearance. The multitude were so enthusiastic that they took the horses out of the carriage which bore the Conservative statesman and eagerly sought the honor of drawing the vehicle through the street. There was an extensive display of flags and bands played Orange and Loyalist airs. Numerous deputations presented a formal and cordial greeting to the ex-Secretary, dwelling upon the loyalty of Ulster to the union with Great Britain, and extolling the services of Balfour to the cause.

Mr. Balfour replied with an earnest declaration of the resolution of the Conservatives to resist home rule to the utmost.

At Larne, seventeen and a half miles from Belfast, Mr. Balfour also had an enthusiastic greeting, and listened to an address in behalf of the Ulster Unionists, to which he delivered a reply appropriate from the Conservative standpoint.

### BLACKMAILED HIS FATHER.

BERLIN, April 3.—A man recently attempted the life of Klaudius Vazsery, the Hungarian Prince Primate, who turns out to have been the Prince's own son. His mother was a former mistress of the Primate and the young man used this fact to extort blackmail from his father. When his increasing demands were refused he became desperate and shot at the Prince, but fortunately missed him. The young man was quickly arrested and shipped to Rio de Janeiro.

### HIPPOLYT'S TRIUMPHAL MARCH.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, March 24.—Advices received here from Hayti state that President Hippolyte, with his army, has reached Cape Haytien. All along his line of march Hippolyte has met with enthusiastic receptions, although it is possible that much of the enthusiasm was forced through fear. From Cape Haytien, Hippolyte will return direct to Port-au-Prince.

Gens. Arneaux and Momplaiser, Haytien exiles here, and Capt. Miller of the schooner Willie Irving, who were recently arrested for fitting out an expedition against Hayti have been remanded for trial at the next session of the Supreme Court. The accused have been admitted to bail.

## A TERRIBLE CHARGE.

**Tim Rabbit Accused of Debauching a Little Girl.**

Mrs. Kate Walsh, a widow who keeps boarders at 707 south Broadway, caused the arrest of Tim Rabbit, one of her boarders, to-day on the charge of debauching her 6-year-old daughter, Mary. She accused the man of enticing the girl into a bedroom and forcing her to drink whisky before he accomplished his design. This occurred, she claimed, while she was away from home. Rabbit is a car roofer, 32 years old and unmarried.

A BICYCLE RIDER INJURED.—A horse driven by Henry Herweck ran away in Forest Park yesterday afternoon and collided with Charles Dr. Andrews, a bicyclist. Andrews' right leg was fractured and he was taken to his home, 3060 Lucas avenue.

# ADVISED TO ACCEPT.

## Mitchell Cabled to Take the Coney Island Club's Offer.

### THE FIGHT WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE CLUB-HOUSE BY THE SEA.

**Abe Hummel Tells His Client to Join With Corbett in Accepting the $40,000 Offer—Gossip for Wheelmen—The Turf World—Sporting News of All Sorts.**

NEW YORK, April 3.—Lawyer Abe Hummel, who represents pugilist Mitchell's interests in this country, cabled his principal to-day advising him to accept the Coney Island Club's offer of $40,000 for his fight with Corbett. The big Californian, accompanied by his wife, Joe Corbett, his brother, and Manager Brady, left for Montreal on the 5:15 train on the West Shore road last evening. The Californian will not be in New York until he returns to battle with Charlie Mitchell. Before leaving Corbett had a long talk with Jack McVay of Philadelphia, who assisted him in his training for his fight with Sullivan. The result of the talk was that McVay accepted Corbett's terms to assist in preparing him for the match with the English champion.

Corbett said he expected Mitchell would accept the Coney Island Club's offer and that the match would be soon definitely settled. He expressed great confidence in the Coney Island Club to pull off the fight. In regard to the club's articles of agreement, Corbett said he wanted certain stipulations put in before he would sign them. He wants the contest to be decided strictly according to the Marquis of Queensbury rules. If either of the men fouls the other the offender is to be cautioned. If he commits another foul the event shall end then and there and the fight be awarded to the man fouled. If either man drops down to avoid punishment, the offending fighter shall be cautioned once, and if he drops again, the referee shall declare the other man the winner.

Corbett may train for the battle at his house at Highbridge. He will be trained by Billy Delaney, Jack McVay and John Donaldson. The champion will work his way now toward home, in San Francisco, after which he will spend three months at the World's Fair at Chicago, returning to New York in September to begin work for his contest.

### THE TURF.

The decision of Judge Wilderman of Belleville Saturday that betting on the East St. Louis track is none other than gambling, and consequently illegal, is not causing the East St. Louis Jockey Club managers much uneasiness. Speaking of the matter this morning Secretary Sinclair said: "The whole business is a prearranged affair and in my opinion amounts to nothing. This man Fleming, who is the defendant in the case, formerly operated a little fruit stand at our track. He was doing well, but wanted to do better, and commenced to charge very high prices for his commodity. The result was we took his privilege away and turned him out. He then joined in with the opposition to the present city administration of East St. Louis, and has been trying ever since to get even. This crowd who are fighting the re-election of Mayor Stevens are endeavoring to demonstrate that pool-selling and book-making is illegal and that in order by not stopping us is not attending to his duty. This is the cause of the matter. Now regarding the decision I certainly do not think there is anything in it, because if such a law was in force in the state the crowd that fought the Garfield Park magnates and Ed Corrigan in Chicago would surely have discovered the fact. It would have been just the thing for them. Some of the best attorneys of Chicago were working on the matter up there and it appears rather strange to me, that it remained for a Belleville jurist to discover that there was a law prohibiting poolselling and bookmaking still in force in the State. "Why, if such is the case," continued Mr. Sinclair, "I don't see why the Legislature is endeavoring to pass a bill to stop it. If Judge Wilderman is correct, it seems to me there is no necessity for any further legislation on the subject. The statement that we have determined to build a track on the ground in this city a short distance from the Fair Grounds, which Joe Ullman secured an option on recently, if the Berry bill is passed in Illinois, is incorrect," said Mr. Sinclair. "That option belongs to Mr. Ullman himself and the East St. Louis Jockey Club has nothing to do with it, as far as I know. As long as we can race where we are now we are not going to build another track. It will be time enough for us to do so when racing, pool-selling and bookmaking is prohibited in Illinois."

### THE WHEEL.

The third annual county tour of the L. A. W. yesterday was a grand success in every respect; in fact it was by far the largest attended and most harmonious meeting of cyclers ever held in this city. The fine weather and good condition of country roads and the fact that it was the first outing of the season were temptations too great to resist, and every one of the 180 cyclers, two of whom were ladies, that registered at Ballwin declared it one of the most pleasant affairs they ever attended. The start was made at 8:30 a. m. from Nineteenth and Locust, the following clubs being in line: C. C. Hildebrandt, Grand Marshal; pacemakers, E. A. McGrath and E. A. Sanders; Cycle Club, H. G. Wolzendorf, Captain; South Side Cycle Club, H. W. Upmeir, Captain; Pastimes, H. A. Canfield, Captain; Carondelet Cycle Club, Chester Stith, Captain; unattached wheelmen, H. C. Dreiling, Captain. A stop was made in Forest Park for a photograph and then the ride was resumed out the Manchester road to Ballwin. Dinner was served in the usual good style by Mrs. Bush. On the return trip a stop was made at Barthold's for lunch and a number of speeches made in regard to cycling affairs. A vote of thanks was tendered the E. C. Meacham Arms Co. for the favors extended to the wheelmen during the day and to C. C. Hildebrandt for his successful management of the entire affair.

### BANQUET TO THE GLOBE TOURISTS.

The banquet to Messrs. Allen and Sachtleben, the local globe-encircling cyclists, will take place Wednesday evening next at the rooms of the South Side Cycling Club. tickets were placed on sale at all the agencies and the club houses yesterday, and from the members taking them the banquet promises to be a great success. The banquet committee consists of H. G. Walzendorf, H. A. Canfield, M. R. Orthwein, W. R. Wright and Robert Holm. The invitation Committee are A. C. Davis and M. J. Gilbert.

### BASE BALL.

Manager Tebeau of Cleveland says: "I intend to place my men as follows: Virtue, Childs, McKean and your humble servant on the infield, with Burkett in left, McAleer center and Ewing right. Zimmer, O'Connor and Boyd will do the catching and Young, Cuppy, Clarkson, Davies and one of the colts the pitching. I am going to try out my stock of phenomenons on the trip and I'll be satisfied if I get one crackerjack out of the lot. Yes, we will miss Davis. He is a great player and a tower of strength to any team, but we are expecting great things of Ewing. He is a great batter and is thoroughly familiar with all the fine points of the game. If his arm is all right I will put him behind the bat occasionally, but his regular position will be right field."

BASE BALL GOSSIP.

Charley Farrell has accepted the terms of the Washington Club and will catch for that team.

The Boston Base Ball Club has received a signed contract from "Charley" Bennett, the catcher for the season.

The Browns defeated the Browns Reserves by a score of 10 to 6 at Sportsman's Park yesterday. Hawley and Peltz did battery service for the Browns, and both put up a strong game. Maloney and Sebbits were in the points for the Reserves. The summary follows: Browns, 10; Reserves, 6. Base Hits—Browns, 13; Reserves, 4. Errors—Browns, 2; Reserves, 1.

### ATHLETICS.

The Western Association of College Athletes met at the Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago, Saturday, and discussed the spring field meeting which will, in all probability, be held at the Champaign Grounds this season.

The colleges represented at the meeting were the Northwestern, Perdue, Washington of St. Louis, Christian Brothers of St. Louis, Illinois Wesleyan, Illinois College, Rose Polytechnic of Terre Haute, Champaign, Lake Forest and Grinnell. Those present as delegates were: F. McElwain of Northwestern, J. D. Thomson of Perdue, Frank D. Arms of University of Illinois, C. S. Walliston of Grinnell, James Dale of Rose Polytechnic, Gorman Croesling of Washington, C. W. Lucas of Northwestern and Arthur Robertson of Lake Forest. A fine programme of fifteen events has been arranged.

### PEDESTRIANISM.

Everything is in readiness for the start of the great international six days' pedestrian contest at the Natatorium at 9 o'clock this evening, and present indications betoken one of the greatest struggles ever witnessed in pedestrianism. Hughes, the Irish champion, seems to be a favorite, but Moore, Guerrero, Bennett, Glick and Cartwright all have plenty of supporters who will bank upon their success. This evening all ladies will be admitted free, which should bring out a good representation of the fair sex and special arrangements have been made looking toward their comfort. Peter Hegelman, the "Flying Dutchman," has wired that he will arrive this evening in time for the start and the others have all been in the city for several days.

## TO PATCH UP A PEACE.

### Knights of Labor and Federationists Trying to Get Together.

NEW YORK, April 3.—As a result of the clothing-cutters' lockout in this city one of the most important labor movements of recent years is on foot. This is an effort to patch up the differences that have long existed between the Knights of Labor and the American Federation of Labor so that the two bodies may work in harmony on all labor matters. A secret conference of representatives of various sections of the labor movement will be held to-night to try to start this movement. The feeling has been steadily gaining ground since the decision of Judge Ricks in the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan trouble, that methods must be adopted by organized labor. The injunctions issued by Judge Lawrence on Wednesday and Saturday brought this feeling to a head. The feeling is that labor now is at a disadvantage in its struggle with capital in view of the new tactics of the latter. The successive appeals to the courts show that the old methods of strike and boycott are becoming ineffectual, in view of the present factional quarrels existing between the different organizations.

All the talk now is in favor of a union of the two great bodies—the Knights of Labor and the American Federation. Several meetings of tailors were held yesterday all over the East Side in Brooklyn and in Brownsville, L. I. At all these meetings the locked-out cutters were assured of support, moral and financial. The locked-out cutters themselves did not meet yesterday but their officers were in consultation all day and Secretary White said plans of warfare had been outlined which would be a surprise to the manufacturers.

If the cloakmakers strike it will throw about 20,000 persons out of employment and would involve about 1,000 cloak-cutters who may strike any way of their own accord.

A representative of the Knights of Labor Clothing Cutters said yesterday that his men would take the places of the locked-out men whatever their officers might say.

### Failed of Indorsement.

The Trades and Labor Union held a special meeting at Labor Hall yesterday afternoon. The meeting was held for the purpose of denouncing the labor meeting held at Anchor Hall last Monday night, when the Trades and Labor Union was denounced for interfering in politics. The point was raised that any consideration of political subjects was contrary to the constitution, and as yesterday's meeting had been called for that purpose it was therefore illegal.

Resolutions denouncing the Anchor Hall meeting for their denunciation of the T. and L. A. were passed. The meeting broke up without the clique desiring the indorsement of Walbridge consummating their plans.

### A False Report.

The mammoth Hotel Eastman, Hot Springs, Ark., will not close this season until May 15. Tourists are going to Hot Springs in larger numbers than ever before. The weather is simply perfect there during April.

## APPROVED THE PLANS.

### Merchants' Terminal Depot Arrangements Officially Approved.

At the meeting of the Board of Public Improvements to-day the plans for the Merchants' Terminal Railway depot at Broadway and Carr street were submitted and adopted after they had been thoroughly examined. A cut and complete description of the depot appeared in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH of yesterday. Under the provisions of the ordinance the Terminal company will begin work on the demolition of the old Round Top market at Broadway and Biddle streets to-morrow. A large force of men will be put to work and only a few days will be spent in razing the market building.

At the meeting this morning the Merchants' company was represented by Col. John H. Overall and Engineer Moore.

### Adjourned Sine Die.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon both branches of the Municipal Assembly met and wound up the business of the session, the telephone company's conduit bill having been killed by the agreement of the House Committee on Public Improvements Saturday afternoon not to report it. There was little interest shown in the proceedings.

As soon as possible after the results of to-morrow's election are officially promulgated, the House and Council will meet, elect officers and arrange for the inauguration of the new Mayor. The inauguration in accordance with the charter provisions will take place at a joint session of the Council and House at which the President of the former body will preside.


### Hear the World-Renowned Schmer

Pianos, the favorite of the Eastern musical public, at Koerber's, 1108 Olive street.


### Missourians and Illinoisans.

The hotel arrivals to-day from Missouri and Illinois are: A. L. Suggett, Flora, Ill.; F. M. Shaver, Kansas City, Mo.; J. M. Hampton, Gillespie, Ill., at the Barnum. F. A. Fletcher, W. W. Green, Lieut. L. R. Peary, Kansas City, Mo., at the Lindell. G. W. Cleveland, Neosho, Mo.; F. H. Vierman, Jefferson City; W. S. Bullard, Sedalia, Mo.; J. W. Johnson, Louisiana, Mo.; J. C. Curley, St. Joseph, Mo.; David Doem, New Madrid, Mo.; James Walsh, Moberly, Mo.; J. W. Farmer, Waverly, Mo.; W. G. Pendleton Boonville, Mo.; W. E. Gold, Clarksburg, Mo., at the Moser; J. B. Racklift, Salem, Mo. W. M. Werlhie, Decatur, Ill.; Frank C. Peck, F. H. McGuigan, Kansas City; F. H. Harris, Cairo, Ill.; Stephen T. Martin, Chicago, Ill.; John L. Morrison, Jefferson City, Mo.; George Quick, Peoria, Ill.; Robert Dunn, Marble Hill, Mo., at the Laclede. John W. Merrill, Kansas City, Mo.; C. H. Williams, John Shannon, K. M. Friend, Chicago, Ill.; E. A. Stiay, Cobden, Ill.; J. Herlin, Canton, Ill.; D. Heidelburg, Farmington, Mo.; W. M. Allen, Peoria, Ill., at Hurst's. H. A. Roberts, Moberly; T. B. Annan, T. C. Young, J. Uptegrue, Kansas City, Mo., at Westerman's Hotel Rozier. Alexander Ross, Cape Girardeau, Mo.; E. M. Nells, Mattoon, Ill; R. H. Sperry, Winchester, Ill.; W. R. Ryan, Boodhouse, Ill.; J. W. Druary, Waterloo, Ill., at the St. James. W. S. Countuell, Benton, Ill.; C. H. Molin, Joplin, Mo.; W. A. Albert, Cape Girardeau, Mo.; J. L. Merrill, Kansas City, Mo.; C. F. Lopp, Springfield, Ill.; H. L. Tolley, H. F. Fitch, F. W. Huse, Chicago, Ill., at the Southern. W. B. Rodney, W. F. Capiticas, L. Rotschild, Chicago, Ill.; J. C. Johnson, Kansas City, Mo.; G. H. Fisher, Peoria, Ill.; W. H. Woodson, Duquoin, Ill., at the Continental.


# Shakespeare's Seven Ages

## SECOND AGE.

THE WHINING SCHOOL BOY WHO DID NOT TAKE JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.

And then the whining school-boy, with his satchel
And shining morning face, creeping like snail
Unwillingly to school.




THE SCHOOL BOY WHO TOOK JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.

The school boy trudging on to school
No longer whines. He nothing lacked
In leaving home; for he partook
Of Johann Hoff's famed Malt Extract.

Prof. Prosper De Pietra Santa of Paris says:

"I regard it of immense value to the practitioner to bring to his aid a nutritious tonic and remedy like the JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT, which will act not only as a tonic, but as a nutrient as well, and which is less exciting than wine as a stimulant."

Purchasers are warned against imposition and disappointment. Insist upon the Genuine, which must have the signature of "JOHANN HOFF" on the neck label.

A book entitled "Shakespeare's Seven Ages of Man," beautifully illustrated, sent free on application.

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, 152 and 154 Franklin street, New York.


### ACCUSATIONS UNFOUNDED.

**L. W. Sawyer Not Responsible for the Sawyer-Wallace Failure.**

NEW YORK, April 3.—Half of the morning papers print statements to the effect that L. W. Sawyer, who was London agent of the great grain exporting house of Sawyer, Wallace & Co. at the time of its unexpected and disastrous failure in September, 1890, has been in New York for several days seeking vindication. At the time of the failure charges of reckless speculation and dishonorable conduct were cabled over from London, and in some quarters Mr. Sawyer was accused of having caused the failure.

A thorough investigation has proven these charges to be unfounded. Indeed those who have sifted all the evidence declare that not only was Mr. Sawyer blameless, but the charges unfounded. Those who are conversant with the facts say the English speculators who failed to stand by losses incurred by their ventures were the real cause of the Sawyer-Wallace failure.

### Alton.

ALTON, Ill., April 3.—The most exciting contest for the office of Mayor of the city that has ever occurred in its history is now in progress. There are four candidates in the field: Col. J. J. Brenholt and W. H. Sparks of the Republican candidates, and Lucas Pfeiffenberger and F. W. Joesting, present Mayor, are the Democratic candidates. Each faction seems determined to elect its particular candidate. The petitions required by law are all filed, Saturday being the last day, and the fight will begin in earnest to-day.

The relatives and friends of William Huskinson, son of Street Commissioner Huskinson, were shocked yesterday by the sad news of his sudden death, which occured about 5 o'clock a. m. He had been sick only a few days with typhoid fever, when the disease took a sudden change. He was a young man of exemplary character, and about twenty years of age. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The funeral of Mrs. Thomas Hyndman, whose death occurred on Saturday, took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence. The deceased was 64 years of age and had been a resident of Alton for many years.

Misses Jennie and Alice Quigley have returned from Europe and will permanently reside here in the future.

Mrs. N. C. Keeran of Chicago is here on a visit to friends and relatives.

Glass Factory No. 1, which has been shut down for several weeks on account of a broken bench, started up this morning with a full set of hands.

Mrs. Jennie Bowman rendered a reception to her old classmates at her elegant residence on Saturday afternoon. Mrs. George A. Bayle and Mrs. Jas. T. Drummond, St. Louis, and N. C. Keeran, Chicago, and Miss Lillie Hollister, Grafton, were present from abroad. The occasion was one of great pleasure.

T. S. Chapman and other capitalists from Jerseyville are here consulting with other capitalists with a view to establishing another bank here. Alton, with a population of over 10,000, with North and Upper Alton villages adjacent, has only two banks.

### Crusaders Bruised and Battered.

ROLLA, N. D., April 3.—Six of the leading ladies of the town here, all members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, are now in bed with sores and bruises, as a result of a temperance crusade. They set out to close up some "blind pigs," as the drinking places are called, and the first place they found was that of Lin Bush. The women got in, but Mr. Bush soon returned with a large following. Then the ladies were all mussed up and rather badly damaged.


*Woman's Danger.*

No man can ever know the devoted martyrdom of many women.

Unselfishly a woman works and suffers that home and loved ones may be happy.

When it seems as though her back would break, when she grows irregular, faint, irritable, loses all interest in society, gets the "blues," is crushed with that indescribable feeling of "bearing-down," she "drags along," day after day, suffering agonies that would appal a man.

The cause of all her trouble is some derangement of the uterus or womb, perhaps the development of a tumor, or cancerous humor, — anyway, give it instant attention.

*Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound* is the sure cure. It is recommended by thousands of women. Its cures are unparallelled.

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS. *Liver Pills, 25 cents.*


### A CUBAN SNUB.

**The Captain-General at Havana Neglects the American Navy.**

HAVANA, Cuba, April 3.—The sudden departure of the United States ships Newark and Bennington was owing, it is said, to a snub administered by the Captain-General to the Rear Admiral, *La Lucha*, a local journal, contains a long account of the affair, reciting the manner in which the preparations made by the Rear Admiral for the reception of the Captain-General and his staff were ignored, as well as the custom of sending an officer to conduct the men-of-war appearing at the entrance to the harbor to a safe anchorage. The Newark and Bennington appeared off the coast in company with the Nina and Pinta, the modern copies of ancient caravels, which they had escorted across the ocean, and slowed down to await the coming of a port official to advise the Admiral where to place his ship. No officer presented himself, however, and, after waiting some time, the ships were anchored in that part of the harbor reserved for such vessels. Salutes were exchanged with Fort Habanas and the ships of the Spanish fleet, and subsequently the Admiral went ashore and called on the Captain-General, and it was understood that the Captain-General and his staff would return the visit at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Accordingly elaborate preparations were made on board the Newark. Time passed and there was no sign of visitors. Finally, at 6 p. m., a messenger came out to the Newark to say that the Captain-General would pay his visit some other day. The understanding here is that the American Admiral communicated at once with the secretary of the Navy in Washington, and received orders by cable to proceed at once with his vessels to Norfolk. There is a general feeling of regret among the people at the incident.

MR. EDITOR—Kindly permit me, through the columns of your valuable medium, to correct a statement that is being used to my detriment. That is, that if elected to the office of City Treasurer other business with which I am connected would occupy the greater part of my time. This statement evidently comes from a misunderstanding of names, as I have no business at present except the closing up of the affairs of my office of Public Administrator. My duties therewith ceased Jan. 1 of this year. Should the voters of this city elect me to the important office of City Treasurer there is nothing to prevent my giving the office my full time and attention, and if elected, I purpose so doing.

Very respectfully, CHAS. SCUDDER,
Candidate for Office City Treasurer.

* * *

### ONE-FOURTH DEAD.

**A Stockman's Herd Report From the Big Bend Country in Washington.**

COLFAX, Wash., April 3.—J. S. Buck of this city has just received a report from the men who have charge of his stock, 800 head of horses, in the Big Bend country, in the northern part of the State, that 25 per cent of the band died from exposure and starvation. The winter was the most severe known in that region for many years and the feed supply was inadequate to meet the requirements of a long siege. Buck thinks he has fared well, however, considering that other stockmen in those regions lost 50 and 75 per cent of their hands. One extensive cattle raiser near Columbia River even suffered the loss of every hoof. The Indians in that section, too, have lost all their horses.


### For Dyspepsia

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. J. J. McWilliams, Denison, Io., says: "I have used it largely in nervousness and dyspepsia, and I consider that it stands unrivaled as a remedy in cases of this kind. I have also used it in cases of sleeplessness with very gratifying results."


### THE RUSSIAN TREATY.

**George Kennan Talks About It and of Russian Trials.**

CHICAGO, Ill., April 3.—Speaking of the proposed Russian treaty with the United States, the famous traveler George Kennan in an interview here last evening said:

"The treaty is now in President Cleveland's hands only awaiting his signature to become a law. The extradition rights given Russia in this treaty might result in great injury to returned Russians. The privileges granted in this measure to returned Russian suspects do not balance at all the privileges accorded to men extradited by the United States and it would certainly be well if the treaty should not become a law. Ever since the present Czar came into power a large part of Russia has been under martial law. A Governor of a province may decide that any case, no matter of what character, must be tried by military law. The matter is entirely in the hands of the Governor and he uses his pleasure in the matter. So a case which is by all means entitled to an open public trial may be tried behind locked doors and the public know nothing of the developments or transactions. Thus is given dangerous and formidable power, which may be used with the vilest injustice to an innocent prisoner. On the contrary, when a man is extradited by the United States, fair open trial is given before the public and the secret chamber process would be considered an infamous outrage.

"Should the treaty become a law then by legal process Russia can step into our country, seize her subjects, hurry them home and by a star-chamber process condemn them."

"Do you intend returning to Russia?"

"I understand I am betrod out now," said Mr. Kennan, "and I will hardly return to find out if it is true."


SCHOLTEN'S fine cabinets, $1 per dozen; life size and frame free with pest, 1314 Olive.



FREE! A finely decorated Imported China Placque presented to every purchaser of Our Shoe prices are the lowest in this city!

Lou L Ha

# First Pick Is Best

500 Men's $15, $16.50 and $18 Spring Overcoats go at ..... $10.50

It's simply impossible to secure such splendid values every day! All colors and black! A perfect fit a fact!

ELOQUENT WITH ELEGANCE!

MEN'S FINE DRESS SUITS AT $18, $20, $22 AND $25!

Neat, rich, refined effects! Or nobby, pronounced and picturesque styles! ALL PICKED GOODS! The FINEST the land affords! Fully equal in every detail the very best Merchant Tailor work! Far superior to the product of ordinary or cheap tailors! NOT LESS THAN $10 SAVED YOU ON EVERY SUIT OVER LOWEST TAILOR'S PRICES! And WE UNDERSELL every other dealer in this city. None dare give you so much! None dare sell so close to cost as we! Whether looking or buying we shall be glad to have you call.

Free! A full-rigged Sailboat or a fine Ball and Bat with every Boys' Suit! We have the largest stocks and lowest prices ever seen in St. Louis.

# J. L. Hudson, Clothier, 406-408 N. Broadway.


### STARTER CALDWELL'S WIFE.

**Death of a Woman Who Was Recently a Figure in a Sensation.**

NEW YORK, April 3.—Miss Annie Louise Churchill-Campbell-Cacace Caldwell is dead. She was the woman whom Customs Inspector Traitteur accused of smuggling several cases of oil paintings by foreign artists into this country. What caused her death is kept secret. She lived in a fine brown-stone house at 341 West Fifty-seventh street, which was given to her a short time ago by James H. Caldwell, the famous starter of race horses.

Not even the close personal friends of Maj. Caldwell knew of the death of the woman. The starter was not at the Guttenburg race track on Friday or Saturday. Those who inquired why he was absent were told that it was on account of a "death in the family."

No information could be obtained at Mrs. Campbell-Cacace's residence last night, except that Mrs. Cacace died early on Friday morning; that she had no particular ailment, and that her name was "Mrs. Caldwell" at the time of her death.

Mrs. Cacace was about 38 years old, and was the daughter of John Churchill of this city. Her father and mother are still living. She was married about fifteen years ago to Wm. Campbell, the millionaire wall-paper manufacturer. She was divorced from him and went to Italy, where it is said she married Signor Cacace. She returned to America in September last with forty cases of "merchandise," containing forty-eight oil paintings by Italian artists. A short time later she was arrested on charges preferred by Charles H. Traitteur. She claimed at the time that he was prosecuting her because she would not marry him, and to support this statement she produced letters that had been written by the customs inspector. Subsequently she had Traitteur arrested for blackmail, but the case was dropped. Starter Caldwell had long been an admirer of Mrs. Cacace, but it was not known that they were married.


ROUND trip Denver ticket will be presented to first person giving dates on which Burlington Route ad. is omitted during 1893.


### Reber Place Church Festival.

A fair and festival for the benefit of the Catholic church in Reber place will be given Monday and Tuesday evenings, April 3 and 4, at Dieterle's Hall, near Tower Grove Station. The Market street electric cars run right to the hall.


### Forced Suit Sale at the Globe.

Boys' good suits, $1.45, $2, $2.50 and $3; finest Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits, $4 to $7.50. GLOBE, 703-713 Franklin avenue.


### St. Louisans in New York.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Hotel arrivals from St. Louis: Miss S. Gaus, Murray Hill; G. Brunte, L. Gutman, S. Lipsis, H. Nies, Miss D. Nies, Mrs. J. H. Frack, Belvidere; A. Manheimer, St. James; G. McKnight, Gilsey; L. L. Salveter, Imperial; E. S. Sloan, Broadway Central.


TO DRIVE a cough from the system use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It never fails.


### The Detroit's Trial.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 3.—The cruiser Detroit started for Newport, R. I., this morning, for her official trial trip. The Navy Department has selected a course in Narragansett Bay for the effort. An average speed of 17 knots an hour during a run of four consecutive hours at sea will have to be made by the new cruiser in order that her builders may fulfill the terms of the contract. The builders are satisfied that a speed of at least 18 knots will be maintained in the trial.

*A BAD WRECK*

—of the constitution may follow in the track of a disordered system, due to impure blood or inactive liver. Don't run the risk! The proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery take all the *chances*. They make a straightforward offer to return your money if their remedy fails to benefit or cure in all disorders and affections due to impure blood or inactive liver. The germs of disease circulate through the blood; the liver is the filter which permits the germs to enter or not. The liver active, and the blood pure, and you escape disease.

When you're run down, debilitated, weak, and your weight below a healthy standard, you regain health, strength, and wholesome flesh, by using the "Discovery." It builds up the body faster than nauseating Cod liver oils or emulsions.

There wouldn't be any cases of Chronic Catarrh if everyone used Dr. Sage's Remedy. There's $500 reward for an incurable case.

"SUPERIOR" STOVES Firebacks AND Guaranteed RANGES 5 Years. RINGEN STOVE CO. 414 N. BROADWAY.


### Waste Not, Want Not.

the old time adage, was all right in those days. Now, if you happen to want, an advertisement in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will cause you to want not.


PETER NICHOLSON. DAVID NICHOLSON. JAMES NICHOLSON.

41 Consecutive Years in Active Business in St. Louis.

We are at this date prepared to supply the public with reliable and desirable Cognac Brandies, including Otard Dupuy & Co's., I. & F. Martel and James Hennessy, ranging in vintage from 1890 back to 1800. Jamaica and St. Croix Rums of varying vintages; some of which are very old and extra fine. Jamesson's and Wise's Irish Whisky thirteen years old, Ramsay's, Sheriff's, Usher's and Ferguson's Scotch Whiskies; some very old and fine, to which we invite the attention of the discerning public.

PETER NICHOLSON & SONS

Importers, Grocers and Wine Merchants, 208, 210, 212 N. Broadway.

ROASTED AND PACKED FRESH EVERY DAY.

H. & K. JAVA and MOCHA COFFEE.

Pulverized, Granulated and in the Whole Berry.

In 1-lb Air-Tight Cans, 45c: in 3-lb Air-Tight Cans, $1.25. At all Grocers.

HANLEY & KINSELLA COFFEE AND SPICE CO.

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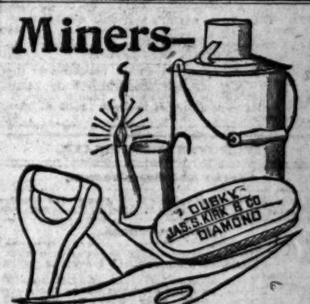


There's no such thorough cleanser of dirt, or healer of cuts and bruises as

KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP

because of its high percentage of tar, ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT. JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

American Family Soap A Pure Soap; Contains No Adulteration.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO KANSAS CITY ST. JOSEPH.

DINING CARS

Ticket Office, 218 N. Broadway.

DO YOU KNOW

That we make a first-class shirt to order of Wamsutta muslin and good linen bosom, for $1.50? Cash does the business.

PARRISH-BECHT F. G. CO., 619 PINE STREET.

DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only genuine preparation prescribed by regular physicians as a safe and sure cure in seven days, whether inherited or acquired. $1.50 per box. All druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

TO-NIGHT And during the week. Matinee Saturday.

FRANCIS WILSON

And Company, Presenting the Latest Comic Opera Success,

THE LION TAMER.

Chorus of 70. Orchestra of 20. And a Full Brass Band.

☞ The most elaborate Comic Opera production ever made in America.

Next week—"My Official Wife."

OLYMPIC.

| Wednesday Matinee 50c and 25c. | Every night this week. Denman Thompson's "Old Homestead." | Wednesday Matinee 50c and 25c. |
|---|---|---|
| | You All Know Him. America's Comic Actor JOHN T. KELLY In the Merry Eccentricity. McFEE OF DUBLIN. | |

Next Sunday—Hallen and Hart. Tel. 771.

HAVLIN'S—To-Night.

Matinees Thursday and Saturday. Ed A. Braden's Realistic Production.

The Cannon Ball Express

Next Sunday—Hands Across the Sea.

POPE'S—To-Night.

| Matinee Wednesday 25c and 50c. | The Famous Brothers Byrne presenting the Genuine Stage Wonder, 8 BELLS! | Matinee Saturday 25c and 50c. |
|---|---|---|

Next Sunday—Ezra Kendall, "A Pair of Kids." Telephone 1470.

STANDARD

MATINEE TUESDAY. ROSE HILL'S ENGLISH FOLLY CO.

Next week—Reilly and Wood's Big Show.

HAVE YOU TICKETS

For Friday Evening, April 7.

CORNELL University

Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Club Concert at ENTERTAINMENT HALL. Reserved seats, 50c and $1, at Bollman's, 1100 Olive st.; Fall Reeder, 307 N. 4th st.

EAST ST. LOUIS JOCKEY CLUB.

Alex P. Ullman, President.

Racing Every Day Except Sunday

COMMENCING AT 2 P. M.

EASTERN RACES, 1 P. M.

Trains leave Union Depot at 1 p. m. Main street at 1:05 p. m. Round trip 15 cents. Electric cars cross bridge.

SIVALS' WONDERLAND AND FAMILY THEATER.

Sixth and Franklin Av., St. Louis, Mo.

Week of Monday, April 3: LALOO—1 head, 2 bodies, 4 legs, 4 arms, 1 boy, 1 girl, 12 specialty artists in the Wonderland Specialty Co. Open Daily. Admits to all. Open daily—1 to 5, 7 to 10 p. m. Hourly shows.

...ST-DIS- ... privilege ... y advertise- ... ing-room. In ... y will be re-

...ANTED—MALE.

...nd Salesmen.

...y clerk wants situation; can ... horses; have good references. ... s office. 54

...ition by an industrious young man; ... ood hand; willing to start in with ... an furnish good city references. Ad- ... his office. 37

**The Trades.**

...ED—Position by first-class meat cutter ... able of taking charge of business. Add. X ... is office. 38

**Coachmen.**

W ANTED—Situation by middle-aged, first-class coachman, vegetable and flower hand and good greenhouse gardener; make myself useful; three years' references. Add. R 319, this office. 39

**Miscellaneous.**

WANTED—Situation by an experienced newspaper worker; best of references. Address F 311, this office. 43

## HELP WANTED—MALE.

**Book-keepers.**

### PERKINS & HERPEL'S COLLEGE,

4th and Washington av.; phone 1207.

**Individual Instruction.**

Shorthand, Book-keeping, Penmanship, etc.

Send 30c in stamps for ¼ gross college pens.

**Clerks and Salesmen.**

WANTED—Salesmen, salary or commission. Call at 1012 Olive st. 54

WANTED—2 first-class German dry goods salesmen. Jos. Emanuel, 1204 S. Broadway. 54

WANTED—2 men to sell silver plating fluid on the street; $3 per day; must have $1.25 deposit. Lock box 759. 54

WANTED—Parties to address catalogue wrappers at home; state price per thousand. Address D 320, this office. 54

WANTED—Immediately, a good clothing salesman; must speak German. Apply to Max Schulz, 1250 S. Broadway (French Market). 54

WANTED—A young man about 18 years of age for office work, one who has had some experience preferred. Address, giving references and compensation desired, B 320, this office. 54

WANTED—Young man, good penman, living with his parents; some experience in accounts or bookkeeping; must have best references; positively state salary expected. Ad. N 315, this office. 62

GO to Hendricks' Mercantile for your lunch; everything clean and fresh. 213 N. 6th st. 54

HAVE you tried "Harris'" $4 shoes; judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st. 54

MONEY to loan on furniture; small house a specialty; cheap and quick. 619 Pine st. 54

SALESMEN WANTED for import orders to sell from stock on commission:

WORSTEDS AND WOOLENS for the wholesale clothing and cloak trade.

DRESS GOODS for jobbers and retail, embracing also skirt and waist manufacturing trades.

For particulars address "Importer," care Nelson Chesman & Co., New York City. 54

$3.00 UP. Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th, near Olive st., 2d floor. 54

### HAYWARD'S SHORT-

Hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; day and night sessions. Phone 479.

### ST. LOUIS COLLEGE OF SHORTHAND.

J. E. SCHOTT, Principal,

(For 5 years principal of short-hand department of Hayward's College). INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION. Office 220 Odd Fellows' building, 9th and Olive. 54

**Laborers.**

WANTED—Men; 34th and Laclede av. Jas. Carroll. 59

WANTED—Colored laborers. Apply at 2301 Kosciusko st. 59

WANTED—Laborers at Levee and Carr st. Apply to Jas. O'Neill. 59

WANTED—Men and teams on 14th and Morgan sts. Thos. Whalen & Bro. 59

WANTED—10 men on Lindell and Boyle av., $1.75 per day. T. Maloney. 59

WANTED—Wheeler holders on Westminster pl. and Taylor av. Jas. Carroll. 59

WANTED—25 teams, $3.75 per day; quarry. John Bambrick, St. Louis and Union av. 59

WANTED—Men and teams on Laclede av., west of Taylor; teams $4 per day. John Donovan. 59

WANTED—20 teams for grading. Cor. Wash and 16th sts.; $4 per day. 59

WANTED—McAdam broken by the square. Apply to foreman, Wash and 18th sts. 59

WE lend money on horses, wagons, mules and all kinds of personal property. 619 Pine st. 59

WANTED—50 laborers; all summer work. 25 teams, 50c. per load. 8th and Locust sts. L. Kennah. 59

WANTED—25 laborers to lay gas pipe on Taylor and Finney avs.; steady employment; tools furnished. 59

WANTED—20 teams and 20 shovelers, $1.75; 18th and Cass av.; 6 store cellars; Tuesday morning. John Beiswaenger. 59

WANTED—5 scraper teams to-morrow morning on Olive st., between Grand av. and Cabanne; pay, $4 per day. T. J. Kennah. 59

WANTED—25 laborers for wrecking building. Apply at building corner Finney and Vandeventer. Mackie Construction Co. 59

WANTED—200 laborers for street railroad construction at Page and Taylor avs. Apply at once on the work. Fruin-Bambrick Construction Co.

**The Trades.**

WANTED—First-class barber. 206 N. 11th st. 58

WANTED—Whiteners. Roth & Co., 513 LaSalle st. 58

WANTED—Candy helper at Oakes'. 613 Franklin av. 58

WANTED—3 first-class barbers. Call at 900 Locust st. 58

WANTED—A tinner at once, at Brighton, Ill. J. E. Martin. 58

WANTED—Good millwrights at Swift & Co., National Stock Yards. 58

WANTED—Feeders for job-presses. W. P. Robertson, 409 N. 3d st. 58

WANTED—Two paper-hangers; bring tools to go to work. 1931 Papin st. 58

WANTED—Good floor and bench molders. Joliet Stove Works, Joliet, Ill. 58

WANTED—Gear finishers in smith shop. Haydock Bros., 14th and Papin sts. 58

WANTED—Cushion and back makers. Haydock Bros., 14th and Papin sts. 58

WANTED—Body makers and wood workers. Haydock Bros., 14th and Papin sts. 58

WANTED—Press-feeders, male or female, for cylinder and job press. 109 S. 2d st. 58

WANTED—Painters, first-class only; good wages and steady work. 2713 S. 12th st. 58

WANTED—Upholsterers to make cushions and backs. Haydock Bros., 14th and Papin sts. 58

WANTED—Gear strippers, finishers and varnish rubbers. Haydock Bros., 14th and Papin sts. 58

WANTED—Wood-workers to apply inside finish. App. manager Pullman Car Works, Pullman, Ill.

WANTED—Four fire-bricklayers at foundry, 12th and Gratiot sts., Wednesday morning. Fred Best. 58

WANTED—A good hand brick moulder; state price expected. Address F. Angerer, St. Clair, Mo. 58

WANTED—Young man who has had some experience at brass molding. P. White Sanitary Co., 19th st. and Cass av. 58

WANTED—Four first-class carpenters or cabinet-makers to work on parquet floors. James Taylor, Hotel Rozier, 13th and Olive sts. 58

WANTED—Good frame hammersmiths experienced on locomotive frames can find steady employment at good wages at the Grant Locomotive Works, Robinson and W. 12th sts., Chicago, Ill. 58

MONEY to loan on furniture, horses and wagons. Call and get our terms. 619 Pine st. 58

**Waiters.**

WANTED—Waiter. 1328 Franklin av. 57

WANTED—Good experienced waiter. 1113 Clark av. 57

WANTED—A colored waiter. Chas. Rebman, 29th and Olive sts. 57

WANTED—A colored man for dinning room or house work. 3018 Lucas av. 57

**Cooks.**

WANTED—A man to cook and wash dishes. 114 S. 3d st. 56

WANTED—A man as cook; good wages; ref. 1328 Franklin av. 56

## HELP WANTED—MALE.

**Boys.**

WANTED—Errand boy in printing office. 815 Locust st. 61

WANTED—A bright German boy to keep stock. 2816 Easton av. 61

WANTED—Boy (colored) for dining-room and other work. 2630 Pine st. 61

WANTED—Wagon boy at Excelsior Laundry. Apply 1923 Park av. 61

WANTED—A good boy that can feed and set type. J. G. Pracht, 717 Olive st. 61

WANTED—Check-room boy, with some knowledge of billiards at St. James Hotel. 61

WANTED—A boy about 16 to assist in office and do collecting. Add. M 316, this office. 61

WANTED—A boy 15 to 16 years old to work in drug store. S. e. cor. Jefferson and Benton. 61

WANTED—Stout boy or young man to milk, care for horse and lawn in Cabanne pl. Apply at Rice, Stix & Co. 61

**Miscellaneous.**

WANTED—Carriage driver at 4036 Easton av. 62

WANTED—A porter for saloon at n. e. cor. 6th and Walnut st. 62

WANTED—A good man dishwasher in restaurant. 1328 Franklin av. 62

WANTED—An experienced saloon porter; a quick foot. 2000 Pine st. 62

WANTED—Teamsters and scraperholders. 2327 Dickson st. T. Maloney. 62

WANTED—Experienced houseman at St. James Hotel; reference required. 62

WANTED—A man to work on a garden. J. Beal, No. 6005 Old manchester rd. 62

WANTED—Two good hostlers; 1 car driver. Apply at 1032 W. Vandeventer stables. 62

WANTED—Circulars distributed, $3 paid for 1,000. Malena Co., Warriorsmark, Pa. 62

WANTED—Two young men for light advertising. Call 8 a. m. B. T. Babbitt, 1104 N. Levee. 62

WANTED—A good steady man to take care of horse and work around house and grounds. Call at 5847 Maple av. 62

WANTED—Experienced vampers on woman's work; good wages; steady employment. Apply at Des Moines Shoe Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Io. 62

WANTED—A collection agency wants an experienced man for assistant manager; excellent prospect; lawyer or credit man in some wholesale house preferred. Address in confidence, with terms, experience or references N 319, this office. 62

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

**Teachers, Companions, Etc.**

WANTED—Young lady, experienced teacher in English branches and German language, desires a few more pupils at reasonable rates; best refs. can be given. Add. W 319, this office. 77

**Clerks and Saleswomen.**

WANTED—Situation by young lady as copyist or correspondent; state salary. Address E 310, this office. 44

**Dressmakers and Seamstresses.**

WANTED—By a competent seamstress, family sewing to do at home; children's clothes a specialty. Add. M 319, this office. 46

**General Housework.**

WANTED—Situation by housegirl; city refs. 2743 Morgan st. 48

### STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st. 48

**Stenographers.**

WANTED—Extra work by competent stenographer; copying neatly done. Add. C 320, this office. 64

**Cooks, etc.**

WANTED—Sit. to cook without washing or ironing. Call 2 days 3625 Cozzins st. 68

WANTED—Competent girl as cook or laundress; references required. 3507 Pine st. 49

WANTED—Situation as cook, without washing or ironing. Call for 2 days. 3625 Cozzens st. 49

**Nurses.**

WANTED—Situation as wet nurse. Add. G 319, this office. 50

WANTED—Situation as wet nurse. Inquire 1929 Taylor av. 50

**Laundresses.**

WANTED—To do washing at home. 4859 Cottage av. 51

WANTED—Situation by colored laundress to do washing at home. 1619 Lucas av. 51

WANTED—Situation by a good laundress by the day or week. Add. K 316, this office. 51

WANTED—By good laundress, family or gents' washing to do at home; best ref. 1503 S. 13th st., 2d floor. 51

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

**Clerks and Saleswomen.**

WANTED—2 experienced German dry goods salesladies. Jos. Emanuel, 1204 S. Broadway. 63

**Housekeepers.**

WANTED—Housekeeper for widower with children; German preferred. Call evening. 2339 Madison st. 65

WANTED—A good housekeeper where there are children. Apply after 5:30 p. m., 627 Shenondoah st. 65

**General Housework.**

WANTED—A girl for housework. 2113 Lucas pl. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 4318 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 3215 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3038 Thomas st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2616 Stoddard st. 66

WANTED—Small girl to assist in housework. 3100A Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. 4106 West Belle pl. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. 1112 Dillon st. 66

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework. 2804 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small faily. 2132 Victor st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework, in small family, at 3645 Laclede av. 66

WANTED—General housegirl at 2858 Henrietta st.; small family; good wages. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in a small family. 3670 Cook av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in small family. 2430 Dickson st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; good wages. 4019 W. Bell pl. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework; good home and wages. 1420½ Biddle st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework, in small family. Apply 3314 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; family of 4; no children. 1722 California av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; reference required. 4228 Lindell av. 66

WANTED—Girl about 15 to assist in light housework; small family. 2808 Gamble st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework in small family. 4305½ Evans av., lower flat. 66

WANTED—A neat girl for general housework in a family of 2. Inquire 4292 Finney av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. 2732 Missouri av., up stairs. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; two in family; no washing. 1220 Missouri av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework, family of two; no washing; good wages. 3320 Rutger st. 66

WANTED—General housegirl, white; no washing or ironing; good wages. 3014 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; German preferred. 1805 Oregon av. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework; family of three. App. 2717 Walnut st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing; good wages. 4021 West Bell pl.

WANTED—A girl for general housework in North St. Louis. Inquire at store, 1013 Franklin av.

WANTED—Boy (colored) to make himself generally useful round house. 20 N. Cabanne (37th st.) 61

WANTED—Girl for general work in a family of 2; wages $12 a month. 1726 Mississippi av., 1st floor. 66

WANTED—A young girl for general housework; no washing or ironing; wages $16. Apply 2712 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework, that can cook, wash and iron. 1309 S. 13th st., between Hickory and Park av. 66

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework, family of 3; part of washing given out; wages $15. 3745 Cook av. 66

**Nurses.**

WANTED—A nursegirl. Call at 925 Leonard av., 33d st. 70

WANTED—A nurse girl and to assist with ironing. 2021 Rutger st. 70

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

**Laundresses.**

WANTED—A starcher. 205 N. Broadway. 3d floor. 67

WANTED—Two ironers at Enterprise Laundry, 511 Clark av. 67

WANTED—A good washerwoman at once. Babcock Laundry, 1313 Pine st. 67

**Cooks, Etc.**

WANTED—A cook. Apply St. Luke's Hospital. 68

WANTED—A first class cook. Apply 3741 Pine st. 68

WANTED—Good cook, at once. 1400 N. Broadway. 68

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply 3719 Page av. 68

WANTED—A good woman cook; wages, $25 per month. 1430 Mississippi av. 68

WANTED—A middle-aged woman who understands cooking, at 419 S. 15th st. 68

WANTED—Good cook and to assist in housework; no washing; call at once. 2729 Dickson st. 68

WANTED—A good woman cook, German preferred, immediately at 3035 Washington av. 68

WANTED—Two girls; 1 for cooking and 1 for housework; good wages. 3010 Chestnut st. 68

WANTED—Woman to cook and do general housework, down stairs. Apply Monday, before noon, 4269 Washington av. 68

**Dressmakers and Seamstresses.**

WANTED—A first-class dressmaker; call at once. 2643A Olive st. 69

WANTED—Hand sewer on coats. 1609 Biddle st., up-stairs in rear. 69

WANTED—A good presser, and 20 girls to sew. 2816 Easton av. 69

WANTED—Girl to sew on jeans pants; steady work. Wm. Luchs', 714 Wash st., 3d floor. 69

**Miscellaneous.**

WANTED—Chambermaids at St. James Hotel. 71

WANTED—A girl to wash dishes at 913 Franklin av. 71

WANTED—2 girls to wash dishes. 619 St. Charles st. 71

WANTED—A girl to help in kitchen. 2029 Park av. 71

WANTED—Experienced dining-room girl. 2621 Olive st. 71

WANTED—A neat looking girl as waitres. 311 Olive st. 71

WANTED—Dining room girl immediately. 113 S. 16th st. 71

WANTED—First-class dining-room girl. 3826 Lindell av. 71

WANTED—Woman to make bed comforts. Add. E 320, this office. 71

WANTED—A colored or white girl for kitchen work. 3018 Lucas av. 71

WANTED—A colored girl or white woman for 3 in family. 1836 Gratiot st. 71

WANTED—A good dining-room girl. McMillen House, 903 Bremen av. 71

WANTED—Experienced dining-room girl. Apply at restaurant, 1506 Franklin av. 71

WANTED—An experienced hair dresser at once. Inquire for Mrs. Chambers, Room 21, Laclede Hotel. 71

WANTED—A few good scrub women; also a few paint cleaners. Apply at Elm st. gate, Southern Hotel. 71

WANTED—Two experienced lady hair-dressers; also 2 young ladies to learn the hair trade. Apply to M. Peterson, 802 N. Broadway. 71

WANTED—2 ladies acquainted with the millinery trade. Call to-day and to-morrow. National Employment Co., 11 N. Broadway, opposite Court-house. 71

## WANTED—AGENTS.

SALARY OR COMMISSION to agents to handle the Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent profit. Agents making $50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory and appoint sub-agents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and specimen of erasing. Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., X 15, La Crosse, Wis. 73

WANTED—City canvasser for patent composition tree protector; quick seller. 718 Cabanne st. 73

## BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

FOR RENT—Furnished front or rear parlor, with or without board, to a quiet lady. Add. L, this office. 20

FOR SALE—Furnished front or rear parlor, with or without board, to a quiet lady with privileges. Add. P 319, this office. 20

WANTED—Young man wants room and board in private family; west of Grand av. and south of Finney av. Add. C 317, this office. 20

WANTED—By two ladies, mother and daughter, room and board in West End or suburbs. Address, stating location and price, M 278, this office.

WANTED—By a gentleman, a cool front room in center West End, preferably west of Grand av., with breakfast and supper, or convenient to good board; in answer kindly give terms and definite information. Add. X 293, this office. 20

IF parties wishing rooms and board or rooms for light housekeeping will send their address or call on E. R. Baker, 2702 Lucas av., a list of desirable places will be furnished free of charge; no room agency. 20

## HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—3 or 4 unfur. rooms with walls papered; must be in good neighborhood and moderate rent. Add. A 320, this office. 21

WANTED—A nice furnished room for man and wife on Franklin av., Morgan or Wash sts., between 15th and 26th sts. Add. W 317, this office. 21

WANTED—A gentleman desires a nicely fur. room with widow living alone and no other roomers; will pay liberal for suitable accommodations. Add. Y 319, this office. 21

## MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$2,800 on A 1 suburban real estate for 3 years. Address O 319, this office. 25

## MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—150 yards of dirt; call at 4036 Page av. to-morrow. D. A. Handley, 4450 Maffitt av. 26

WANTED—One Merchants' Exchange membership. Apply Room 213, Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—To buy a good second-hand ice chest, gasoline stove and wardrobe; must be cheap. Address H 320, this office. 26

WANTED—25 refrigerators, 25 gasoline stoves and other household goods. People's, 1005 Market; E. A. Skeele, Manager. 26

HOUSEHOLD goods or stocks of goods wanted for quick cash, in large or small lots. 'Phone 496, or card to W. P. Pannill, 204 N. 6th st. 26

## DANCING.

PROF. R. MAURICE ADAMS' Private Dancing Academy, 225 S. Jefferson av.; $5 to learn; call.

## MUSICAL.

DECKER BROS. Pianos, Estey pianos, Haines Bros. pianos, Estey organs. Low prices, easy terms. Pianos rented, tuned, repaired and moved. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st. 27

EMERSON PIANOS, 60,000 in use and giving entire satisfaction. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1000 Olive st. 27

FOR SALE—$135 cabinet grand upright piano; cost $350, splendid tone and condition; bargain; 2712 S. Jefferson av. 27

$165 WILL buy a fine upright piano, almost new. 1101 Chouteau av. 27

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Gold-headed cane. Liberal reward if left at room 78, Turner Building, 308 N. 8th st. 30

LOST—A gold watch, between 14th and Clinton and 8th and Mound sts.; watch monogram S. A. Reward offered for return to Miss Abler, 1405 Clinton st. 30

LOST—At or about 11th and Chestnut, black and tan dog, no marks, no collar, answers to the name of Sport. $10 reward for the return of dog to 3907 Evans av. 30

LOST—Syke terrier dog, changing color, black on back, brown legs, ears and tail clipped; answers to the name of Jerry. Return to 3403 Bell av. and receive reward. 30

LOST—Box case gold watch and short chain, enclosed in small envelope; number of watch, 3723684; Waltham or Elgin movement. Reward if returned to 3613B Olive st. 30

LOST—Pair of gold spectacles on Olive between 29th and 35th sts., or on Market st. car, or on 8th between Market and Chestnut sts., or Chestnut between 6th and 8th sts. Reward if returned to drug store, 6th and Chestnut, or 3509 Olive st. 30

PARTIES who took a box of tickets from pew in Church of the Holy Communion Easter evening are known. They will please return to 2653 Olive st. 30

$25 REWARD—Lost a big yellow mastiff dog the name of Dr. A. Schwarze is engraved on his collar. Please return to Dr. August Schwarze, 2921 S. Jefferson av., city; tel. 1988. 30

## ALL SORTS.

GASOLINE stove repairs, gas stove repairs, cook stove repairs. J. Forshaw, 113 N. 12th st. 32

4-SHAW removed to Franklin and Easton avs.; stove repairs of all kinds. 32

## PERSONAL.

**Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.**

PERSONAL—Mugsley: Wednesday night impossible, but in day time yas; answer through this. 16th and Washington av. 1

PERSONAL—Eugene: You certainly are mistaken; you changed from Pittsburg to Washington, and addressed your message to 1617; what am I to think? H. was caught in the slide. I am still looking for location. 1

PERSONAL—Lady dressed in black trimmed in ribbon, who got on Olive st. car west of Grand av., at 9:30 this morning, noticed gentleman who sat opposite with light overcoat, who got off with her at Broadway; would appreciate an acquaintance if agreeable. Address, immediately, L 316, this office. 1

## PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A GENUINE trance medium. Mrs. M. G. Tabor, 23 S. 14th st. Ladies 50c, gents $1. 74

ARRIVED—Mme. Most, celebrated clairvoyant and second sight seer. 2641 Olive st.; 50c and $1. 74

ANDRUS' Electric Belt, 919 Olive st., cures the sick, weak, nervous, pains, aches, etc.; book free.

ALL kinds of baths and massage treatment; experienced op.; first class patronage solicited. Hours 9 a. m. to 11 p. m. Mrs. Brooks, 1509 Chestnut st. 74

BATHS—Mrs. Adams gives massage and elec. treatment; 1st-class patronage solic. 2204 Chestnut. 74

BATHS—Mrs. S. Shaw, 1124 Pine st., massage treatment; professional attend'ts; lady operators.

BATHS—Mrs. Webber of New York gives all kinds of baths, magnetic and massage treatment; skilled operators. Parlors, 902 Pine st., in rear. 74

BATHS—Mrs. Webber of New York gives all kinds of baths, magnetic and massage treatment; skilled operators. Parlors 902 Pine st., in rear. 74

DR. LOTTIE REINER, midwife; grad. 2 colleges; receives ladies during confine.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st. 74

DR. MARY ARTHUR treats female irregularities successfully; receives and boards ladies in con.; reas. terms; bus. confidential. Call 2344 Wash. 74

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

HIGHEST price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Call or address N. Jacobs, 318 Locust st. 74

MRS. M. EDWARDS gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment. 2217 Market st. 74

MRS. C. AMES gives massage, alcohol rubbing and baths; skilled operators. 26 S. 16th st. 74

MRS. L. HOTSON, midwife, receives ladies during con.; reasonable rates; ladies in trouble call or write; take Market st. car. 2305 Market st. 74

MRS. DR. MARGARET DOSSEN, the great female specialist, 26 years practical exp.; ladies in trouble will do well to call or write. 1006 Chouteau av. 74

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduase midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1021 Park av.; take U. D. cars south. 74

MRS. DR. M. DOSSEN, the world-renowned female specialist; 25 years' practical experience; skillfully treats and cures all female complaints with great success; call or write. 1006 Chouteau av. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers. 815 Locust; send for estimates.

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13; at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

## FINANCIAL.

### INVEST YOUR MONEY.

Nothing safer than first mortgage notes secured on real estate. We have for sale first-class 6 per cent paper, secured by first deed of trust on city property, in amounts from $450 up to $20,000; ample security on every loan.

NICHOLLS-RITTER REALTY & FINANCIAL CO. Phone 885. (31) 713 Chestnut st.

## MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

$500 000 For loan on choice business property at 5 per cent. JAS. M. CARPENTER & Co.

## MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association books, etc.; no publicity, no charge for papers; monthly payments received, thereby reducing both principal and interest. J. W. Staley, 717 and 719 Market st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest. S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

### St. Louis Mortgage Co., 7201-2 Pine St.,

Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodations will find it to their advantage to apply to us; if you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

FURNITURE LOANS—Money loaned on furniture, real estate, building association books, other good securities; lowest rates. C. J. Voorhis, 111 N. 8th st.

**MoneyCheap. 619 Pine St. Money Quick.**

We lend money on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons and all kinds of personal property; you can pay it back in small payments; each payment reduces your interest. See us before borrowing. Fidelity Loan and Guarantee Co. 31

### FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

### DO YOU WANT MONEY

ADVANCED ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS? Responsible parties can be accommodated with sums from $25 and upwards at low rates; no removal; business private; can be paid back to suit your convenience.

31 O. C. VOELCKER & CO., 1025 Chestnut st.

### IF YOU WANT MONEY

In sums to suit, on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, without publicity or removal of property, then call on us. Part payments taken and cost reduced in proportion. German-American Loan Co., F. W. Peters, manager, 515 Pine st., 2d floor. 31

### MUTUAL LOAN CO., 218 N. 8TH ST. Near Olive.

Money loaned at reduced rates on furniture and other personal property. No removal necessary. Business confidential. No commission or charge for papers. Borrowers will receive the best terms and be treated right. Loans can be paid off part at a time and save interest. Do not fail to see us before making a loan.

## HORSES AND VEHICLES.

**Wanted.**

SEND your mares to responsible men; he will breed them to high-class trotters, saddlers or coach stallions; best of care and good feed; nice pastures and elegant box stalls; farm in Illinois, near St. Louis; mares kept by the year; terms low. See or address L. E. Frost, 302 S. 4th st. 11

**For Sale.**

FOR SALE—A good 2-seated, top buggy. 2412 Elliot av. 12

FOR SALE—Very fine surrey, almost new; a bargain; also fine, light-end spring. 820 N. Leonard av. 12

FOR SALE—Or exchange, 250 new and 2d-hand open and top wagons. Vehicles and harness of all kinds. 1112 N. Broadway. 12

FOR SALE—An elegant carriage team; just the thing for a nice city turnout; will be sold right; don't miss this chance. See or address L. E. Frost, 302 S. 4th st. 12

MONEY to loan on horses and wagons, furniture and pianos. 619 Pine st. 12

## STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

### Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.

**1723 and 1725 Morgan St.**

Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos. 2890 and 4101.

## BOOKS.

A. J. CRAWFORD, 312 N. 7th st. Books of all kinds bought and sold. Send stamp for list. 28

## FOR RENT—ROOMS.

10 AND 12 N. 4TH ST.—Hotel Belmont has nice rooms and good accommodations, by the day, week or month at our very low terms. 13

221 S. 5TH ST.—Nice rooms for gentlemen. 13

315 S. 22D—Two fur. rooms for light housekeeping, also three unfur., $8 per month. 13

316 LAMI ST.—3 rooms 1st floor, water in kitchen, $9. KEELEY, 1113 Chestnut st. 13

820 N. 18TH ST.—Handsomely furnished room, large and cool; excellent location. 13

1122 S. 9TH ST.—Furnished front room for 1 or 2 gentlemen. 13

1344 LINN ST.—Cor. Park av.—Two gents for a nicely furnished front room, $4.50 per month, with bath. 13

1424 OLIVE ST.—Nicely fur. rooms; ref. req. 13

1524 GRATIOT ST.—3 rooms, 2d floor, water in kitchen; $8.50. KEELEY, 1113 Chestnut st. 13

1225 VICTOR ST.—Nicely furnished room; also hall-room; cheap to good tenants. 13

1640 TEXAS AV.—3 rooms and basement; near Lafayette av. cable. 13

1803 WASH ST.—Comfortable fur. rooms for housekeeping, all conveniences. 13

2225 OLIVE ST.—Nicely fur. front rooms, single or en suite. 13

2309 DICKSON ST.—A nicely furnished room. 13

2318 WALNUT ST.—4 rooms, hall, bath, gas; rent reasonable to a small family; call Monday. Howard.

2337 OLIVE ST.—Furnished second-story front, back and hall rooms; privilege of light housekeeping. 13

2513 SLATTERY ST.—North of Benton, east of Garrison—4 rooms and bath, $16. 13

2620 OLIVE ST.—Nicely fur. rooms, in private family; gas and bath. 13

2631 MORGAN ST.—Three large unfurnished rooms on 2d floor; suitable for light housekeeping. 13

2636 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished room, without board. 13

2712 WALNUT ST.—Nicely furnished second-story rooms, southern ex., private fam. 13

2726 MORGAN ST.—Handsomely and newly furnished rooms, en suite or single, for gentlemen; breakfast if desired; private family. 13

2737 MORGAN ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms complete for light housekeeping. 13

2745 MORGAN ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms complete for light housekeeping. 13

2800 MORGAN ST.—Two elegantly furnished parlors complete for gents or light housekeeping. 13

2825 OLIVE ST.—A nice second floor front room, neatly furnished. 13

2901 GAMBLE ST.—Front, furnished room, southern exposure, for one or two gents. 13

2944 THOMAS ST.—4 rooms and bath. 13

3702 WINDSOR PL.—3 rooms 2d floor, new; $13. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st. 13

FOR RENT—Neatly furnished rooms for quiet transient couple. Add. Y 316, this office. 13

### HOTEL ROSSMORE.

European; 8th and Chestnut. Elegant rooms, newly furnished, 50c, 75c and $1. 13

THE ERICSSON, 2608 Locust. Apartments for gentlemen, offices for physicians or dentists. W. C. McCreery, 506 Security bld. 13

## BOARDING.

930 N. GARRISON AV.—Neatly furnished rooms with 1st-class board. 18

1112 N. 19TH ST.—Nicely furnished front room, with or without board; private family. 18

1431 LUCAS PL.—2d story suite of rooms with board. 18

1323 RUSSELL AV.—Nicely furnished single room for gent, with or without board. 18

1706 LUCAS PL.—Nicely furnished rooms, first-class board; transients accommodated. 18

2000 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished room and bath-room; table board, $3 per week; meals 20 cents, or six meal tickets for $1. 18

2113 LUCAS PL.—Elegantly furnished rooms, first-class board; trans. accommodated. 18

2325 MORGAN ST.—Home for working-girls, boarding and lodging. 18

2631 LOCUST ST.—Rooms, s. e. ex.; board, home comforts, suitable for two gents. 18

2712 WALNUT ST.—Rooms and board. 18

2808 LOCUST ST.—A 3d-story front room with board; also connecting hall room. 18

2820 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished second-story front room; first-class table; references required. 18

2835 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegant 2d story front room; excellent board; transient accommodated. 18

2847 FRANKLIN AV.—Nicely fur. rooms, single or en suite; board or without; private family. 18

2900 GAMBLE ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms complete, with first-class board. 18

3100 EASTON AV.—Nicely furnished light airy room; first-class board; all conv.; references. 18

3540 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms with board, West End, modern conveniences. 18

FOR RENT—Two elegant 2d-story front rooms furnished for two gents or gent and wife; first-class board; private family; also one large 3d-story room for 2 gents at reasonable rates; Washington av., west of Sarah. Ad. P 311, this office. 18

WANTED—A widow lady would like one gentleman boarder; no triflers. Ad. T 319, this office. 18

WANTED—By American widow lady, two or three children to board; best of care given. 1503 S. 13th st., 2d floor. 18

## FLATS FOR RENT.

1523 BACON ST.—Elegant 4-room flat; w. c. and bath; $18. G. H. Boehmer, 613 to 615 Olive st. 83

1808 LAFAYETTE AV.—5 rooms, bath and closet, on second floor; 2 rooms on third, $26 per month including water license. Inquire at Corner drug store. 83

## FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

FOR RENT—Seven-room new brick cottages, Ella and Evergreen; Suburban road; $18. Orpen, 502 Oriel Building. 14

FOR RENT—1231 Linn st.; an elegant 8-room stone front dwelling with all mod. con.; will be put in 1st-class condition; price $36.

14 HY. HEIMENZ, JR.

## FOR RENT OR SALE.

A nice 11-room house, 3341 Morgan st., lot 50 feet front with fine shade trees, shrubbery, etc.; house has every convenience; electric bells, speaking-tubes, fly screens, awnings, etc.; fine cellar, cement floor; furnace, store room, laundry, nice library, fancy floor, two book closets; stable, 2-story brick, 3 stalls, coachman's room and carriage-house; car lines one square north and south, Morgan st. considered the most beautiful street in the city to Grand av. For terms, etc., inquire on the premises. 14

### FOR RENT BY
### J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
### 619 CHESTNUT ST.

No. 3646 Olive st., 2-story stone-front house, seven rooms, laundry, gas and bath; poss. April 1; $40 a month.

No. 3136-3138 Chestnut st., 3-story brick houses with 9 rooms, hall, gas and bath; $35 a month.

No. 3402 Franklin av., 2-story stone-front house, 8 rooms, laundry, gas, bath and furnace; poss. April 5; $40 a month.

No. 3309 Morgan st., stone-front house, 9 rooms, hall, gas and bath; $45 a month.

No. 2943 Manchester rd., 8-room stone-front house with hall, gas, bath and stable; $37.50 month.

No. 1516 Cora pl., 2-story brick house, hall, gas, bath and furnace, 7 rooms; $33 a month.

No. 3925 Finney av., good 10-room house in fine order, hall, gas and bath; $40 a month.

No. 2731 Wash st., 2-story brick house, hall and 6 rooms, water in kitchen; $18 a month.

Very good 6-room brick house with hot and cold water, hall, gas and bath at the corner of 31st and Morgan sts.; rents from $25 to $35 per month. 14

## TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

### FOR RENT—OFFICES.

Mermod-Jaccard Building.
Rialto Building.
Columbia Building.

Hammett-Anderson-Wade, 213 N. 8th St.

## SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

TO RENT—At Old Orchard—A beautiful 6-room residence, furnished or unfurnished. TRUESDALE & SARRAZIN, 16 213 Wainwright Building.

## HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—4-room flat; nicely furnished; rent only $16; fine chance for a couple; price $300. 7 WARDLOW & CO., 117 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE—1 parlor set, 1 sideboard, 1 6-hole range, 1 gasoline stove, 1 dressing case, 1 wardrobe; parties leaving city. Call Tuesday, No. 752 Bayard av. 66

# Administrator's Sale

# AT AUCTION!

**Positive and Without Reserve.**

25 Beautiful Residence Lots in the Beautiful Suburb,

## SHADYSIDE PARK

On SATURDAY, APRIL 8, at 1:30 p. m., on the premises. Frisco train leaves Union Depot for the grounds at 1 p. m. Call at our office for round-trip tickets.

**Free Ride! Free Lunch! Free Drinks!**

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash, balance in 1 and 2 years at 6 per cent interest, secured by deed of trust; or $25 cash on each lot sold, balance in monthly payments of $10 each; or all cash, on which a discount of 10 per cent will be allowed.

☞For further information, plats of the property and railroad tickets call at our office.

***All of These Lots Are Within Three Minutes' Walk of the Station.***

## M. A. WOLFF & CO., Agents.

### E. B. WOLFF, Administrator.

## IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—4-room frame and 7 room brick cottages; Ella and Evergreen; $100 cash, $18 per month. ORPEN, 502 Oriel building. 7

FOR SALE—6-room house on Garfield av., lot 30x130, for 2 families; $2,400. Add. S 319, this office. 7

FOR SALE—160x125, n. w. cor. of Tower Grove and Swan avs., good lot for building; make good terms or will trade for improved property. GIRALDIN BROS. & CATES, 7 1107 Chestnut st.

### JEAN F. BAERVELDT,

Architect and builder, room 54, Emilie Building, 904 Olive st.; houses built and sold on time payments; office hours from 12 to 2. 7

### 1309 MARKET ST.

Three-story building, bringing fair rental; lot 27.6x72.6, opposite new City Hall; will sell at a bargain if taken quickly.

7 PHIL CHEW, Sole Agent, 9 N. 8th st.

### In Chamberlain Park.

For Sale—No. 5626 Chamberlain av., south side, 2d house west of Clara av., 7 rooms and reception hall; in perfect order; all conveniences; finished street; granitoid walk. Inquire at house for particulars. 7

### FOR SALE.

3538 and 3840 Chestnut st.—2-story brick dwellings of 9 rooms each, now under good rental. For price, terms, etc., call on

M. R. COLLINS, JR., & CO., 7 109 N. 8th st.

### EXAMINE

4000, 4008, 4028 Cook av., 3 beautiful 9-room dwellings having all the latest improvements; lots 30 and 33x140. MALCOLM MACBETH, 7 106 N. 8th st.

### FOR SALE.

1922 Magoner pl.; $6,000. The best house ever offered for the money. Cook & Casey, 904 Olive st. 7

### Merchants' Bridge Depot Corner.

**The Best Speculative Property**

In the city; 75 feet front; renting for over 6 per cent net on price asked; will net about 10 per cent when present lease expires; one of the best investments in the city and sure to show big speculation in the near future; $65,000.

J. H. GUNDLACH & Co., 7 3715 N. Broadway.

### FOR SALE.

1,000 pieces of improved and unimproved property. Send for new price list.

T. P. BELL & BRO.,
7 104 N. 10th St.

## CHICAGO.

WORLD'S FAIR—The Chicago Herald issues each week a large list of those who will provide quarters for World's Fair guests. This list also contains offerings of Chicago real estate for the current week. Mailed to any address on receipt of 1 cent stamp.

## SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

### A Suburban Home for $2,600.

**$100 Cash and $25 a Month.**

I can sell on the above liberal terms a new 2-story frame dwelling house of 6 rooms and cellar, cistern and outhouses; fine shade trees; lot 50x162; three blocks from railroad depot, in the city limits; title perfect. For further particulars apply to

9 CHAS. F. VOGEL, 716 Chestnut st.

### SUBURBAN HOME.

One 8-room brick dwelling with all necessary outbuildings and 12 acres of land with a variety of fruits, 900 pear trees, etc., 12 miles from city; will sell at a bargain for a good dwelling in city.

T. P. BELL & BRO.,
9 104 N. 10th St.

## FOR LEASE.

### FOR LEASE

For a short or long term of years.

### CENTRAL BUSINESS PROPERTY

515 and 517 Market Street.

52 feet front by 113 feet deep to a 15-foot alley.

**OWNER WILL IMPROVE**

TO SUIT TENANT.

Apply to

### NICHOLLS - RITTER

REALTY & FINANCIAL CO.,

713 Chestnut st.

Phone 885 10

## BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Book store and news stand. Address W. W. Barks, Monroe City, Mo. 4

FOR SALE—A good evening route; income, $13.50 per week; $390. 1323 N. 11th st. 4

## FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Fine singing canaries, cheap. 4420 Norfolk av. 5

FOR SALE—A 20-inch extrator, cheap. 205 N. Broadway, 3d floor. 5

FOR SALE—$11 will buy a nice Charter Oak cooking stove, No. 8 with No. 7 top. 1622 N. Leffingwell av. 5

FOR SALE—Gents' solid gold vest watch chain; weighs 23 p. w.; pawned for $9; will sell ticket for $2. Lock box 759. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap if taken at once, one 18x20 inch slide valve engine and one battery of three boilers of extra fine quality. Evens & Howard, city. 5

FOR SALE—A fine large French magic lantern, with sheet, frame and over 80 views (many very costly), for $85; actual value $150; good as new; can be examined at 714 Spruce st. 5

FOR SALE—At a bargain, machinery of a first-class roller-process flour mill, 50 barrels capacity, in good condition, been run only four years; good reasons for selling. Address Murphysboro Milling Co., Murphysboro, Ill. 5

COAL—Best grades hard and soft; lowest prices. Holschen Coal Co., 1015 N. 10th st. Telephone 3411 or send postal. 5

## SEALED PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR CARTAGE OF IMPORTED Merchandise at the Port of St. Louis, Mo. Treasury Department, office of the Secretary, Washington, D. C., March 13, 1893.—In accordance with the requirements of section 25 of the Act of June 22, 1874, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the Treasury Department in Washington, until 12 o'clock noon of Monday, the 17th day of April, 1893, for the carting of dutiable merchandise imported at St. Louis, for the term of three years from the 1st day of May, 1893. Bidders must state under oath the number and kinds of vehicles under their control, and each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for $500, payable to the order of the Secretary of the Treasury as security that if such bid be accepted, a proper contract (embodying the specifications given below) will be entered into by the party to whom such contract shall be awarded within ten days from the date of notification of acceptance of bid, and that a bond will be executed in the sum of $5,000, with two or more securities for the faithful performance of such contract. The contract will be so framed as to permit the Secretary of the Treasury to annul it at any time for what he may deem good cause. The department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to waive defects. The bids must be addressed to the "Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.," sealed and indorsed as follows: "Proposals for cartage at St. Louis," and will embrace: 1. Price per single package for packages less than 500 pounds in weight from all points on the eastern shore of the Mississippi River to the Appraiser's store, including ferriage or bridge toll. 2. Price per single package for packages less than 500 pounds in weight from railway depots or steamboat landings in St. Louis to Appraiser's store. 3. Price per 100 pounds for packages of 500 pounds or more in weight from all points on the Eastern shore of the Mississippi River, to Appraiser's store, including ferrage or bridge toll. 4. Price per 100 pounds for packages of 500 pounds or more in weight from railway depots or steamboat landings in St. Louis to Appraiser's store. Information regarding the work will be given by the Surveyor of Customs on application, and a form or model for bids can be seen at his office. J. G. CARLISLE, Secretary.

## TRUSTEE'S SALE

WHEREAS, Margaret Vanhardenberg and P. J. Vanhardenberg, her husband, by their deed dated the 1st day of June, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 1087, page 309, conveyed to Patrick M. Staed in trust the following described real estate situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to wit: Lots twenty-seven (27) and thirty-one (31) in block two (2) of Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company's subdivision in city block 4825, containing each a front of fifty feet on the west line of Arlington avenue by a depth westwardly of 180 feet; said lot 27 is bounded north by lot 28, south by lot 26 and west by lot 8 of said block and subdivision and east by Arlington avenue, and said lot 31 is bounded north by lot 32, south by lot 30 and west by lot 12 of said block and subdivision and east by Arlington avenue; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described. And whereas said note is now due and payable and remains unpaid; now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF APRIL, 1893,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue or outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described real estate for the purposes of said trust.

PATRICK M. STAED, Trustee.

St. Louis, March 24, 1893.

## ABOUT TOWN.

HE TRIED TO ESCAPE.—Wm. Rothman and Wade B. Hanson, both colored, quarreled at 1515 South Second street last night. Hanson knocked Rothman senseless with a club and ran away. Officer Berastoff pursued him and was obliged to shoot him in the leg before he could bring him to a halt.

OFFICER HEFFERNAN BEATEN.—Police Officer Tom Heffernan attempted to arrest Charles Gartland at Twenty-third and Biddle streets yesterday morning at 4 o'clock, because he refused to move on. Charles Mara and Pat Hays came to Gartland's assistance, Mara seizing the officer's club and felling him with blows on the head. Several brother police came to Heffernan's aid and arrested the trio. The injured officer was taken to his home.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT.—Officers Naw and Dowd arrested John O'Neil and Sid Lowery early yesterday morning in Peter Greenwald's saloon, No. 7200 North Broadway. The men had gained an entrance through a rear window with the intention of burglarizing the place.

BEATEN INTO SUBMISSION.—John Quinn and Thomas Tobin were arrested at Broadway and Locust street yesterday morning by Officer Harrison for firing off a revolver. Quinn refused to surrender his weapon and, in the scuffle which followed, he was beaten into submission by the policeman, and was sent to the City Hospital for recovery.

STRUCK THE CHILD.—Sam Arnstein was standing in front of his second-hand store, No. 601 Spruce street, yesterday morning, with his 15-month child in his arms. Mary Williams, a demented negress, began calling him names and, when he ordered her away, she heaved a brick at him. It struck the infant in the face. The child's nose was broken. Mary was arrested by Officers Madden and White.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE.—The next meeting of the Academy of Science will be held on Monday, April 3, at 8 o'clock p. m., in the Academy rooms at Washington University. Dr. W. Townsend Porter will present a paper on "The Effect of Embolism of the Coronary Arteries on the Closure of the Auriculo-Ventricular Valves."

ENGINEERS' CLUB.—The next regular meeting of the Engineers' Club will be held on Wednesday evening, April 5, at 8 o'clock in the club room, Odd Fellows' Building, southeast corner of Ninth and Olive streets. A paper will be read by Prof. J. H. Kinealy, "Some Notes on Standardizing Indicators."

FOUR LADIES THROWN OUT.—About 3 o'clock yesterday morning a team attached to the Forest Park University park wagon ran away near Union avenue, upsetting the wagon and throwing out the occupants. Miss Hattie Fisher had her ankle dislocated, Miss Martha Young was cut over the eye, Miss Pearl Hutchinson was badly bruised [illegible] Mrs. Anna Snood Cairns escaped unhurt.

# WITH A BIG REPORT

## A Bottle Dropped by C. L. Hamm Explodes With Great Force.

### HIS CLOTHING RENT AND THE CHEMICAL THROWN EVERYWHERE.

Nearly One Hundred Woman and Children in the Immediate Neighborhood— Mr. Hamm Says the Bottle Contained a Preparation Which He Used as a Disinfectant.

About 2:25 this afternoon while, the east side of Broadway near Washington avenue was crowded with people there was a sudden explosion and at the feet of a man walking south on Broadway the sidewalk was covered with some liquid while bits of paper and green glass were blown through the throng. The sputtering liquid reached several people, among others a POST-DISPATCH reporter, who was coming south within a few feet of the spot.

A POST-DISPATCH representative who stood near the curb within a few feet of the spot where the explosion took place, ran up to the man, whom he recognized at once as Chas. L. Hamm, the attorney, and asked:

"What did you have in that bottle?"

"A preparation."

"What kind of a preporation?"

Humpf!" and with this he looked at his questioner.

"What kind of a preparation?"

"A prescription I got at Rabiteau's."

"What were you going to do with it?"

No answer.

"What was the name of it?"

To this question Hamm returned no answer, but surveying his side, which was covered with the fluid, and his cut hand he started to move on a second POST-DISPATCH reporter happened to be beside Hamm when he started the bottles, and was spattered by the fluid. He started after the man to question him, but as Hamm was moving off rapidly not recognized by any of the throng except the two POST-DISPATCH reporters and as the occurrence seemed very mysterious the reporter called a police officer and suggested that he take the man in charge until he could give some satisfactory explanation.

To Police Officer Vaughn, who accompanied Attorney Hamm to his office, he said that the mixture was a disinfectant which he had been using for many years and that he did not know it was an explosive. He gave the officers an ink copy of the following prescription:

Oil rosemary, zliss.
Oil lavender, not spike, zv.
Oil thyme, zv.
Nitric acid c. p., zviii.

He said he had been carrying it in his hand when it dropped. Later a gentleman said Attorney Hamm had said he was carrying it in his pocket.

A prominent druggist stated that the preparation Mr. Hamm said was in the bottle would make a most dangerous explosive. "I cannot understand," he remarked, "why the thing did not explode when put up. Nitric acid coming in contact with either oil of rosemary or thyme was sufficient to cause an explosion instantly. Such a preparation could be used as a disinfectant in a lavatory, but not among clothing or anything of that sort as it would burn the articles. I never knew of a compound of that kind being mixed before and I certainly would not mix it, as I should fear an instant explosion. It is a powerful explosive."

The druggist at Raboteau's, who put up the perscription, stated that the accumulation of gas in the bottle caused the explosion. Such a compound, he said, should have been placed in an open vessel. He had put up the prescription for Lawyer Hamm before, but did not know what the preparation was used for or could be used for.

### REVOLUTIONISTS RULE.

#### A Battle in Rio Grande do Sul Results in Great Slaughter.

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 3.—Details have reached here of the battle fought on March 27 at Alegrete, in the State of Rio Grande do Sul between the State Government troops and the revolutionists. According to the report that has reached this city, the slaughter of the state troops was frightful, while the loss of the revolutionists was also very heavy. The revolutionists held an entrenched position at Alegrete, and when the State troops attempted to drive them from their vantage ground they made a most desperate and successful resistance. It is said that there were 1,000 combatants engaged on both sides and that of this number 600 were killed and a very large number wounded. The State troops were driven back and the revolutionists have now undisputed sway at Allegrete, which place is used as their base of operations against the Government. It is stated that the State troops will be reinforced and another attempt made to drive the insurgents from their position. The National Government has as yet taken no active steps to support the State Government.

### WANTS TO BE COLLECTOR.

#### Marcus Bernheimer Applies at Washington for an Appointment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—Marcus Bernheimer's application for Surveyorship of the Port of St. Louis was filed at the Treasury to-day.

### Court Notes.

By the will of Henry Polloogt, admitted to probate to-day, he leaves his entire estate to his wife for life and to their children after her death.

Letters testamentary were granted the wife, Franziska Polloogt, on the estate, valued at $5,000.

The court in general term met to-day and examined the following applicants for admission to the bar: L. R. Wilfey, E. C. Owen, Rorier G. Meigs and Fred Collins.

Judge Valliant to-day granted a decree of divorce to Evangeline E. Francisco against Byron S. Francisco on the ground of desertion.

Judge Valliant gave decisions to-day in the following cases: Mary F. Clark vs. Daniel M. Clark, finding and judgment for defendant; James T. Roberts vs. St. Louis Merchants' Land Improvement Co., judgment for plaintiff for two-sixths of land and $1 damages and $14.72 monthly value until possession is delivered.

Clark vs. Chicago & Alton Railroad Co.; motion for new trial overruled.

Eugene A. Longley was granted a decree of divorce to-day from his wife, Juliette Longley by Judge Fisher. The case was tried last week.

### Conclusive Proof.

From the New York Weekly.

Waiter (mysteriously): "Send for a detective quick!"

Head Waiter: "What's up?"

"See that woman over there? She's man in disguise."

"Phew! How d'ye know?"

"She ordered a reg'lar square meal, an' give me a tip."

### IN A MOTOR CAR.

#### A Shocking Which the Passengers Got in Wet Weather.

From the Cleveland Plaindealer.

A passenger on a Broadway motor had an unusual experience Tuesday morning and one that will likely be guarded against hereafter. For once there was a good fire in the stove, and passengers remarked concerning the departure of the road from former customs.

On the floor of the car was a wooden grating, the slats of which were about half an inch thick, and running the full length of the car. The snow carried into the car soon melted, and between each slat was a stream of water, which acted as a conductor to the powerful dynamo under the car.

But one passenger was without overshoes, and it was he who had the experience. Glad to get by the red-hot stove he fell into a seat and threw his overcoat open, planking his wet shoes squarely down on the grating. The motor started and so did the passenger, and the rapidity with which he climbed on the seats was a caution, and everybody looked at him, wondering why a lunatic going on a Newburg car should be without an attendant.

As soon as he had sufficiently recovered from the shock he attempted to explain the matter, but the passengers only laughed all the more, and the conductor was not slow in saying that the man was crazy, but he would care for him until the asylum was reached.

A Polack passenger, whose feet were encased in a pair of gum boots, thought he would try the experiment and determine to his satisfaction, as well as that of the others, if such a thing as getting a shock could be possible, so he pulled off his boots, and while the car was stopping for a passenger he stood on the grating laughing. The motor started with a jerk. The foreigner gave one yell and sprang on the laps of two women, who in turn yelled and pushed him off on the floor again; then he jumped for the cushion.

After that no one tried any more experiments, and the man without rubbers was vindicated.

### Novel Anchors.

From the San Francisco Call.

The British steamer Bawnmore, now discharging coal at Mission No. 2, has a novelty aboard in the shape of a stockless anchor. In fact she has two of them, and they are hauled up "chock-a-block" to the hawseholes in the way to make a sailor feel like kicking himself for all the risks he has run in the way of cutting and fishing anchor years gone by. The new anchor has no stock and no flukes. It consists of a heavy semi-circular mass of metal fastened directly to the chain and furnished with two attachments very similar to the old-time flukes, but twisted like flanges of a screw propeller. The anchor can be let go and grounded inside of ten seconds and hoisted in less than half a minute. It will take hold of the hardest bottom, and the anchors, starboard and port, will keep a ship in position in the worst weather.

### Some Sunday Proverbs.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

The vain man knows it all, but people would rather die ignorant than hear him tell it.

It is hard to satisfy some folks. If you were to hang 'em with a silk rope they would still kick.

The best way to get along in this world is to get along. The man who stands still is liable to catch a cold—and nothing else.

### Not Likely to Marry.

From Texas Siftings.

A Harlemlady was conversing with a friend about matrimony.

"Your son in Boston is not married yet?" she remarked.

"Oh, no, he is too young to think of such a thing. He must wait until he becomes a sensible, reasonable human being."

"Humph, if he remains single until then he will never marry at all," was the reply.

And now they don't speak.

### Crop Cullings.

The following is the latest information by mail and wire on crop prospects:

Advices from southern Minnesota are that farmers are seeding spring wheat.

Jewel City, Kan.—While our wheat is not injured over 15 per cent, the plant needs moisture. Kansas will not raise 75,000,000 bu wheat this year.

Southeastern Missouri advices are that bottom wheat is generally looking well and promises average results, but wheat sown on the uplands is in bad shape and will have to be ploughed up.

Kansas City—Reports from as reliable information as we can get say that within a radius of 100 miles of this point not over half a crop of winter wheat is expected. In Johnson county, Kansas, much of the area that was sown in wheat is being ploughed up and seeded with oats. The weather now is very favorable for any plant that has not been winter killed.

A letter from Beardstown, Ill., says farmers who a few weeks ago declared that their winter wheat had sustained no damages, now say the warm weather has developed the fact that the fields are killed and they have ordered new seeds.

A Jamestown (N. D.) dispatch says the farmers of that State will sow every acre possible to wheat this fall, and estimates the prospective acreage at 2,830,000. On the other hand, private advices from the same locality say that the low price of wheat and partial crop failures will result in reducing the area devoted that cereal.

W. L. Scott of Beatrice, Neb., says the following counties in Southern Nebraska, which last year raised the biggest crop of wheat in their history, the average yield being 30 bu per acre, will not raise half a crop under any conditions. The territory he speaks of is Pawnee, Gage, Saline, Jefferson, Nuckols, Thayer and Webster Counties. C. A. Stevens, a large farmer in Gage County, has 200 acres in wheat, which looked well last fall, but is dead now. He is plowing it up and will replant in corn and oats.

Bushy & Smith, Parsons, Kan., write: Since writing you some days ago we learn that our wheat crop has been very badly damaged and thousands of acres of wheat will be plowed up and put in spring crop. It is entirely frozen out. The last freeze on March 17 ruined thousands of acres of our wheat. From present indications our crop will be about half what it was last year. Thirty days ago it promised to be a large if not larger.

Shawneetown, Ill.—A trip through a considerable portion of Southern Illinois reveals a very decidedly more damage to wheat than a few weeks ago it was deemed possible there could be. The forcing weather of the past week or so has given the farmers an opportunity to arrive at more correct idea of what crop prospects really are, and they assert that not over 50 per cent of last year's crop can possibly be secured.

The Secretary of the Michigan State Board says that from the nature of the reports he has so far received, the forthcoming report of his on the crop will not be a flattering one by any means.

It was currently rumored that the Illinois State report on the winter wheat crop would be issued this afternoon. It was also stated that this report would show 25 per cent winter killing, and that the average condition would be 70 per cent, where it was 80 one year ago.

### Cotton.

All speculative markets are still on the down course, the depression being attributable to large receipts last week. Liverpool market closed unsettled Wednesday. Local market is lower and dull; middling, 8½c. Sales, 50 bales.

LOCAL QUOTATIONS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 7c | Middling | 8c |
| Good ordinary | 7¾c | Good middling | 8¾c |
| Low middling | 8 | Middling fair | 9¼ |

Tinges tc and stained ½c below white.

THE MOVEMENT IN ST. LOUIS.

| | 1892-3. | 1891-2. |
|---|---|---|
| Net receipts to-day | 614 | 327 |
| Net receipts since Sept. 1 | 164,539 | 292,731 |
| Gross receipts to-day | 547 | 848 |
| Net shipments since Sept. 1 | 111,778 | 182,311 |
| Gross receipts to-day | 2,165 | 2,272 |
| Gross receipts since Sept. 1 | 420,824 | 674,584 |
| Gross shipments to-day | 2,088 | 2,793 |
| Gross shipments since Sept. 1 | 368,063 | 564,469 |
| Stock on hand | 99,164 | 121,361 |

NEW ORLEANS—Spot quiet; middling, 8 15-16c. Futures at 12:15 p. m. quiet and steady.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| March | 7.90 | June | 8.15 |
| April | 8.00 | July | 8.16 |
| May | 8.08 | August | 8.07 |

NEW YORK—Spot market quiet and 1-16c lower; middling, 8½c; sales to spinners, 75 bales; to exporters, 400 bales. contract, 216,700.

RECEIPTS AT OTHER POINTS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Galveston | 276 | Wilmington | 443 |
| New Orleans | 4,804 | Memphis | 1,328 |
| Mobile | 553 | Augusta | 40 |
| Charleston | 464 | Boston | 102 |
| Norfolk | ..... | Philadelphia | 62 |
| Savanah | 1,187 | New York | ..... |

| | Closed Thursday | Highest To-day. | Lowest To-day. | Closed To-day. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| April | 8.32 | 8.18 | 8.07 | 8.07 |
| May | 8.39 | 8.27 | 8.15 | 8.15 |
| June | 8.48 | 8.45 | 8.23 | 8.29 |
| July | 8.54 | 8.47 | 8.30 | 8.30 |
| August | 8.58 | 8.52 | 8.34 | 8.34 |
| September | 8.57 | 8.48 | 8.34 | 8.34 |
| October | 8.54 | 8.47 | 8.34 | 8.34 |
| November | 8.57 | 8.48 | 8.38 | 8.37 |
| December | 8.60 | 8.49 | 8.40 | 8.40 |

### Oil and Petroleum.

SAVANNAH, April 3.—Spirits of turpentine firm, 30c. Rosin steady, $1.05.

### Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, April 3.—Supply of butter not large; offerings only fair; bidding steady with indications that market will close firm at 30@31c.

# NO MARKETS TO-MORROW

## COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price To-Day.

| | To-day. | Saturday. | Year Ago. |
|---|---|---|---|
| **WHEAT.** | | | |
| No 2 red | 64½ | 64½ | 80 |
| No 3 red | 60@60½ | 61½ | 68 |
| No 3 | ..... | ..... | 72 b |
| **CORN.** | | | |
| No 2 | 35½@35½ | 35½ | 35@35½ |
| No 2 white | 35½ | 35½ | 35½ b |
| No 3 | 34½@35 | 35@35½ | 34½ |
| **OATS.** | | | |
| No 2 | 30½ a | 31 a | 29½@30½ |
| No 2 white | 33½ | 32½@34 | 30 |
| No 3 | 29½ | 29½@30 | 27 |

Future Prices.

| | Closing Saturday. | Highest Sales. | Lowest Sales. | Closing To-day. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **WHEAT.** | | | | |
| April | 64½ a | ..... | ..... | 64 b |
| May | 66 a | 66½@67½ | 65½ | 66 a |
| July | 68¾ b | 69 | 68¾ | 168½@69 a |
| ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| **CORN.** | | | | |
| April | 35¼ n | ..... | ..... | 35¼ n |
| May | 36¾ a | 36¾@¾ | 36⅜ | 36¾ |
| July | 35¼ | 35½ | 37⅜ | 35½ b |
| ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| **OATS.** | | | | |
| May | 31 b | 31 | 30¾ | 30⅞ a |
| ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **WHEAT.** | | | | |
| May | 77⅛ | 78¼ | 76⅞@¾ | 77⅛ |
| **CORN.** | | | | |
| May | 40⅝@¾ | 41 | 40⅜@½ | 40⅝@41 |
| **OATS.** | | | | |
| May | 29¾ | 29⅝ | 29⅜@½ | 29⅜ |
| **PORK.** | | | | |
| May | 16.22½ | 16.30 | 15.75 | 15.80 |
| **LARD.** | | | | |
| Sept | 9.50 | 9.72½ | 9.45 | 9.50 |
| **SHORT RIBS.** | | | | |
| May | 9.12½ | 9.20 | 8.90 | 8.90 |

CHICAGO—Wheat—May, 77⅛c b; July, 73½@74c; Corn—May, 40⅝@41c; July, 42c b. Oats—May, 29¾c.

PORK—May, $15.80; Sept $16.05. Lard—May, 9.45c; Sept 9.50c. Short ribs—May, 8.90c; Sept 9.77½c.

NEW YORK—Wheat—May, 75½c a. Corn—May, 47⅜c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Cash, 69¾c; May, 70¼c; July, 72½c b.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

| | To-day. | Saturday. | Year Ago. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, bu | 4,734,070 | 4,796,770 | 620,175 |
| Corn, bu | 1,854,471 | 1,831,969 | 2,429,820 |
| Oats, bu | 94,921 | 102,899 | 208,774 |
| Rye, bu | 14,358 | 27,247 | 970 |
| Barley, bu | 28,560 | 28,840 | 51,080 |
| No 2 red win. wheat | 2,622,682 | 2,688,049 | 198,278 |
| No 2 corn | 1,398,085 | 1,617,124 | 2,006,854 |
| No 2 white corn | 45,629 | 68,942 | 154,753 |
| No 2 oats | 39,698 | 43,542 | 46,584 |
| No 2 rye | 12,576 | 25,929 | 226 |

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

| | Receipts. | | Shipments. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Wheat. | Corn. | Wheat. | Corn. |
| St. Louis | 16,872 | 194,000 | 68,627 | 290,840 |
| Chicago | 117,263 | 115,555 | 19,264 | 81,011 |
| Toledo | 9,508 | 8,774 | 5,000 | 4,100 |
| Detroit | 5,844 | 11,220 | 1,349 | 16,881 |
| Kansas City | 49,600 | 35,100 | ..... | ..... |
| Milwaukee | 38,350 | 2,600 | 1,300 | ..... |
| Minn'polis | 522,000 | ..... | 145,380 | ..... |
| Duluth | 81,710 | ..... | 1,891 | ..... |
| New York | 277,750 | 27,300 | 83,034 | 5,330 |
| Baltimore | 19,896 | 12,926 | ..... | ..... |
| Philadel'ha | 11,700 | 10,416 | 8,344 | 62,350 |
| Boston | 1,103 | 11,080 | 21,321 | 7,294 |

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 8,440 bbls; Chicago, 13,829 bbls; Detroit, 240 bbls; Milwaukee, 2,100 bbls; Minneapolis, 30,001 bbls; New York, 10,235 bbls and 28,788 sks; Baltimore, 15,870 bbls; Boston, 1,600 bbls and 9,939 sks.

Grain Inspections.

| | In | | Out | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT. | Bus. | Cars. | Cars. | Bushels. |
| No 2 red winter | ..... | 3 | ..... | ..... |
| No 3 red winter | ..... | 2 | ..... | ..... |
| No 4 winter | ..... | 3 | ..... | ..... |
| Rejected winter | ..... | 3 | ..... | ..... |
| No grade winter | ..... | 1 | ..... | ..... |
| No 2 hard winter | ..... | 1 | ..... | 4,625 |
| No 3 hard winter | ..... | 1 | ..... | 4,693 |
| No 2 spring | ..... | 2 | ..... | ..... |
| No 3 white spring | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Total wheat | ..... | 27 | 2 | 9,318 |
| CORN. | | | | |
| No 2 | ..... | 99 | 18 | ..... |
| No 3 | ..... | 20 | 12 | ..... |
| No 2 yellow | ..... | 4 | ..... | ..... |
| No 3 yellow | ..... | 5 | ..... | ..... |
| No 2 color | ..... | 2 | 7 | ..... |
| No 3 color | ..... | 5 | ..... | ..... |
| No 2 white | 12,000 | 5 | 2 | ..... |
| No 3 white | 4,000 | 4 | ..... | ..... |
| Total corn | 16,000 | 141 | 39 | ..... |
| OATS. | | | | |
| No 2 | ..... | ..... | 3 | ..... |
| No 3 | ..... | 1 | ..... | ..... |
| No 2 white | ..... | 1 | 3 | ..... |
| No 3 white | ..... | ..... | 1 | ..... |
| No 4 white | ..... | 1 | ..... | ..... |
| No 2 color | ..... | 2 | ..... | ..... |
| No 3 color | ..... | ..... | 1 | ..... |
| Total oats | ..... | 6 | 11 | ..... |
| BARLEY. | | | | |
| No 3 spring | ..... | ..... | 1 | ..... |
| Total barley | ..... | ..... | 1 | ..... |
| RYE. | | | | |
| No 2 | ..... | ..... | 3 | ..... |
| Total rye | ..... | ..... | 3 | ..... |
| Grand total | 16,000 | 174 | 56 | 9,318 |

Future Sales To-day.

Wheat—May, 175 at 65¾c, 10 at 65⅝@¾c, 25 at 65¾c, 40 at 65⅝@¾c, 195 at 65⅞c, 40 at 65⅝@66c, 70 at 66c, 60 at 66⅛c, 120 at 66¼c, 40 at July, 25 at 68¾c, 20 at 68⅝@¾c, 115 at 68¾c, 200 at 68¾@¾c, 20 at 68⅝@¾c, 75 at 68¾c, 10 at 68⅝@69c, 75 at 70c.

Corn—May—5 at 36¾c, 90 at 36½c, 160 at 36½@¾c, 105 at 36⅝c, 40 at 36½@¾c, 60 at 36¾c, 50 at 36⅝@¾c. July—25 at 37¾c, 90 at 38c, 20 at 38⅛c, 15 at 38⅛c, 5 at 38½. No 2 white—May—5 at 40½c.

Oats—May—16 at 30⅛c, 65 at 30⅜c, 30 at 31c.

## ON 'CHANGE.

### Grain.

Wheat—With no large quantities for sale and a fairly good demand for all the offerings, yet the market showed weakness from the opening until May declined ⅝c and July ¾c. The recovery from this was much quicker than the decline and subsequently advanced ⅝@¾c above the earlier highest rates. At close May had sellers at the inside price to-day and July ¼c higher. Weather most seriously and favorable for the crop. The surprising receipts and declines elsewhere were the depressing influences of this morning. The spring wheat receipts were especially heavy, over 1,100 cars arriving at Duluth, Minneapolis and Chicago, but at winter wheat points they were still small and exports from five ports were 70,000 ptgs flour and 473,000 bu wheat (most the wheat from New Orleans) equivalent to 786,000 bu. While weather conditions were so favorable, the majority of crop reports coming in were not so by any means. Damage statements came in by wire and mail from nearly every direction and from their general tenor a serious deficiency in the winter wheat crop appeared probable. It was expected the Illinois State report would be issued to-day, and pending that traders were disposed to go slow. Uncertainty as to what the visible change would be also operated against speculative operations and after the final opening trading the speculative market became very dull. The decrease of 564,000 bu was far below general estimates, but the run of bad crop reports continued uninterruptedly; the Illinois State report was expected to come out and to be low conditioned, and the fear of a crop scare held off buyers and stirred up some demand, so that the market reacted and closed rather firm.

FUTURES—May opened at 65¾c and sold to 66c to 65⅝c to 66c to 65⅝c to 66c to 65⅝c to 66¼c to 66c and at close 66c asked. July opened at 68¾c and sold to 68¾c to 68⅝c to 69c to 68¾c, and at close offered at 68¾@69c. April 64½c, offered at 64½c, bid 64c; June at 67⅝c, bid 67¼c; Aug at 69¼c, bid 69¾c.

SPOT GRADES—Very little demand from any source, even the regular speculative buyers taking hold sparingly and selling purchases light. No 2 red regular sold 1c lower at 64½c and f o b K side brought 65c. No 3 red sold K side at 60¾c and this side at 61c. No 2 red winter offered 66c. No 2 hard do at 56c and No 3 spring at 55c, and the only bid 55c for No 3 hard.

Sales: No 2 red—2 cars this side at 64½c, 5,000 bu f o b K side at 64½c. No 3 red—1 car K side at 60¾c, 1 in St L at 61c.

SAMPLES—Received, 1,721 sks, 16 cars local and 4 cars through. Lower and dull. No 2 red, grade very dull. Sales: Red winter—78 sks mow-burnt and musty at 58c, 260 sks at 60c, 1500 at 61, 137 at 62c, 137 at 63½c, 78 at 63c, 302 at 63½c, 100 at 64c, 301 at 64½c, all on regular track. 1 car No 4 at 59c, 1 No 2 at 64½c. Track this side—1 car low grade at 55c.

The market rallied later and showed strength to the close, which was about the same as Saturday.

Corn—There was a steady easing off in price from the opening until the lower. This was in sympathy with the heavy selling of wheat and was influenced by the liberal receipts, which at four Western markets were 332,000 bu. The clearances from five ports were over 300,000 bu, though mainly from New Orleans, and the weather threatened rain. The visible supply increased 215,000 bu, where it decreased 645,000 bu one year ago.

FUTURES—May opened at 36¾@¾c, sold at 36¾c, down to 36⅝c, up to 36¾c, to 36⅝c, to 36¾@¾c, to 36¾c, at which it closed. July opened at 38c, sold at 37⅞c, then to 38¼c, back to 38@38⅛c, to 38⅛c, which was bid at close. April offered at 35½c, bid 35c. No 2 white for May sold at 40¾c.

SPOT GRADES—Lower for mixed, but white and color grades were firmly maintained and met with ready sale. So also did the mixed, and No 2 was especially sought after by shippers, the No 2 selling chiefly to speculative buyers. No 2 sold mainly ⅛c lower at 35¾c, 4 cars bringing 35¾c. No 3 was salable at 34½c this and 35c K side. No 4 offered regular at 34c, bid 21½c. No 2 white sold mainly at 35½c. No 3 do held in St L, Mand A at 37½c, bid 37c regular. No 2 color this side at 37@37½c.

Sales: No 2—1 car in O, 2 in A and 1 in F at 35¾c; 5 in C, 2 in M, 1 in F and 6 this side at 35¾c. No 3 regular at 35¾c. No 2 white—2 cars regular at 35¾c, 1 do at 36c. No 2 color—1 car this side at 37½c, 1 do at 37c. No 3 white—cars East Side at 35c, 1 do at 34½c, 18 in C, 5 in M, 2 in St L and 4,890 bu this side at 34½c.

SAMPLES—Lower and dull. Sales: Track this side—1 car yellow at 35½c, 1 fancy white p t. East track—1 car white car at 42½. Sacked lots on orders, 44@45c.

Oats—The future market was dull and sold off ½c, but recovered the later, though closing with sellers at the reaction. May sold at 31c to 30¾c to 30⅞c, and at close 30⅞c asked.

SPOT GRADES—Lower to sell. No 2 offered regular at 30⅜c, bid 30½c for No 2 regular, 29¾c bid.

SAMPLES—Received, 16 cars. Mixed, unless of very light color or heavy Northern, was neglected; white ½c lower and only in fair request at the decline.

Sales: Special bin—1 car fancy No 2 white at 34c, 4 choice do at 33¾c, 1 fancy No 2 white at 33c, 2 No 3 white at 32½c, 1 light colored No 2 at 32c, 1 No 2 Northern at 31½c, 2 No 2 at 30½c, 1 No 3 at 32½c. Track this side—2 cars choice No 3 white at 32½c, 1 No 2 at 30½c. Sacked lots on orders, 36@37c.

Rye—Firm and in better demand. Sales—2 cars No 2 this side at 52c.

Barley—Little doing. Season about over. Sales: 2 cars Minnesota at 66c.

### Hay.

Received 540 tons; shipped, 148 tons. Good hay scarce and firm; current receipts finding quick sale at steady prices. Poor dull and dragging.

Sales: this side—2 cars clover mixed at $9, 1 mixed at $9.50. Timothy—1 car prime at $11, 1 strictly prime at $11.50, 3 choice at $12, 2 fancy at $13, 3 strictly do at $13.50, 1 gilt edge at $15. Prairie—1 car Western dark and weedy at $7, 1 do at $7.50, 2 Northern at $7, 2 Kansas at $9, 2 sides Timothy—2 cars at $12, 3 at $13.

### Flour and Feed.

Flour—There is little to the market. Buyers indifferent and transactions light. Sales—211 sks at $2 per bbl, 4 cars on p. t.

| | |
|---|---|
| Patents | $2 20@3 40 |
| Extra fancy | 2 00@2 00 |
| Fancy | 2 60@2 70 |
| Choice | 2 25@2 35 |
| Family | 2 00@2 10 |

Rye Flour—Pure jobbing at $3.40@3.50.

Cornmeal—Steady. On orders—Cornmeal, $1.95 @2.00 per bbl; pearl meal, grits and hominy, $2.55.

Bran—Lower. Southern buyers bought freely, but the East was out and sales could not be made. East track or at E St L, Missouri points at 60c, at which price one party offered to sell. Sales: F o b boat—500 sks at 63c, 1,500 do at 62½c, 500 do at 62c.

### Provisions.

Lower and very dull, depressed by Chicago's further decline.

On 'CHANGE CALL—Dry salt cribs—April offered at 9c, bid 8.85c. May bid 8.90c. None offered.

Bacon c'ribs—April offered at 9.75c, no bids. May bid 9.60c; offered at 9.67½c.

Pork—Standard mess, new; jobbing at $17.

Lard—Prime steam, 9.25c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping sgs f o b on cash orders—Shoulders at 8½c; jowls and c'ribs, 9.15c; shorts, 9.40c; boxed, 15c higher. On orders—Boxed shoulders, 9¼c; longs, 10¼c; c'ribs, 10¼c; shorts, 10¾c. Country—Shoulders, 8c; sides, 9½c; hams, 14½c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 9¼c; longs, 9¾c; c'ribs, 9¾c; shorts, 10¼@10¾c. On orders—Packed shoulders, 9¾c; loins, 10¾c; c'ribs, 10¾c; short clear, 11¼c. Country—Shoulders, 8½c; sides, 10c; hams, 11½c.

Hams—Sugar-cured 12½@13½c, as to size and brand. On orders, 13@14c, according to brand, size of ham and size of order.

Beef—Mess, $9.50 and rolled $12.50 ₱ bbl; dried, 11½@12c. Extra Mess, $10.50; fancy plate beef, $11; Fulton Market, $11.50; fancy boneless rolls, $13 ₱ bbl; smoked beef tongue, on orders, $5.

Breakfast Bacon—12¼@13½c ₱ b; on orders, 14@14½c, according to brand.

Green Meats—Hams from the block, 9½c; bellies, 9½c; shoulders, 7½c.

Highwines—Lower at $1.15.

### Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Steady and firm. Sales 8 cars at 3.80c.

Spelter—Steady at 4c.

### Seeds and Castor Beans.

[Flaxseed and castor beans are sold subject to inspection and inspector's weight.]

Grass Seed—The market was quiet and shows no change. Demand fair and the moderate offerings meeting steady sale. Clover range at $11 to $12.50 ₱ 100 lbs, timothy at $2.75 to $4.20, German millet, 85c to $1, common millet at 70c to 90c; Hungarian at $1.75 to $2, red top at $2.50 to $3. Sales: 57 sks timothy at $1.80 per bu, 17 at $1.88, 5 clover at $7.11, 2 at $7.15, 6 at $7.25.

Flax Seed—Lower and quiet. The best bid was $1.12½.

Castor Beans—Car-lots prime salable at $1.45; sacked lots at $1.42½.

Stock Peas—A lot of 25 sks whip-poor-will sold at 85c.

### ON THE STREET.

*[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise stated. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]*

### Fruits.

Apples—Dead dull on everything but fancy baldwins. Wagoner: Fancy $2.75@3, choice $2.25@2.50; No. 2, $1.50@2; inferior from any cause $1.00 @1.50 per bbl. Sale—1 car fancy baldwins at $3 per bbl delivered.

Oranges—Supply large, but under a good order demand the market held steady, particularly on repacked and well known brands. Offerings of irregular packed California are very large, and the demand from first hand in lots at considerably less than selections suitable for filling orders. We quote: California mountain and seedlings, $2@2.50; Riverside, $2.25@2.50; Riverside navels, $3@3.50. Florida consigned in lots from first hands, $2.25@2.50; repacked golden russets, $2.25@2.75; fancy brights, $2.75@3.50, according to size; Messina and Palermo, $3@3.25; Mexican, $3@3.25 ₱ box.

Strawberries—Larger arrivals, Florida and Louisiana being well represented with offerings. Condition averaged good but as there was no increase in demand prices were lower. We quote: Florida refrigerator receipts 30@35c; regular packages 25@30c; Louisiana 25@30c per quart.

Lemons—Good movements. Prices firm, with upward tendency. We quote: Fancy, $3.75@4; choice, $3.25@3.75; common, $2.75@3 per box.

Grape Fruit—Light supply; fair demand at $2@ 2.50 per box.

California Fruits—Light supply and fair demand at $3.25@3.50 per box.

Deer and Antelope Skins—Deerskins quiet; prime, 30c; Texas and blacktail mountain, 23@25c; damaged, half prices; antelope, 12@16c ₱ lb.

Goatskins—Sell at 15@20c each.

Tallow—Quiet. Prime run at 5½c ₱ lb; cake at 6½c; inferior stock less.

Beeswax—Weakening; prime generally not salable at over 25c.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.40@2.65; choice large more; seneca, 33@35c; snake, 13@14c; golden seal, 13@ 15c; Mayapple, 1½@2c; pink root (fiber off), 5c; pink, 15@17c; blood, 1½@2c; lady slipper, 5c; black, 4@ 5c; angelica, 5@6c; wahoo, bark of tree, 4c; bark of root, 6c; beth, 4c.

### Miscellaneous Markets.

Broom Corn—Common, 3@3½c; fair, 3½@4½c; choice, 4½@5c; crooked and damaged, half price.

Pop Corn—Nutless, 2½c per lb; white, 3c.

Scrap Iron and Metal—Wrought, 60c; heavy cast and trimmings, 40c; plow and steel, 40c; stove-plate, 30c; malleable, 25c; burnt, 25c. Brass—Heavy, 30c; yellow, 25c. Copper, 8c. Babbitt metal and lead, 3½c; zinc, 2½c; pewter, 9c.

Beans—Eastern hand-picked sell at $2.15 for medium, $2.20@2.25 for pea beans. Lima beans at 4½@ 4¾c ₱ lb. Country lots range at $1.20@1.75.

Peas—Domestic green, $1.90@2; Scotch, $2.30@ 2.35; split, $1.40@1.50.

Seeds—Clover, mixed and hulled reps, $3.00@$1.10; old rubber, $2; old rope, No 1, $1.90; No 2, $1.

Bones—Choice bleached, $17 ₱ ton; partly bleached, $14@15; junk, $13; green or slaughter house, $10@12. Meal, 1 car at $21.

Sacks—Burlaps, 2-lb, 5½c; 2½-lb, 6c; 3-lb, 6½c; 4-lb, 7½c; 5-lb, 8c; 6-lb, 8½c. Cotton seamless, 1½@2c. Wool, sterling, 1903 and 1904, 20c.

Empty Barrels—Coal oil, 90c; lard oil, 65c; linseed oil, 85c; black oil, 40c; vinegar, 50c; whisky, 75c; ½-bbls, 85c; sugar, 1½@2c.

Rags—Domestic, 2@2½c ₱ bbl.

Oils—Linseed oil, raw, 49c; boiled, 52c. Castor oil, best, 14c; No 3, 11c. Cottonseed oil, summer yellow, 31c; white, 32c; winter yellow, 29c; white, 30c. For small quantities more is charged.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops—Hoosier flour bbls, $5.50@4.00; cooper flour bbls, $5.50@5; flour, ½-bbls, $3@3.25. Pork bbls, $7@8; lard tes, oak, $8.50@9; hickory, $10.50. Staves—Flour bbls, $6.50; culls or seconds, $3.50@4; beer kegs, $16@ 18; lard tes, $22; pork bbls, $16. Heading—Flour bbls, 54c ₱ set.

Shaved Hoops—A car country shaved sold at $5.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, round hoops, $2.23c; fancy, $2.25c; straight, 22c; meal bbls, 25c; produce bbls, 21@23c; pork bbls, 75c; ½-bbls, 60c; lard tes, 87½c; ½-tes, 60c.

Feeds—Texas, 41@45c ₱ b; Southern, 39@ 43c; Western, 38@41c; on orders higher.

### Commercial Notes.

Stocks of provisions in Chicago are as follows. They are about closed:

| | Mch 31. | Wed. Feb 28. | Wed. 31. Mch 31, '92. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pork, new | 82,824 | 91,413 | 185,000 |
| Pork, old | 6,327 | 15,983 | 111,000 |
| Lard, lbs | 10,752,000 | 8,963,000 | 66,200,000 |
| Ribs, lbs | 9,776,000 | 13,341,000 | 51,769,000 |

The Easter holidays continue in Europe. Foreign markets were generally closed and will so continue over Tuesday.

Adelaide advices confirm the previous crop estimates for South Australia, viz., about 6¾ bu per acre, which will give a surplus of 220,000 tons wheat and flour; of wheat about 175,000 tons will be available for Europe. Business for export, however, was rendered difficult by the low prices offered from Europe.

Late advices from Argentina are that accurate calculations are out of the question, for there are no reliable statistics in that country, but it is generally conceded that there will be an expert surplus of 600,000,000 or even 700,000 tons of wheat against 417,000 tons in 1892. Very little is said about the maize crop and estimates of export surplus are quite guesswork. Meanwhile old crop maize is selling for Brazil at a higher price than wheat.

According to mail reports from Buenos Ayres, in the province of Santa Fe the wheat crop is turning out better than expected; quality is very good. In Buenos Ayres the yield is larger than originally estimated and in Entre Rios satisfactory, but quality more or less injured. Recent rains had done considerable damage to stacks in Santa Fe. The exportable surplus would, it is estimated, reach 600,000 to 700,000 tons (say 24,000,000 bu), against 417,000 tons (15,375,000 bu) in 1892.

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## NEWS.

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### WEEK'S AMUSEMENTS.

Wilson in the "Lion Tamer"—Other Attractions.

The Olympic "The Old Homestead" ed its second engagement of the season t night. The play is one that seems never o become old, as is shown by its continued popularity. The company is a strong one, being the same that was seen here earlier in the season. Archie Boyd increased the already large number of his friends by the manner in which he acted the part of Joshua Whitcomb. To conjure with Denman Thompson's rod in this character is a most difficult task, but Mr. Boyd proved himself fully equal to it. The performance throughout was most enjoyable. Next week "Aristocracy" will be the attraction.

* * *

At the Hagan John T. Kelly appeared in "McFee of Dublin." As an Irish comedian Mr. Kelly has few equals, and his new play is considerably above the average farce comedy in merit. There is a great deal of music in the play, and some of the singing was excellent. In his dual role of Roger O'Mara and the counterfeit Lord Gladstone, McFee got the audience into roars of laughter. As the Queen of the opera Miss Adelaide Randall made a great hit, and Miss Florine West was a bright and attractive Mollie. Hallen and Hart will appear on next Sunday night.

* * *

At Pope's the attraction was the Byrne Brothers in "Eight Bells." This play has no great amount of plot, but contains a great many exciting scenes, and gives ample scope for the use of stage machinery, while the musical features are unusally good. The Quaker City Quartette, and the singing of L. C. Metier were very good, while the portrayal of a ship in a storm was striking. Next week "A Pair of Kids" will be presented.

* * *

At the Standard the Rose Hill Folly company drew crowded houses. The main attraction was "The Mountebanks," by Watts, and a great deal of bright specialty work was done. In the musical comedy Misses Carrie and Tourgee were heartily applauded; the comedy work of George M. Rice was excellent, and the aerial flights of E. J. Holland were startling. Next week Reilly and Woods' big show will be seen.

* * *

At Havlin's "The Cannon Ball Express" proved to be one of the most popular realistic performances of the season. The tale is one of the war time and abounds in exciting episodes. The passage of the express train across the stage, the electrical effects and the scene in the quartz mill were peculiarly strong. The attraction for next week is "Hands Across the Sea."

* * *

To-night Francis Wilson will appear at the Grand Opera-house in "The Lion Tamer." This comic opera has never been presented here, but comes with a very high reputation from the East. It is considered by many to give Mr. Wilson a better opportunity for the display of his abilities than any opera in which he has appeared.

* * *

Music lovers are looking forward with great interest to the two Thomas concerts, which will occur on April 6 and 7, in the Grand Music Hall. The advance sale of seats proves that he will be welcomed by a large audience.

* * *

On Friday evening next the Cornell Glee, Mandolin and Banjo Clubs will give a concert at Entertainment Hall. The club is described as the best ever sent out by Cornell, and as there are a number of graduates in the city, a warm welcome is assured.

### The World Almanac.

A few of them yet on hand. For sale at the counting-room of this paper. Price, 25 cents; by mail, 30 cents. postage prepaid.

### Naval Vacancies.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—An interesting question soon to be taken up by Secretary Herbert is the disposition of thirteen commissions of assistant engineers in the navy. By June 30 there will be twenty vacancies in the engineer corps, more than there has been for many years. This is the result of the act signed in January arresting the reduction of the corps and placing it at the strength of the corps during the preceding June. Subsequent deaths, etc., have created a score of vacancies at the bottom of the list. Seven of the vacancies will be filled by the promotion of naval cadets who are in the engineer division, and it is not yet settled whether or not the remaining thirteen will be filled from among the graduates of this year from the Naval Academy.

**The Most Complete Stock of Boys' Clothing in St. Louis**

**May be seen in our Fine Clothing Department. We give away a good printing press with every suit sold in our Boys' Clothing Department.**

MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

### Death of a Newspaper Man.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 3.—Lloyd Brezee, widely known in the newspaper profession, died yesterday morning at 7 o'clock at the Grand Palace Hotel. Mr. Brezee was taken suddenly ill Thursday evening in a drug store on Clark street and afterwards was removed to his apartments in the hotel. He had a succession of violent gastric hemorrhages and grew gradually worse until his death.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup** for Children teething rests the child and comforts the mother, 25c.

### The Girls Gave Him a Rail Ride.

FORT DODGE, Io., April 3.—William Fitz, a young man who thought more of himself than did other people, was given a ride on the sharp side of a rail yesterday. He had been annoying the daughter of a well-to-do farmer with his attentions until he became a nuisance. Yesterday he called while her parents were away. She called her sisters and, tying his hands, they rode him into town on a rail.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

**LANE'S MEDICINE**

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Lane, Dr. LAURON F. WOODWARD. Le Roy, N. Y.

# Know Us For What We Are:

The premier hustling, rustling outfitters of St. Louis. SEE OUR GOODS. SEE OUR PRICES. They meet with the approval of all MONEY-SAVING BUYERS.

**LOOK AT THIS.**

## Children's Knee Suits,

Best material, workmanship and finish, greatest bargains ever offered, worth $4.00, now going for

**$2.50.**

Be sure you take advantage of this rare opportunity.

## $X $X $X
## Men's Suits.

All nobby styles and patterns, strictly all-wool, Cassimeres, Cheviots and Worsteds; former price, $16.50; take your choice for

**$10.00.**

The rush on these Suits is unprecedented. Come now if you want one.

## Confirmation Suits

Of every variety and quality. Handsomest line in the city.

**$3 to $15.**

We offer 1000 pair St. Louis "Star" Jeans Pants, regular $1.50 Pants, this week for

**95c.**

## Odds and Ends in Jackets

**LEFT AFTER THE EASTER HURRY.**

Satin-lined Top Coats, **$5.98.**

Unlined Reefer Jackets, **$2.98.**

Newest Style Capes, **$1.98.**

Our Superior Eton or Blazer Dress, **$3.98.**

*N. B.—If you registered for one of our Souvenirs and have not yet received it, call at our office and it will be presented to you.*

THE FAIR THE FAIR

Southwest Corner Seventh and Franklin Avenue.

**JUST ARRIVED**
LADIES' TAN BLUCHER
**SHOES!**
In High and Low Cut, **At $2.00 and $3.00**
Beautiful Shapes, Latest Style.
LEADERS OF LOW PRICES
Famous **SHOE DEP'T.**
Broadway and Morgan. Two Center Aisles.

# Swope's

Special Lines of
**$3.00, $4.00 and $5.00**

# BLUCHERS

In Best Calf and all shades of Russet. Have not their equal anywhere at the prices.

**Boys' Sizes, $2.50 to $4.00.**

311 NORTH BROADWAY.

New Spring Catalogue mailed free.

# LOOK AROUND

And see what others are showing in Spring Clothing and then call on us and examine our magnificent stock of fine Merchant Tailor-Made Garments, and you will be convinced that no other Clothing in the city will compare with ours either in make, style, quality or price.

**$10** Buys a Suit or Spring Overcoat that was made to order for $20.

**$15** Buys a Suit in any style you may desire, or an elegant Spring Overcoat which cannot be made to order for less than $30.

Misfit Clothing Parlors
808 OLIVE ST.

**808 OLIVE ST. 808**
**(FACIN BUILDING)**
**DIRECTLY OPP. POST-OFFICE**

## DRUNKENNESS.

Dr. L. B. Tyson's harmless vegetable remedies guaranteed to destroy the appetite for liquor, morphine and tobacco in three weeks. Physical and mental wrecks restored to sobriety and health. Where other remedies have failed a cure is guaranteed. No hypodermic injections used. Confidential correspondence solicited. Patients received at Sanitarium or remedy may be taken at home or at work. Write for book, mailed free. Address

TYSON INSTITUTE.
2309 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo.

In the Sunday Contest
## SPRING HATS

For Bald Heads, Red Heads, Level Heads, Gray Heads, Curly Heads, Any Heads,

MAY BE WON FROM

GEO. DIEL & BRO., 625 Olive st.

Cut out the Coupon.

### STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Christopher & Simpson Architectural Iron and Foundry Co., will be held at the office of the company, northeast corner of 9th st. and Park av., in the city of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 12th day of April, A. D. 1893, at the hour of 9 o'clock in the morning of said day, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition, then and there to be submitted, to increase the capital stock of said company from the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) to the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000. JACOB CHRISTOPHER,
WM. A. RUTTER, WILLIAM S. SIMPSON,
All of the Directors of said company.
St. Louis, Feb. 6, 1893.

NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Anikamnia Chemical Co. of Missouri will be held on the 17th day of April, 1893, the same being the third Monday of April, at the office of the company, No. 717 Locust st., St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of electing three Directors, who shall constitute the Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as shall be deemed necessary.

The books of the company for the transfer of stock to be voted at said election will close on the 10th day of April, 1893, and remain closed until after said election. FRANK A. RUF, Pres. and Treas.
JNO. W. COX, Sec'y.

Humphrey's,
Broadway and Pine.
St. Louis, April 3, 1893.
*The indications for St. Louis for to-day are: Showers; colder Tuesday.*

## WELL STOCKED.

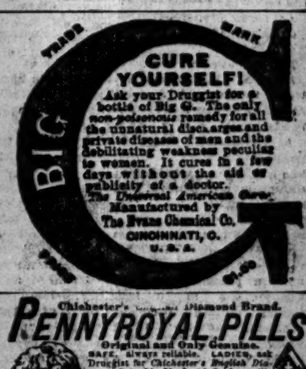
Owing to the unprecedented demand for "Soft Hats" all over the country the present season we have, in order to supply our voluminous trade, laid in an unusually large and varied assortment of the latest and most elegant styles, notably:

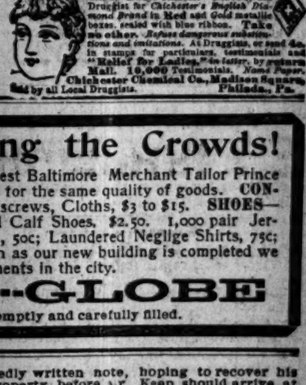
THE ALPENA,
CARLSBAD,
HAMBURG,
DUSE,
VAN DYCKE,
BASOCHE.

The above cut represents our light colored Alpena, with black band. We have all the above popular styles from $1.00 up.

Boys' and Youths' Soft Hats. Novelties in Children's Headwear. Prices far below exclusive hatters.

**HUMPHREY'S**
Broadway and Pine.




## The Globe Rush—The Forced Sale Bringing the Crowds!

**FREE**
Fine Spalding Bats and Balls with Children's Suits.

**MEN'S SUITS**—Hundreds of new styles just received—at $4.50, $6, $7.50 and $10. Finest Baltimore Merchant Tailor Prince Alberts, Cutaways and Sacks, $12.50 to $25. Our competitors are getting twice as much for the same quality of goods. **CONFIRMATION SUITS MUST GO**—All the latest French Tricots, Wales, Clay Worsteds, Corkscrews, Cloths, $3 to $15. **SHOES**—1,000 pair Ladies' Sample Shoes, A to D width—some worth $5—at $1.50. Men's splendid Calf Shoes, $2.50. 1,000 pair Jersey Pants, 50c; 100 dozen Silk-Lined Derby Hats, $1 and $1.50; Laundered STAR WAISTS, 50c; Laundered White Shirts, 35c; 100 dozen Cuffs, per pair, 8 1-3c. **SPECIAL NOTICE**—As soon as our new building is completed we will add one of the largest Millinery, Cloaks, Ladies' and House Furnishing Goods Departments in the city.

**GLOBE—ENTIRE HALF BLOCK, 701 to 713 Franklin Avenue—GLOBE**

Open evenings until 9 o'clock; Saturdays until 11. Telephone 2840. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Mail orders promptly and carefully filled.

### WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY BOYS.

**The Glee Club Trip a Success, Though Marked By an Unpleasant Feature.**

The Washington University Glee and Banjo Clubs have come back from their Easter trip to Columbia and Mexico, Mo., very much elated over the tour, but somewhat disgusted at the lack of polish and gentlemanly deportment displayed by the Columbia College boys. The club left here Thursday morning and arrived in Columbia in the afternoon, where they were given a reception which was somewhat out of the usual order of such occasions. Still rankling from defeats in base ball and foot ball, the Columbia boys wanted to fight, and hooting and jeering were freely indulged in.

At the concert that evening the Columbia boys interrupted the performance frequently and were nearly all provided with small bells, evidently the prehistoric "chestnut" bell, which has just reached Columbia, which they continued to ring during the singing.

The clubs got out of Columbia as soon as they could and went to Mexico, where the university candidate, Sherman M. Woodward, took part in the oratorical contest there.

On Friday afternoon a concert was given and in the evening a reception was held. Friday afternoon the boys discovered Hardin College. They were to have started home on Saturday morning, but the attractions of the Female College were too many, and they telegraphed to have tickets extended, and stayed over Saturday, giving the girls a special concert, and then serenading the patronesses of the regular concert in the evening. But for the unfortunate and ill-advised conduct of the Columbia boys the whole trip was greatly enjoyed by the club. The members who went on the trip are:

MEMBERS OF GLEE CLUB.

First tenors—W. R. Bright, H. B. Collins, E. A. Howes, A. C. Philips, E. M. Valentine.
Second tenors—J. G. Creveling, E. R. Gayler, Lucian Hill, R. C. Miller, S. T. Muench.
First bass—F. C. Binder, R. S. Brank, W. P. Eberlein, T. M. Post.
Second bass—R. W. Bruere, Warker Evans, Jr., L. D. Fisher, J. D. Hornett, P. G. Palmer.
W. H. Pommer, leader; J. T. Muench, Manager.

MEMBERS OF BANJO CLUB.

First banjos—Chas. H. Wilson, James Harrison, L. C. Stone, Ralph McCarty, A. I. Tuttle, H. T. Dill.
Second banjo—J. G. Creveling.
Bass banjo—H. S. Todd.
Mandolins—Oliver Richards, Robert Fields, Nathaniel Allison.
Guitars—Robert C. Miller, Herbert Morgan, Frank Schaberg.
Charles H. Wilson, leader; Jas. Harrison, manager.

### Religious News.

In Florissant at 10 o'clock this morning the corner stone of the Church of the Sacred Heart was laid. A large number of Catholics from the city were in attendance. The church was founded by Fr. Panken in 1866.

At the Sunday school of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church South a jubilee service of song was held yesterday to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the church.

The Easter services at the House of Refuge were held yesterday afternoon. The singing of the children was remarkably fine.

The subject of W. L. Sheldon's address to the Ethical Culture Society at Memorial Hall yesterday was "The Coming Labor Movement." The speaker stated that he considered the labor question the most important question now before the world, and looked for an ideal class of leaders.

At the Pilgrim Congregational Church Rev. Henry A. Stimson preached his farewell sermon yesterday. He leaves for his new church, the Broadway Tabernacle in New York, to-day.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon the Presbytery of Southern Illinois, representing the United Presbyterian churches of Southern Illinois and Eastern Missouri, met at the First United Presbyterian Church.

### OFFICER LEE RESTING EASILY.

**His Desperate Encounter With Negro Hoodlums Yesterday.**

Officer Ezekiah Lee of the Sixth District, who was brutally assaulted by a crowd of negroes at Sophia and Margaretta avenues, last evening at 6 o'clock, was resting easily at his home, No. 4084 North Broadway, to-day. His most serious injury is a long scalp wound on the right side of the head. The skull was not fractured, however, and Officer Lee is not therefore in danger of death. Officer Lee had his attention called to a turbulent mob of over 100 negroes, who were raising a disturbance. He ordered them to disperse and when they did not heed his command he put one of them under arrest. But other negroes interfered and when he tried to draw his club his arm was pinioned. He next reached for his revolver but more negroes were on hand to take the weapon from him. He succeeded in getting control of his club and with it he laid about him. But the negro, who had the revolver began to fire at the officer, and a man in a yard near by heaved a brick which struck Lee on the head and staggered him. He was struck on the shoulder with a second brick and fell to the ground unconscious. Several white men endeavored to relieve him and telephoned for an ambulance, which through an oversight was delayed for three hours. Lee was taken to the City Hospital and had his injuries dressed. He was then removed to his home.

### Don't Forget About It.

A special excursion for North Galveston, Tex., will leave St. Louis, Mo., April 11, 1893. Remarkable inducements are offered. For particulars apply to W. T. DIXON, 801 Wainwright Building, Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

### Calls for Prosecution.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The WORLD this morning devotes five columns to an attack upon the Sugar Trust. It accuses that monopoly of robbing the people of $15,000,000 a year, and calls on Atty.-Gen. Olney to make it his first duty to "smash this trust." It quotes the portions of the Democratic platform and of Mr. Cleveland's inaugural address in relation to trusts and monopolies and the text of the trust law passed by Congress in 1890. It gives a history of the Sugar Trust and seeks to demonstrate that the law has been and is constantly being violated.

**An Important Difference.**

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

### Smokeless Powder.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—A Virginia man appears to have produced the best smokeless powder which the army has tested up to this date. The test was recently held at the Frankfort (Pa.) Arsenal with excellent result and a request was sent for additional and large quantities of the powder. The composition came from Leonard Mason, who has not been known as a chemist to the ordnance experts. Another successful report has been received from the California company and the firm is engaged in developing the powder recently tested with good result.

**Forced Shoe Sale at the Globe.**

Men's good shoes, $1.50 and $2; fine calf shoes, $2.50 and $3; hand-sewed French calf and patent leathers, $4 and $5.

GLOBE, 701-713 Franklin avenue.

### Carondelet Jottings.

The Germania Turnverein gave a very enjoyable gymnastic entertainment at Germania Turn Hall last night.

The first ball game of the season here was played at Carondelet Park yesterday afternoon between the South Ends and the Maroons.

John Brown and Louis Parker, both colored, were arrested while trying to slash each other with razors yesterday, and locked up to give them an opportunity to cool off.

Rev. Francis McManus preached his farewell sermon at St. Paul's Church yesterday. Mr. McManus leaves as a missionary for Arizona in a few days. Before his departure he will be tendered a banquet at the Southern Hotel by Rev. Dr. Green.

Ten members of the Carondelet Cycling Club attended the third annual St. Louis County tour of the St. Louis wheelmen. The boys traveled sixty-seven and one-half miles each, stopping for dinner at Barthold's.

Louis Spilker attended the Thirteenth Ward Republican rally Saturday night, and while there became so enthused over the speeches of Chauncy I. Filley and Mr. Ziegenhein that he felt as if he must fight. He selected Louis Spies, a prominent Thirteenth Ward Republican, and an attache of Recorder Hobbs' office, who promptly wiped up the floor with him.

The Columbia Dramatic Club, composed of the young people of St. Columbkill's Church, will render the four-act drama, "Eileen Oge," at Turner Hall this evening. The proceeds of the entertainment will be donated to a most worthy charity, the establishment of an orphan asylum at Longwood, the old home of Gen. Hancock, on the Barracks road, a few miles below Carondelet.

## Stand Alone.

It is a fact which can be proven by a single trial that the flavor given to cakes, puddings, creams, sauces, etc., by

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

is as natural as the fruit, and as much unlike, in delicate flavor and strength, the cheap extracts as can possibly be imagined.

In these respects, they stand alone in the market.

### A DERELICT AT SEA.

**Ships Report a Wreck Supposed to Be the White Star Boat Naronic.**

NEW YORK, April 3.—Interest in the mysterious fate of the White Star freighter Naronic was awakened yesterday on the arrival of the British ship Trafalgar of Glasgow, fifty-two days out from Rio Janeiro. The Trafalgar came by way of the Delaware Breakwater. The captain reported that on March 27, while in the Gulf Stream, he passed the floating mast of a large-sized vessel. The mast was entire, and the Trafalgar passed so near to it that the officers determined with certainty that the timber and cordage had not been long in the water. In shipping circles it is not thought improbable that the wreckage is from the missing Naronic. The size and shape of the mast give color to this belief, and further reports from ships sailing in the course taken by the Trafalgar are awaited with interest. The British steamship Kolpino, from London, arrived in this port yesterday morning, and her captain reports that in latitude 39 deg. 54 min. north, longitude 11 deg. 58 min. west, he passed part of the hull of a wooden vessel with eighteen large iron knees standing eight feet out of the water. The vessel is a terrible obstruction to navigation, and vessels coming in contact with her will almost surely founder.

### SWAMPED IN A WHIRLWIND.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 3.—The Philadelphia barkentine Maggie S. Thompson, which sailed from Lagua le Grande, Cuba, on Jan. 28 with a cargo of sugar, has undoubtedly been swamped in a whirlwind, and her entire crew of thirteen certainly lost. Fears have been entertained as to the safety of the barkentine since the middle of February, as no news has been received from it until the present time. Capt. Hopper, who arrived here a short time ago from Cardenos, reports that while tacking on and off shore up the coast on the morning of Feb. 18, off the Fenwicks Island shoals, a short distance below the Delaware Capes, both vessels were in sight, bound toward the Delaware Breakwater. Suddenly, without the slightest warning, a terrible whirlwind burst over the sea and struck the vessel. The severe blow over, the Thompson was nowhere in sight. She had evidently been dismantled and foundered. All of the other vessels had been driven seaward, but had lost only such sail as were set at the time. The bark Virginia L. Stafford, from Zaza, which arrived at New York on Friday, saw off Barnegat the bodies of sailors and wreckage from some unknown vessel, and now Capt. McKenzie of the steamship Flamborough, which arrived here yesterday afternoon from Baracoa, reports passing off winter-quarter lightship a number of flour barrels and floating wreckage. The Thompson was owned by Philadelphia capitalists and was fully insured.

### THRASHED THE JUVENILE.

**An "Aristocracy" Actor Suffers at the Hands of an Irate Husband.**

CHICAGO, Ill., April 3.—The Frohman "Aristocracy" Company, which has been playing in the Columbia Theater, this city, was thrown into considerable excitement on Saturday by the public thrashing on the stage of its leading juvenile, S. Miller Kent, by Will Keep, attorney for the Yerkes street railway syndicate. After the punishment was inflicted the services of a physician were necessary to patch Mr. Kent. Mr. Kent's attentions to the newly wedded wife of Attorney Keep have been so marked that the latter's patience gave way. During the absence of the lawyer the actor is said to have visited the home of Mr. Keep and taken its charming mistress to dinner at Kinsley's besides showering other multitudinous marks of his esteem upon her. When he saw her home he inadvertently exchanged umbrellas in the hall leaving his own, which was an imported affair, with a steel shaft having on its handle a steel plate bearing the inscription: "S. Miller Kent, Aristocracy Company." He discovered his mistake and dispatched a messenger boy with a hurriedly written note, hoping to recover his property before Mr. Keep should arrive at his mansion. He received the umbrella from the hands of the husband, who took occasion to handle it just at the close of the first act of the play. Mr. Keep had pushed by all intervening obstacles and reached the disturber of his domestic tranquillity, on whom his blows rained thick and fast until vengeance was satiated and Mr. Kent was a bleeding, humiliated spectacle.

**"You Sweet Little Thing," He Says.**

Buy one of those sweet little Jersey, Kilt, Vestee or Junior Suits; hundreds of styles; latest designs; $2.50 to $6.

GLOBE, 701-713 Franklin avenue.

FRACTURED WITH A CUE.—John Sneed, colored, 23 years old, living at 1525 Gay street, protested against the price which the cashier in Harrison's restaurant, No. 603 Market street, wanted to charge him yesterday afternoon for a meal. Wm. Carey, a waiter, took part in the argument, and struck Sneed with a coffee cup over the right eye. Sneed was taken to the City Hospital with a fractured skull and Carey was arrested by Officer Hurst.

THE BICYCLE WAS STOLEN.—Edwin Pears was arrested yesterday in Forest Park while riding a bicycle which was stolen from Elmer Ramsey about three weeks ago.

## Germs of Disease

like consumption germs, for instance, may be taken into the system at any time. But when the system is undermined the germs take root and grow. After a hard Winter the body needs a nourishment (not a mere tonic or medicine,) to help ride out the storms of Spring and withstand disease. Exposure to disease now means the *taking* of disease, unless the system is *properly nourished.*

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

of COD-LIVER OIL, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, is a food which builds up new tissue quickly, and helps to overcome the germs of disease. It supplies what has been consumed in Winter and thus fortifies the system against sudden changes in temperature, and damp, piercing winds. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

PREPARED BY SCOTT & BOWNE, N. Y. DRUGGISTS SELL IT.